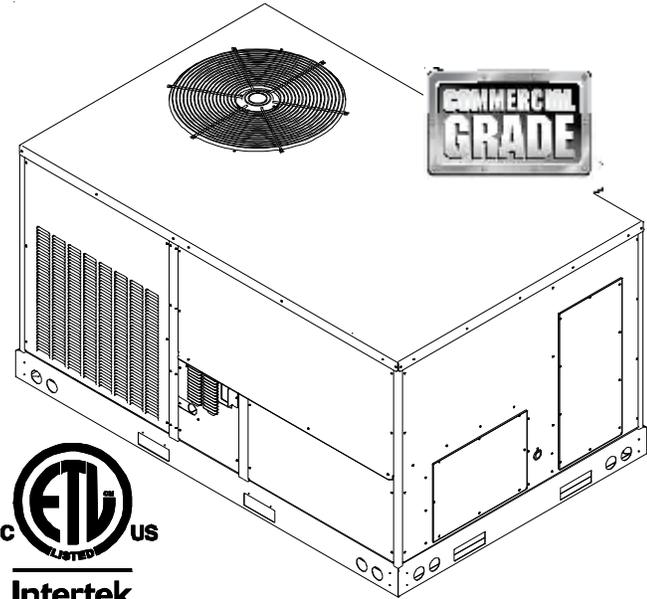


# DSG SERIES

## LIGHT COMMERCIAL PACKAGED GAS UNIT

3 to 5 Ton



**Index**

REPLACEMENT PARTS ..... 2

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS ..... 2

GENERAL INFORMATION ..... 3

UNIT LOCATION ..... 4

CLEARANCES ..... 5

ROOF CURB POST-INSTALLATION CHECKS ..... 6

ROOF TOP DUCT CONNECTIONS ..... 6

RIGGING DETAILS ..... 6

ELECTRICAL WIRING ..... 7

GAS SUPPLY PIPING ..... 9

PROPANE GAS INSTALLATIONS ..... 10

CIRCULATING AIR AND FILTERS ..... 11

VENTING ..... 12

CONDENSATE DRAIN CONNECTION ..... 12

STARTUP, ADJUSTMENTS, AND CHECKS ..... 12

AIR FLOW ADJUSTMENTS ..... 13

MOTOR SHEAVE ADJUSTMENTS ..... 14

GAS SYSTEM CHECK ..... 15

NORMAL SEQUENCE OF OPERATION ..... 17

MAINTENANCE ..... 20

TROUBLESHOOTING ..... 21

APPENDIX A BLOWER PERFORMANCE TABLES ..... 23

    DIRECT DRIVE ..... 23

        DSG036 DOWN SHOT AND HORIZONTAL ..... 23

        DSG048 DOWN SHOT AND HORIZONTAL ..... 24

        DSG060 DOWN SHOT ..... 25

        DSG060 HORIZONTAL ..... 26

    BELT DRIVE ..... 27

        HIGH STATIC DOWN SHOT ..... 28

        STANDARD HORIZONTAL ..... 29

        HIGH STATIC HORIZONTAL ..... 30

APPENDIX B ELECTRICAL DATA ..... 32

APPENDIX C UNIT DIMENSIONS ..... 33

APPENDIX D WIRING DIAGRAMS..... 34

START-UP CHECKLIST ..... 55

**ATTENTION INSTALLING PERSONNEL:**

Prior to installation, thoroughly familiarize yourself with this Installation Manual. Observe all safety warnings. During installation or repair, caution is to be observed.

It is your responsibility to install the product safely and to educate the customer on its safe use.



**RECOGNIZE THIS SYMBOL AS A SAFETY PRECAUTION.**

These installation instructions cover the **outdoor** installation of single package heating and cooling units. See the Specification Sheet applicable to your model for information regarding accessories.

**\*NOTE:** Please contact your distributor or our website for the applicable Specification Sheet referred to in this manual.

This Forced Air Central Unit Design Complies With Requirements Embodied In The American National Standard / National Standard of Canada Shown Below.

**ANSI Z21.47•CSA-2.3 Central Furnaces**

Our continuing commitment to quality products may mean a change in specifications without notice.

© 2016-2017 **DAIKIN COMPANY, L.P.**

5151 San Felipe St., Suite 500, Houston, TX 77056

[www.daikincomfort.com](http://www.daikincomfort.com)



## REPLACEMENT PARTS

### ORDERING PARTS

When reporting shortages or damages, or ordering repair parts, give the complete unit model and serial numbers as stamped on the unit's nameplate.

Replacement parts for this appliance are available through your contractor or local distributor. For the location of your nearest distributor, consult the white business pages, the yellow page section of the local telephone book or contact:

HOMEOWNER SUPPORT  
DAIKIN NORTH AMERICA LLC  
19001 KERMIER ROAD, WALLER, TX 77484  
855-770-5678

## SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

### TO THE INSTALLER

Before installing this unit, please read this manual to familiarize yourself on the specific items which must be adhered to, including maximum external static pressure to unit, air temperature rise, minimum or maximum CFM and motor speed connections.

Keep this literature in a safe place for future reference.

### WARNING

IF THE INFORMATION IN THESE INSTRUCTIONS IS NOT FOLLOWED EXACTLY, A FIRE OR EXPLOSION MAY RESULT CAUSING PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR LOSS OF LIFE.

- DO NOT STORE OR USE GASOLINE OR OTHER FLAMMABLE VAPORS AND LIQUIDS IN THE VICINITY OF THIS OR ANY OTHER APPLIANCE.

- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS:

- \* DO NOT TRY TO LIGHT ANY APPLIANCE.
- \* DO NOT TOUCH ANY ELECTRICAL SWITCH; DO NOT USE ANY PHONE IN YOUR BUILDING.
- \* IMMEDIATELY CALL YOUR GAS SUPPLIER FROM A NEIGHBORS PHONE. FOLLOW THE GAS SUPPLIERS INSTRUCTIONS.
- \* IF YOU CANNOT REACH YOUR GAS SUPPLIER, CALL THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

- INSTALLATION AND SERVICE MUST BE PERFORMED BY A QUALIFIED INSTALLER, SERVICE AGENCY OR THE GAS SUPPLIER

### WARNING

DO NOT CONNECT TO OR USE ANY DEVICE THAT IS NOT DESIGN CERTIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER FOR USE WITH THIS UNIT. SERIOUS PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY, REDUCED UNIT PERFORMANCE AND/OR HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS MAY RESULT FROM THE USE OF SUCH NON-APPROVED DEVICES.

### CAUTION

SHEET METAL PARTS, SCREWS, CLIPS AND SIMILAR ITEMS INHERENTLY HAVE SHARP EDGES, AND IT IS NECESSARY THAT THE INSTALLER AND SERVICE PERSONNEL EXERCISE CAUTION.

### WARNING

SHOULD OVERHEATING OCCUR OR THE GAS SUPPLY FAIL TO SHUT OFF, TURN OFF THE MANUAL GAS SHUTOFF VALVE EXTERNAL TO THE FURNACE BEFORE TURNING OFF THE ELECTRICAL SUPPLY.

### WARNING

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS OR PRODUCES A CHEMICAL OR CHEMICALS WHICH MAY CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS OR DEATH AND WHICH ARE KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER, BIRTH DEFECTS OR OTHER REPRODUCTIVE HARM.

### WARNING

TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, DO NOT USE THIS UNIT IF ANY PART HAS BEEN UNDER WATER. IMMEDIATELY CALL A QUALIFIED SERVICE TECHNICIAN TO INSPECT THE FURNACE AND TO REPLACE ANY PART OF THE CONTROL SYSTEM AND ANY GAS CONTROL HAVING BEEN UNDER WATER.

### WARNING

THIS UNIT MUST NOT BE USED AS A "CONSTRUCTION HEATER" DURING THE FINISHING PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION ON A NEW STRUCTURE. THIS TYPE OF USE MAY RESULT IN PREMATURE FAILURE OF THE UNIT DUE TO EXTREMELY LOW RETURN AIR TEMPERATURE AND EXPOSURE TO CORROSIVE OR VERY DIRTY ATMOSPHERES.

### WARNING

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**

DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



### WARNING

TO PREVENT THE RISK OF PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY, OR DEATH, DO NOT STORE COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS OR USE GASOLINE OR OTHER FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS OR VAPORS IN THE VICINITY OF THIS APPLIANCE.

### WARNING

ONLY PERSONNEL THAT HAVE BEEN TRAINED TO INSTALL, ADJUST, SERVICE OR REPAIR (HEREINAFTER, "SERVICE") THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL SHOULD SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT. THE MANUFACTURER WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE ARISING FROM IMPROPER SERVICE OR SERVICE PROCEDURES. IF YOU SERVICE THIS UNIT, YOU ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE WHICH MAY RESULT. IN ADDITION, IN JURISDICTIONS THAT REQUIRE ONE OR MORE LICENSES TO SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL, ONLY LICENSED PERSONNEL SHOULD SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT. IMPROPER INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT, SERVICING OR REPAIR OF THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL, OR ATTEMPTING TO INSTALL, ADJUST, SERVICE OR REPAIR THE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL WITHOUT PROPER TRAINING MAY RESULT IN PRODUCT DAMAGE, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

 <b>WARNING</b>

<p><b>CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD</b></p> <p>Failure to keep this compartment closed except when servicing could result in carbon monoxide poisoning or death.</p> <p>This compartment must be closed except when servicing.</p>
 <b>ADVERTISSEMENT</b>
<p><b>RISQUE D'EMPOISONNEMENT AU MONOXYDE DE CARBONE</b></p> <p>Si ce compartiment n'est pas fermé en tout temps, sauf en cas de réparation, il y a risque d'empoisonnement ou monoxyde de carbone ou de mort.</p> <p>Ce compartiment doit être fermé sauf au moment de l'entretien.</p>
 <b>ADVERTENCIA</b>
<p><b>PELIGRO MONOXIDO DE CARBONO TOXICO</b></p> <p>El fracaso de no mantener compartimiento cerrado menos durante, atender, podría tener como resultado envenenar de monóxido de carbono o muerte.</p> <p>Este compartimiento debe cerrado menos al atender.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">0140L00106 REV C</p>

## GENERAL INFORMATION

For complete information and installation instructions for models with DDC controls, see manual DK-DDC-TGD-XXX.

 <b>WARNING</b>
<p><b>TO PREVENT PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, DUE TO FIRE, EXPLOSIONS, SMOKE, SOOT, CONDENSATION, ELECTRIC SHOCK OR CARBON MONOXIDE, THIS UNIT MUST BE PROPERLY INSTALLED, REPAIRED, OPERATED, AND MAINTAINED.</b></p>

**This unit is approved for outdoor installation ONLY.** Rated performance is achieved after 72 hours of operation. Rated performance is delivered at the specified airflow. See product specification sheet for light commercial models. Specification sheets can be found at [www.daikincomfort.com](http://www.daikincomfort.com) for Daikin brand products. Within the website, please select the commercial products menu and then select the submenu for the type of product to be installed, such as air conditioners or heat pumps, to access a list of product pages that each contain links to that model's specification sheet.

To assure that your unit operates safely and efficiently, it must be installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with these installation and operating instructions, all local building codes and ordinances, or in their absence, with the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code NFPA54/ANSI Z223.1 and National Standard of Canada CAN/CSA B149 Installation Codes.

## EPA REGULATIONS

**IMPORTANT: THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA) HAS ISSUED VARIOUS REGULATIONS REGARDING THE INTRODUCTION AND DISPOSAL OF REFRIGERANTS IN THIS UNIT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE REGULATIONS MAY HARM THE ENVIRONMENT AND CAN LEAD TO THE IMPOSITION OF SUBSTANTIAL FINES. BECAUSE REGULATIONS MAY VARY DUE TO PASSAGE OF NEW LAWS, WE SUGGEST A CERTIFIED TECHNICIAN PERFORM ANY WORK DONE ON THIS UNIT. SHOULD YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS PLEASE CONTACT THE LOCAL OFFICE OF THE EPA.**

## NATIONAL CODES

This product is designed and manufactured to permit installation in accordance with National Codes. It is the installer's responsibility to install the product in accordance with National Codes and/or prevailing local codes and regulations.

The heating and cooling capacities of the unit should be greater than or equal to the design heating and cooling loads of the area to be conditioned. The loads should be calculated by an approved method or in accordance with ASHRAE Guide or Manual J - Load Calculations published by the Air Conditioning Contractors of America.

Obtain from:

American National Standards Institute  
25 West 43<sup>rd</sup> Street, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor  
New York, NY 10036

System design and installation should also, where applicable, follow information presented in accepted industry guides such as the ASHRAE Handbooks. The manufacturer assumes no responsibility for equipment installed in violation of any code or regulation. The mechanical installation of the packaged roof top units consists of making final connections between the unit and building services; supply and return duct connections; and drain connections (if required). The internal systems of the unit are completely factory-installed and tested prior to shipment.

Units are generally installed on a steel roof mounting curb assembly which has been shipped to the job site for installation on the roof structure prior to the arrival of the unit. The model number shown on the unit's identification plate identifies the various components of the unit such as refrigeration tonnage, heating input and voltage.

Carefully inspect the unit for damage including damage to the cabinetry. Any bolts or screws which may have loosened in transit must be re-tightened. In the event of damage, the receiver should:

1. Make notation on delivery receipt of any visible damage to shipment or container.
2. Notify carrier promptly and request an inspection.
3. In case of concealed damage, carrier should be notified as soon as possible-preferably within 5 days.
4. File the claim with the following supporting documents:
  - a. Original Bill of Lading, certified copy, or indemnity bond.
  - b. Original paid freight bill or indemnity in lieu thereof.
  - c. Original invoice or certified copy thereof, showing trade and other discounts or reductions.
  - d. Copy of the inspection report issued by carrier representative at the time damage is reported to the carrier. The carrier is responsible for making prompt inspection of damage and for a thorough investigation of each claim. The distributor or manufacturer will not accept claims from dealers for transportation damage.

**NOTE:** When inspecting the unit for transportation damage, remove all packaging materials. Recycle or dispose of the packaging material according to local codes.

**PRE-INSTALLATION CHECKS**

Carefully read all instructions for the installation prior to installing unit. Ensure each step or procedure is understood and any special considerations are taken into account before starting installation. Assemble all tools, hardware and supplies needed to complete the installation. Some items may need to be purchased locally.

**UNIT LOCATION**

 <b>WARNING</b>
<b>TO PREVENT POSSIBLE EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, THE FOLLOWING BULLET POINTS MUST BE OBSERVED WHEN INSTALLING THE UNIT.</b>

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** Remove wood shipping rails prior to installation of the unit.

**ALL INSTALLATIONS:**

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** *Unit should be energized 24 hours prior to compressor start up to ensure crankcase heater has sufficiently warmed the compressors. Compressor damage may occur if this step is not followed.*

**NOTE:** Appliance is shipped from factory for vertical duct application.

Proper installation of the unit ensures trouble-free operation. Improper installation can result in problems ranging from noisy operation to property or equipment damages, dangerous conditions that could result in injury or personal property damage and that are not covered by the warranty. Give this booklet to the user and explain it's provisions. The user should retain these instructions for future reference.

- For proper flame pattern within the heat exchanger and proper condensate drainage, the unit must be mounted level.
- The flue outlet must be at least 12 inches from any opening through which flue gases could enter a building, and at least three feet above any forced air inlet located within ten feet. The economizer/manual fresh air intake/motorized fresh air intake and combustion air inlet mounted on the unit are not affected by this restriction.
- To avoid possible corrosion of the heat exchanger, do not locate the unit in an area where the outdoor air (i.e. combustion air for the unit) will be frequently contaminated by compounds containing chlorine or fluorine. Common sources of such compounds include swimming pool chemicals and chlorine bleaches, paint stripper, adhesives, paints, varnishes, sealers, waxes (which are not yet dried) and solvents used during construction and remodeling. Various commercial and industrial processes may also be sources of chlorine/fluorine compounds.

- To avoid possible illness or death of the building occupants, do NOT locate outside air intake device (economizer, manual fresh air intake, motorized fresh air intake) too close to an exhaust outlet, gas vent termination, or plumbing vent outlet. For specific distances required, consult local codes.
- Allow minimum clearances from the enclosure for fire protection, proper operation, and service access (see unit clearances). These clearances must be permanently maintained.
- The combustion air inlet and flue outlet on the unit must never be obstructed. If used, do not allow the economizer/manual fresh air damper/ motorized fresh air damper to become blocked by snow or debris. In some climates or locations, it may be necessary to elevate the unit to avoid these problems.
- When the unit is heating, the temperature of the return air entering the unit must be a minimum of 55° F.

**GROUND LEVEL INSTALLATIONS ONLY:**

- When the unit is installed on the ground adjacent to the building, a level concrete (or equal) base is recommended. Prepare a base that is 3" larger than the package unit footprint and a minimum of 3" thick.
- The base should also be located where no runoff of water from higher ground can collect in the unit.

**ROOF TOP INSTALLATIONS ONLY:**

- To avoid possible property damage or personal injury, the roof must have sufficient structural strength to carry the weight of the unit(s) and snow or water loads as required by local codes. Consult a structural engineer to determine the weight capabilities of the roof.
- The unit may be installed directly on wood floors or on Class A, Class B, or Class C roof covering material.
- To avoid possible personal injury, a safe, flat surface for service personnel should be provided.
- As indicated on the unit data plate, a minimum clearance of 36" to any combustible material is required on the furnace access side of the unit. All combustible materials must be kept out of this area.
- This 36" clearance must also be maintained to insure proper combustion air and flue gas flow. The combustion air intake and furnace flue discharge must not be blocked for any reason, including blockage by snow.
- Adequate clearances from the furnace flue discharge to any adjacent public walkways, adjacent buildings, building openings or openable windows must be maintained in accordance with the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code (ANSI Z223.1)
- Minimum horizontal clearance of 48" from the furnace flue discharge to any electric meters, gas meters, regulators and relief equipment is required.

## UNIT PRECAUTIONS

- Do not stand or walk on the unit.
- Do not drill holes anywhere in panels or in the base frame of the unit except where indicated. Unit access panels provide structural support.
- Do not remove any access panels until unit has been installed on roof curb or field supplied structure.
- Do not roll unit across finished roof without prior approval of owner or architect.
- Do not skid or slide on any surface as this may damage unit base. The unit must be stored on a flat, level surface. Protect the condenser coil because it is easily damaged.

## ROOF CURB INSTALLATIONS ONLY:

Curb installations must comply with local codes and should be done in accordance with the established guidelines of the National Roofing Contractors Association.

Proper unit installation requires that the roof curb be firmly and permanently attached to the roof structure. Check for adequate fastening method prior to setting the unit on the curb.

Full perimeter roof curbs are available from the factory and are shipped unassembled. Field assembly, squaring, leveling and mounting on the roof structure are the responsibility of the installing contractor. All required hardware necessary for the assembly of the sheet metal curb is included in the curb accessory.

### WARNING

**TO PREVENT POSSIBLE EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, THE FOLLOWING BULLET POINTS MUST BE OBSERVED WHEN INSTALLING THE UNIT.**

- Sufficient structural support must be determined prior to locating and mounting the curb and package unit.
- Ductwork must be constructed using industry guidelines. The duct work must be placed into the roof curb before mounting the package unit. Our full perimeter curbs include duct connection frames to be assembled with the curb. Cantilevered type curbs are not available from the factory.
- Curb insulation, cant strips, flashing and general roofing material are furnished by the contractor.

The curbs must be supported on parallel sides by roof members. The roof members must not penetrate supply and return duct opening areas as damage to the unit might occur.

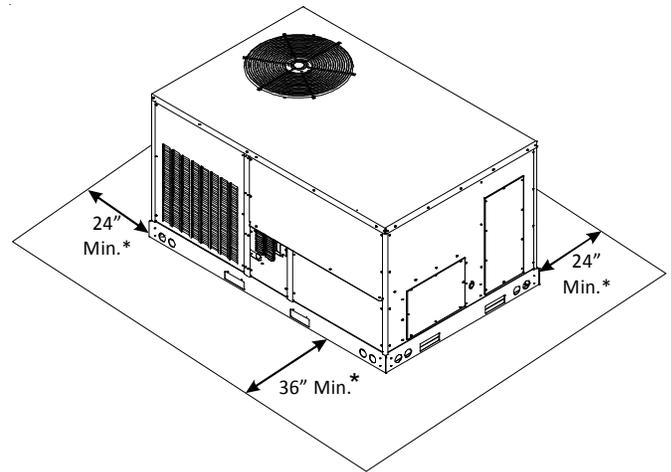
**NOTE:** The unit and curb accessories are designed to allow vertical duct installation before unit placement. Duct installation after unit placement is not recommended.

### CAUTION

**ALL CURBS LOOK SIMILAR. TO AVOID INCORRECT CURB POSITIONING, CHECK JOB PLANS CAREFULLY AND VERIFY MARKINGS ON CURB ASSEMBLY. INSTRUCTIONS MAY VARY IN CURB STYLES AND SUPERSEDES INFORMATION SHOWN.**

See the manual shipped with the roof curb for assembly and installation instructions.

## CLEARANCES

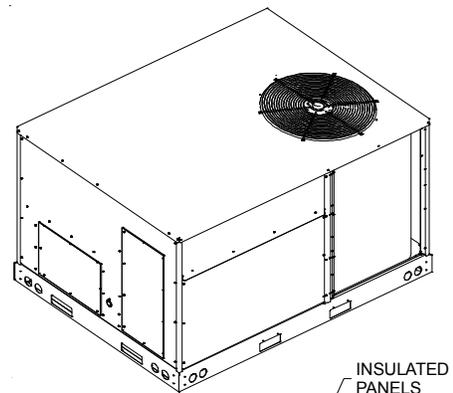


Unit Clearances

*\*In situations that have multiple units, a 48" minimum clearance is required between the condenser coils.*

Adequate clearance around the unit should be kept for safety, service, maintenance, and proper unit operation. A total clearance of 75" on the main control panel side of the unit is recommended to facilitate possible fan shaft, coil, electric heat and gas furnace removal. A clearance of 48" is recommended on all other sides of the unit to facilitate possible compressor removal, to allow service access and to insure proper ventilation and condenser air-flow. The unit must not be installed beneath any obstruction. The unit should be installed remote from all building exhausts to inhibit ingestion of exhaust air into the unit fresh air intake.

**NOTE:** If the 48" minimum is used on the control panel side of the unit, a flue extension (MF# 220-GX-01) needs to be installed to prevent flue gas recirculation.



Roof Curb Installation

## ROOF CURB POST-INSTALLATION CHECKS

After installation, check the top of the curb, duct connection frame and duct flanges to make sure gasket has been applied properly. Gasket should be firmly applied to the top of the curb perimeter, duct flanges and any exposed duct connection frame. If gasket is loose, re-apply using strong weather resistant adhesive.

### PROTRUSION

Inspect curb to ensure that none of the utility services (electric) routed through the curb protrude above the curb.

## CAUTION

IF PROTRUSIONS EXIST, DO NOT ATTEMPT TO SET UNIT ON CURB.

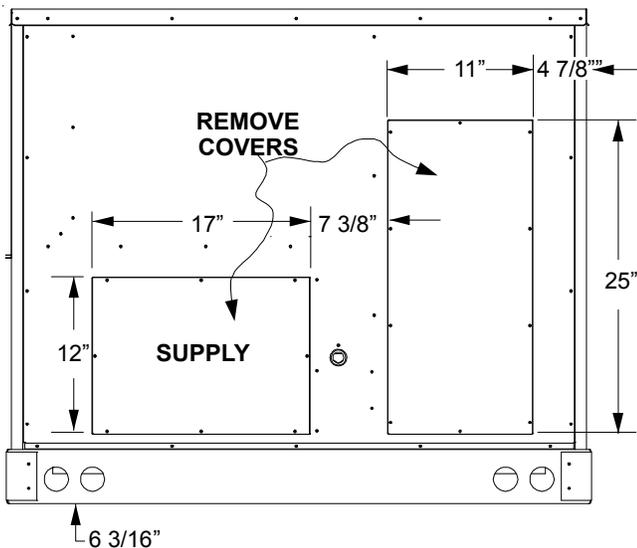
## ROOF TOP DUCT CONNECTIONS

Install all duct connections on the unit before placing the unit on rooftop.

### HORIZONTAL DISCHARGE

Refer to IOD-7006 included in the literature pack for installing horizontal duct covers.

Flexible duct connectors between the unit and ducts are recommended. Insulate and weatherproof all external ductwork and joints as required and in accordance with local codes.



Horizontal Discharge Duct Connections

## RIGGING DETAILS

## WARNING

TO PREVENT PROPERTY DAMAGE, THE UNIT SHOULD REMAIN IN AN UPRIGHT POSITION DURING ALL RIGGING AND MOVING OPERATIONS. TO FACILITATE LIFTING AND MOVING WHEN A CRANE IS USED, PLACE THE UNIT IN AN ADEQUATE CABLE SLING.

## CAUTION

IF UNITS ARE LIFTED TWO AT A TIME, THE FORK HOLES ON THE CONDENSER END OF THE UNIT MUST NOT BE USED. MINIMUM FORK LENGTH IS 42" TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE UNIT; HOWEVER, 48" IS RECOMMENDED.

Provisions for forks have been included in the unit base frame. No other fork locations are approved.

## WARNING

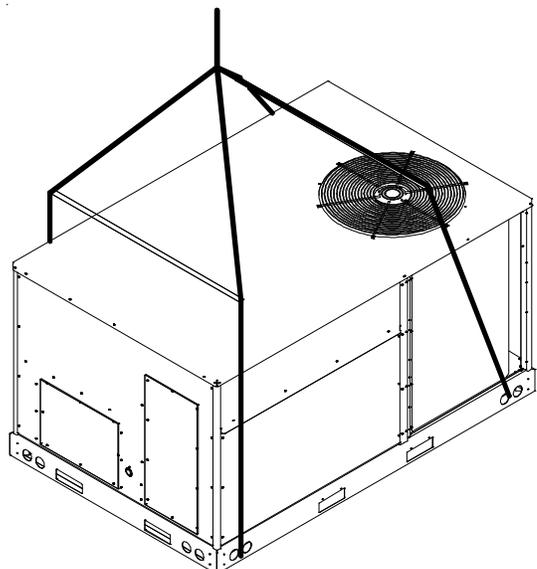
TO PREVENT POSSIBLE EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, THE FOLLOWING BULLET POINTS MUST BE OBSERVED WHEN INSTALLING THE UNIT.

- Unit must be lifted by the four lifting holes located at the base frame corners.
- Lifting cables should be attached to the unit with shackles.
- The distance between the crane hook and the top of the unit must not be less than 60".
- Two spreader bars must span over the unit to prevent damage to the cabinet by the lift cables. Spreader bars must be of sufficient length so that cables do not come in contact with the unit during transport. Remove wood struts mounted beneath unit base frame before setting unit on roof curb. These struts are intended to protect unit base frame from fork lift damage. Removal is accomplished by extracting the sheet metal retainers and pulling the struts through the base of the unit. Refer to rigging label on the unit.

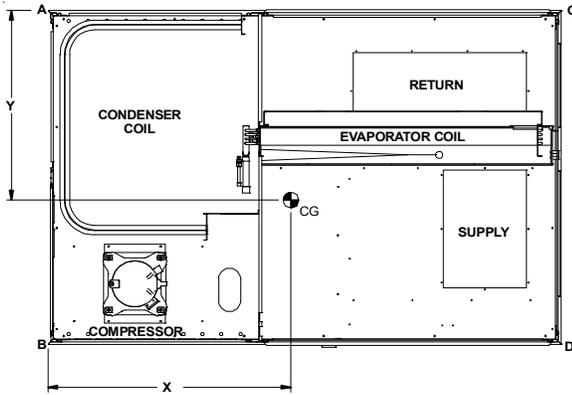
**Important:** If using bottom discharge with roof curb, ductwork should be attached to the curb prior to installing the unit. Ductwork dimensions are shown in Roof Curb Installation Instructions.

Refer to the Roof Curb Installation Instructions for proper curb installation. Curbing must be installed in compliance with the National Roofing Contractors Association Manual.

Lower unit carefully onto roof mounting curb. While rigging unit, center of gravity will cause condenser end to be lower than supply air end.



To assist in determining rigging requirements, unit weights are shown as follows:



Corner & Center of Gravity Locations

A* Model	X (in)	Y (in)	Shipping Weight	Operating Weight	Corner Weights (lbs)			
					A	B	C	D
DSG036045*	37	30	590	565	107	176	107	176
DSG036070*	37	30	595	570	108	178	107	177
DSG036090*	37	30	600	575	109	179	108	179
DSG048070*	37	30	630	605	114	188	114	189
DSG048090*	37	30	635	610	115	190	115	190
DSG048115*	37	30	640	615	116	192	116	191
DSG060090*	34	28	640	615	116	192	116	191
DSG060115*	34	28	644	619	117	193	117	192
DSG060140*	34	28	645	620	117	193	117	193

\* Note: Weights are calculated without accessories installed.

## ELECTRICAL WIRING

### WARNING

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**  
DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



### WARNING

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**  
TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO ELECTRICAL SHOCK, DO NOT TAMPER WITH FACTORY WIRING. THE INTERNAL POWER AND CONTROL WIRING OF THESE UNITS ARE FACTORY-INSTALLED AND HAVE BEEN THOROUGHLY TESTED PRIOR TO SHIPMENT. CONTACT YOUR LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE IF ASSISTANCE IS REQUIRED.



### CAUTION

TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE WIRING, PROTECT WIRING FROM SHARP EDGES. FOLLOW NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE AND ALL LOCAL CODES AND ORDINANCES. DO NOT ROUTE WIRES THROUGH REMOVABLE ACCESS PANELS.

### CAUTION

CONDUIT AND FITTINGS MUST BE WEATHER-TIGHT TO PREVENT WATER ENTRY INTO THE BUILDING.

### CAUTION

TO PREVENT SEVERE DAMAGE TO THE BOTTOM OF THE UNIT, DO NOT FORK LIFT UNIT AFTER WOOD STRUTS HAVE BEEN REMOVED.

Bring condenser end of unit into alignment with the curb. With condenser end of the unit resting on curb member and using curb as a fulcrum, lower opposite end of the unit until entire unit is seated on the curb. When a rectangular cantilever curb is used, care should be taken to center the unit. Check for proper alignment and orientation of supply and return openings with duct.

#### RIGGING REMOVAL

### CAUTION

TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE UNIT, DO NOT ALLOW CRANE HOOKS AND SPREADER BARS TO REST ON THE ROOF OF THE UNIT.

Remove spreader bars, lifting cables and other rigging equipment.

For unit protection, use a fuse or HACR circuit breaker that is in excess of the circuit ampacity, but less than or equal to the maximum overcurrent protection device. DO NOT EXCEED THE MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT DEVICE SIZE SHOWN ON UNIT DATA PLATE.

All line voltage connections must be made through weatherproof fittings. All exterior power supply and ground wiring must be in approved weatherproof conduit.

The main power supply wiring to the unit and low voltage wiring to accessory controls must be done in accordance with these instructions, the latest edition of the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA 70), and all local codes and ordinances.

The unit is factory wired for the voltage shown on the unit's data plate. Refer to model nomenclature in Appendix B for voltage requirement for your unit.

**NOTE:** If supply voltage is 208V, lead on primary of transformer(s) must be moved from the 230V to the 208V tap. Refer to wiring diagram on unit for details.

Main power wiring should be sized for the minimum circuit ampacity shown on the unit's database. Size wires in accordance with the ampacity tables in Article 310 of the National Electrical Code. If long wires are required, it may be necessary to increase the wire size to prevent excessive voltage drop. Wires should be sized for a maximum of 3% voltage drop.

**CAUTION**

**TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE OR PERSONAL INJURY DUE TO FIRE, USE ONLY COPPER CONDUCTORS.**

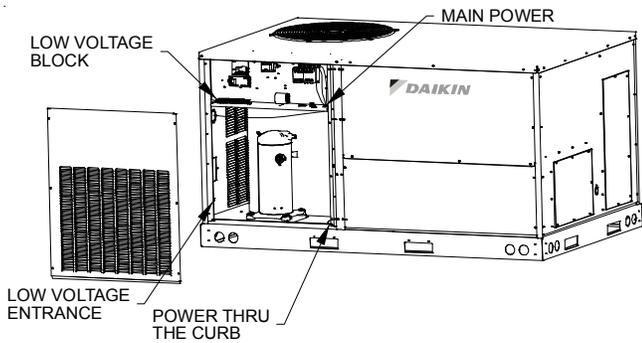
**CAUTION**

**TO PREVENT IMPROPER AND DANGEROUS OPERATION DUE TO WIRING ERRORS, LABEL ALL WIRES PRIOR TO DISCONNECTION WHEN SERVICING CONTROLS. VERIFY PROPER OPERATION AFTER SERVICING.**

**NOTE:** A weather-tight disconnect switch, properly sized for the unit total load, must be field or factory installed. An external field supplied disconnect may be mounted on the exterior panel.

Ensure the data plate is not covered by the field-supplied disconnect switch.

- Some disconnect switches are not fused. Protect the power leads at the point of distribution in accordance with the unit data plate.
- The unit must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the latest edition of the National Electrical Code (ANSI-NFPA 70). A ground lug is provided for this purpose. Size grounding conductor in accordance with Table 250-95 of the National Electrical Code. Do not use the ground lug for connecting a neutral conductor.
- Connect power wiring to the compressor contactor closest to the entrance located within the main control box or to electrical power block, if equipped.



**Power and Low Voltage Block Connections**

**(NOTE: The locations of components may be different in some models depending on the options installed.)**

**WARNING**

**FAILURE OF UNIT DUE TO OPERATION ON IMPROPER LINE VOLTAGE OR WITH EXCESSIVE PHASE UNBALANCE CONSTITUTES PRODUCT ABUSE IS NOT COVERED BY THE WARRANTY AND MAY CAUSE SEVERE DAMAGE TO THE UNIT ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS.**

*Areas Without Convenience Outlet*

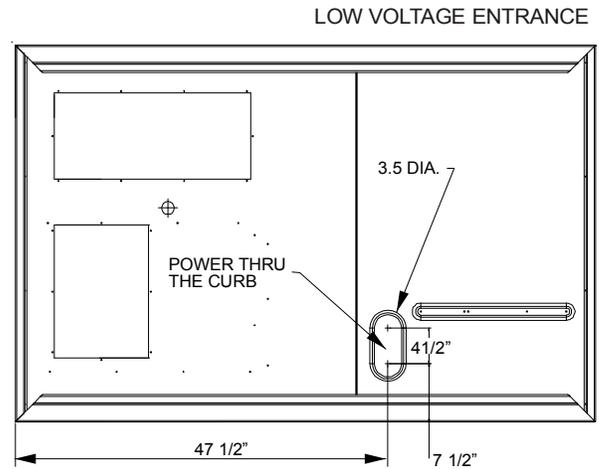
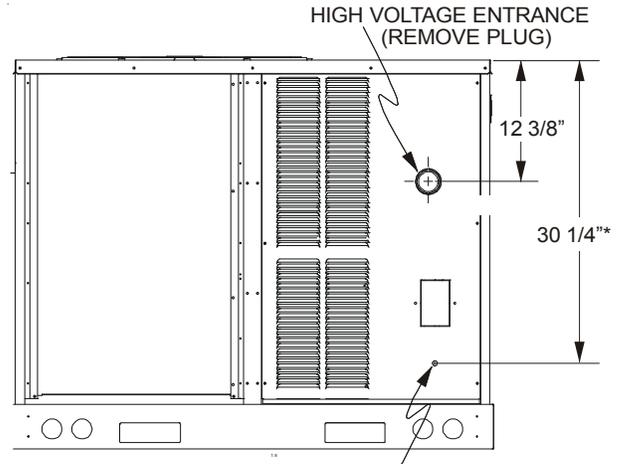
It is recommended that an independent 115V power source be brought to the vicinity of the roof top unit for portable lights and tools used by the service mechanic.

**NOTE:** Refer to local codes for requirements. These outlets can also be factory installed.

**UNITS INSTALLED ON ROOF TOPS**

Main power and low voltage wiring may enter the unit through the condenser end of unit or through the roof curb. Install conduit connectors at the desired entrance locations. External connectors must be weatherproof. All holes in the unit base must be sealed (including those around conduit nuts) to prevent water leakage into building. All required conduit and fittings are to be field supplied.

Supply voltage to roof top unit must not vary by more than 10% of the value indicated on the unit data plate. Phase voltage unbalance must not exceed 2%. Contact your local power company for correction of improper voltage or phase unbalance.



**Electrical Entrance and Thru Curb**

Unit is equipped with a Low Voltage Terminal Block and has Single Point wiring to the contactor or power block, if equipped.

**LOW VOLTAGE CONTROL WIRING**

1. A 24V thermostat must be installed for unit operation. It may be purchased with the unit or field-supplied. Thermostats may be programmable or electromechanical as required.
2. Locate thermostat or remote sensor in the conditioned space where it will sense average temperature. Do not

locate the device where it may be directly exposed to supply air, sunlight or other sources of heat. Follow installation instructions packaged with the thermostat.

3. Use #18 AWG wire for 24V control wiring runs not exceeding 75 feet. Use #16 AWG wire for 24V control wiring runs not exceeding 125 feet. Use #14 AWG wire for 24V control wiring runs not exceeding 200 feet. Low voltage wiring may be National Electrical Code (NEC) Class 2 where permitted by local codes.
4. Route thermostat wires from sub-base terminals to the unit. Control wiring should enter through the condenser panel opening or through curb indicated in "Electrical Entrance" figure. Connect thermostat and any accessory wiring to low voltage terminal block TB1 in the main control box.

**NOTE:** Field-supplied conduit may need to be installed depending on unit/curb configuration. Use #18 AWG solid conductor wire whenever connecting thermostat wires to terminals on sub-base. DO NOT use larger than #18 AWG wire. A transition to #18 AWG wire may be required before entering thermostat sub-base.

**NOTE:** Refer to unit wiring diagrams for thermostat hookups.

### GAS SUPPLY PIPING



#### WARNING

**TO PREVENT PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO IMPROPER INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT, ALTERATION, SERVICE OR MAINTENANCE, REFER TO THIS MANUAL. FOR ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE OR INFORMATION, CONSULT A QUALIFIED INSTALLER, SERVICE AGENCY OR THE GAS SUPPLIER.**

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** This unit is factory set to operate on natural gas at the altitudes shown on the rating plate.



#### WARNING

**TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH WHEN EITHER USING PROPANE GAS ALONE OR AT HIGHER ALTITUDES, OBTAIN AND INSTALL THE PROPER CONVERSION KIT(S). FAILURE TO DO SO CAN RESULT IN UNSATISFACTORY OPERATION AND/OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE. HIGH ALTITUDE KITS ARE FOR U.S. INSTALLATIONS ONLY AND ARE NOT APPROVED FOR USE IN CANADA.**

The rating plate is stamped with the model number, type of gas and gas input rating. Make sure the unit is equipped to operate on the type of gas available. Conversion to propane (LP) gas is permitted with the use of the factory authorized conversion kit (see the unit Technical Manual for the appropriate kit). For High Altitude derates, refer to the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1.

INLET GAS PRESSURE	
NATURAL	Min. 5.0" W.C., Max. 10.0" W.C.
PROPANE	Min. 11.0" W.C., Max. 14.0" W.C.

Inlet Gas Pressure Must Not Exceed the Maximum Value Shown in Table Above.

The minimum supply pressure should not vary from that shown in the table above because this could prevent the unit from having dependable ignition. In addition, gas input to the burners must not exceed the rated input shown on the rating plate. Overfiring of the unit could result in premature heat exchanger failure.

#### PIPING

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** To avoid possible unsatisfactory operation or equipment damage due to under firing of equipment, do not undersize the natural/propane gas piping from the meter/tank to the unit. When sizing a trunk line, include all appliances on that line that could be operated simultaneously.

The rating plate is stamped with the model number, type of gas and gas input rating. Make sure the unit is equipped to operate on the type of gas available. The gas line installation must comply with local codes, or in the absence of local codes, with the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1.

#### Natural Gas Connection

Length of Pipe in Feet	Nominal Black Pipe Size (inches)				
	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2
10	132	278	520	1050	1600
20	92	190	350	730	1100
30	73	152	285	590	980
40	63	130	245	500	760
50	56	115	215	440	670
60	50	105	195	400	610
70	46	96	180	370	560
80	43	90	170	350	530
90	40	84	160	320	490
100	38	79	150	305	460

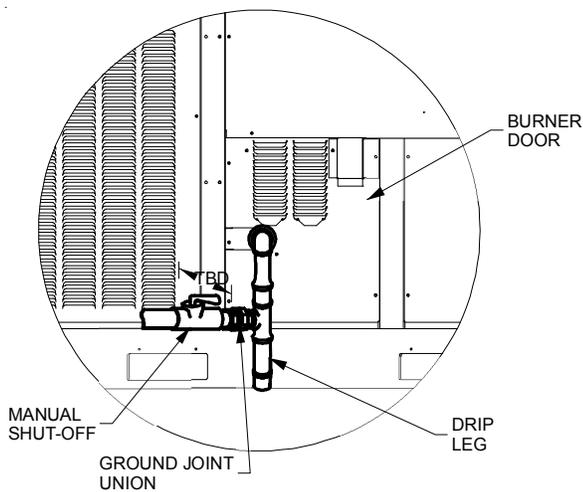
Pressure= .50 PSIG or less and Pressure Drop of 0.3" W.C.  
(Based on 0.60 Specific Gravity Gas)

$$\text{CFH} = \frac{\text{BTUH Furnace Input}}{\text{Heating Value of Gas (BTU/Cubic Foot)}}$$

Refer to the Proper Piping Practice drawing for the general layout at the unit. The following rules apply:

1. Use black iron pipe and fittings for the supply piping. The use of a flex connector and/or copper piping is permitted as long as it is in agreement with local codes.
2. Use pipe joint compound on male threads only. Pipe joint compound must be resistant to the action of the fuel used.
3. Use ground joint unions.
4. Install a drip leg to trap dirt and moisture before it can enter the gas valve. The drip leg must be a minimum of three inches long.
5. Use two pipe wrenches when making connection to the gas valve to keep it from turning.

6. Install a manual shut-off valve in a convenient location (within six feet of unit) between the meter and the unit.
7. Tighten all joints securely.
8. The unit must be connected to the building piping by one of the following methods:
  - Rigid metallic pipe and fittings
  - Semirigid metallic tubing and metallic fittings (Aluminum alloy tubing must not be used in exterior locations)
  - Listed gas appliance connectors used in accordance with the terms of their listing that are completely in the same room as the equipment
  - In the prior two methods above the connector or tubing must be protected from physical and thermal damage. Aluminum alloy tubing and connectors must be coated to protect against external corrosion when in contact with masonry, plaster or insulation or are subject to repeated wettings by liquids (water - not rain water, detergents or sewage).



Proper Piping Practice

**NOTE:** The unit gas supply entrance is factory sealed with plugs. Keep plugs in place until gas supply is ready to be installed. Once ready, replace the plugs with the supplied grommets and install gas supply line.

#### GAS PIPING CHECKS

### CAUTION

TO PREVENT PROPERTY DAMAGE OR PERSONAL INJURY DUE TO FIRE, THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS MUST BE PERFORMED REGARDING GAS CONNECTIONS AND PRESSURE TESTING:

- THE UNIT AND ITS GAS CONNECTIONS MUST BE LEAK TESTED BEFORE PLACING IN OPERATION. **BECAUSE OF THE DANGER OF EXPLOSION OR FIRE, NEVER USE A MATCH OR OPEN FLAME TO TEST FOR LEAKS. NEVER EXCEED SPECIFIED PRESSURES FOR TESTING. HIGHER PRESSURE MAY DAMAGE GAS VALVE AND CAUSE OVERFIRING WHICH MAY RESULT IN PREMATURE HEAT EXCHANGE FAILURE.**
- THIS UNIT AND ITS SHUT-OFF VALVE MUST BE DISCONNECTED FROM THE GAS SUPPLY DURING ANY PRESSURE TESTING OF THAT SYSTEM AT TEST PRESSURES IN EXCESS OF 1/2 PSIG (3.48 kPA).
- THIS UNIT MUST BE ISOLATED FROM THE GAS SUPPLY SYSTEM BY CLOSING ITS MANUAL SHUT-OFF VALVE DURING ANY PRESSURE TESTING OF THE GAS SUPPLY PIPING SYSTEM AT TEST PRESSURES EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 1/2 PSIG (3.48 kPA).

### WARNING

TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE OR PERSONAL INJURY, BE SURE THERE IS NO OPEN FLAME IN THE VICINITY DURING AIR BLEEDING.

There will be air in the gas supply line after testing for leaks on a new installation. Therefore, the air must be bled from the line by loosening the ground joint union until pure gas is expelled. Tighten union and wait for five minutes until all gas has been dissipated in the air. Be certain there is no open flame in the vicinity during air bleeding procedure. The unit is placed in operation by closing the main electrical disconnect switch for the unit.

#### PROPANE GAS INSTALLATIONS

### WARNING

TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO FIRE OR EXPLOSION CAUSED BY A PROPANE GAS LEAK, INSTALL A GAS DETECTING WARNING DEVICE. **SINCE RUST CAN REDUCE THE LEVEL OF ODORANT IN PROPANE GAS, A GAS DETECTING WARNING DEVICE IS THE ONLY RELIABLE WAY TO DETECT A PROPANE GAS LEAK. CONTACT A LOCAL PROPANE GAS SUPPLIER ABOUT INSTALLING A GAS DETECTING WARNING DEVICE.**

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** Propane gas conversion kits must be installed to convert units to propane gas. NOx screens must be removed before converting to LP. Remove burner assembly and pull NOx screens from each burner tube. When all the screens are out, reassemble the burner assembly without the screens.

All propane gas equipment must conform to the safety standards of the National Board of Fire Underwriters (See NBFU Manual 58).

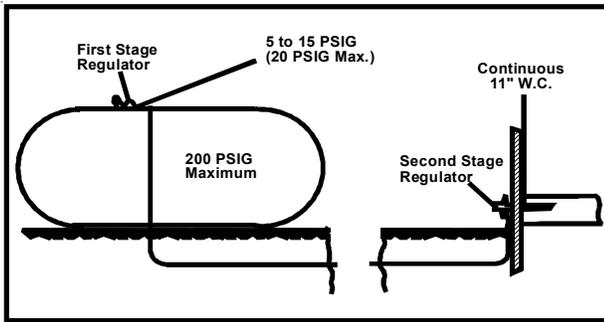
For satisfactory operation, propane gas supply pressure must be within 9.7 - 10.3 inches W.C. at the manifold with all gas appliances in operation. Maintaining proper gas pressure depends on three main factors:

1. Vaporization rate, which depends on (a) temperature of the liquid, and (b) wetted surface area of the container or containers.
2. Proper pressure regulation.
3. Pressure drop in lines between regulators, and between second stage regulator and the appliance. Pipe size required will depend on length of pipe run and total load of all appliances.

#### TANKS AND PIPING

Complete information regarding tank sizing for vaporization, recommended regulator settings and pipe sizing is available from most regulator manufacturers and propane gas suppliers. Since propane gas will quickly dissolve white lead or most standard commercial compounds, special pipe dope must be used. Shellac base compounds resistant to the actions of liquefied petroleum gases such as Gasolac®, Stalactic®, Clyde's®

or John Crane® are satisfactory.  
See the following figure for typical propane gas piping.



Typical Propane Gas Piping

### ROOF TOP LOCATION AND INSTALLATION

The gas supply piping location and installation for roof top units must be in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with ordinances of the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code (ANSI Z223.1).

A manual gas shut off valve must be field installed external to the roof top unit. In addition, a drip leg must be installed near the inlet connection. A ground joint union connection is required between the external shut off valve and the unit connection to the gas valve to permit removal of the burner assembly for servicing.

1. Route gas piping to unit so that it does not interfere with the removal of access panels. Support and align piping to prevent strains or misalignment of the manifold assembly.
2. All units are furnished with standard female NPT pipe connections. Connection pipe size is 1/2" NPT on 045 to 140 mBH units. The size of the gas supply piping to the unit must be based on length of run, number of units on the system, gas characteristics, BTU requirement and available supply pressure. All piping must be done in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code (ANSI Z223.1).

**NOTE:** The gas connection size at the unit does NOT establish the size of the supply line.

3. These units are designed for either natural or propane (LP) gas and are specifically constructed at the factory for only one of these fuels. The fuels are NOT interchangeable. However, the furnace can be converted in the field from natural gas to LP gas with the appropriate factory kit (see unit Technical Manual for the appropriate kit). Only a qualified contractor, experienced with natural and propane gas systems, should attempt conversion. Kit instructions must be followed closely to assure safe and reliable unit operation.
4. With all units on a common line operating under full fire, natural gas main supply pressure should be adjusted to approximately 7.0" w.c., measured at the unit gas valve. If the gas pressure at the unit is greater than 10.5" w.c., the contractor must furnish and install an external type positive shut off service pressure regulator. The unit will not function satisfactorily if supply gas pressure is less than

5.5" w.c. or greater than 10.5" w.c..

**NOTE:** A minimum horizontal distance of 48" between the regulator and the furnace flue discharge is required.

5. With all units on a common line operating under full LP gas main supply pressure should be at least 11.0" w.c. and must be no greater than 13.0" w.c., measured at the unit gas valve. Unit will not function satisfactorily if supply gas pressure is less than 11.0" w.c. or greater than 13.0" w.c..
6. All pipe connections should be sealed with a pipe thread compound, which is resistant to the fuel used with the furnace. A soapy water solution should be used to check all joints for leaks. A tap is located on the entering side of the gas valve for test gauge connection to measure supply (main) gas pressure. Another tap is provided on the manifold side of the gas valve for checking manifold pressure.

### WARNING

**THIS UNIT AND ITS INDIVIDUAL SHUTOFF VALVE MUST BE DISCONNECTED FROM THE GAS SUPPLY SYSTEM DURING ANY PRESSURE TESTING OF THAT SYSTEM AT TEST PRESSURES IN EXCESS OF 1/2 PSIG (13.8" w.c.).**

### CAUTION

**THIS UNIT MUST BE ISOLATED FROM THE GAS SUPPLY PIPING SYSTEM BY CLOSING ITS INDIVIDUAL MANUAL SHUTOFF VALVE DURING ANY PRESSURE TESTING EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 1/2 PSIG.**

7. There must be no obstruction to prevent the flow of combustion and ventilating air. A vent stack is not required and must never be used. The power venter will supply an adequate amount of combustion air as long as the air passageways are kept free of any obstructions and the recommended external unit clearances are maintained.

### CIRCULATING AIR AND FILTERS

#### DUCTWORK

The supply duct from the unit through a wall may be installed without clearance. However, minimum unit clearances must be maintained (see "Clearances" section). The supply duct should be provided with an access panel large enough to inspect the air chamber downstream of the heat exchanger. A cover should be tightly attached to prevent air leaks.

Ductwork dimensions are shown in the roof curb installation manual.

If desired, supply and return duct connections to the unit may be made with flexible connections to reduce possible unit operating sound transmission.

## VENTING

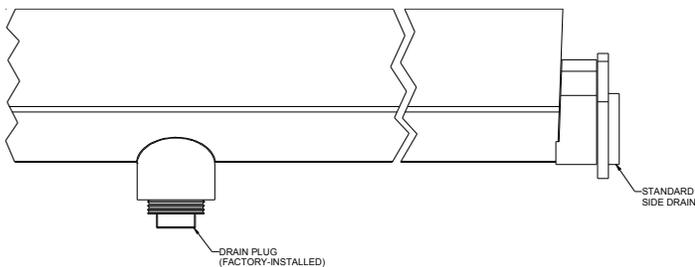
**NOTE: Venting is self-contained.**

The inductor motor is a dual voltage motor. It is factory wired for 230 volts. If field supply power is 208V, the installer must swap the connections to the black and red leads (located in the blower compartment) to ensure correct inductor motor operation.

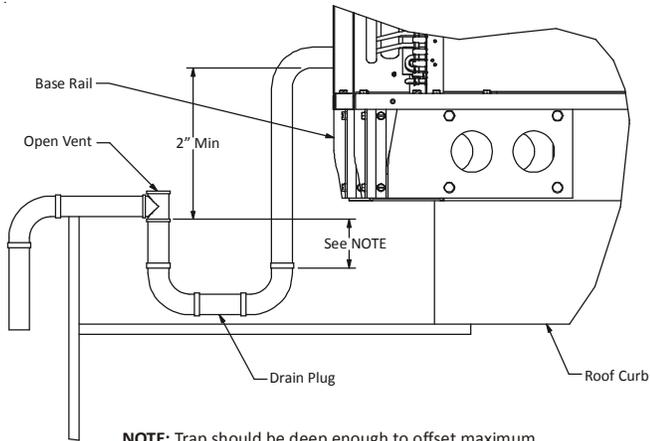
## CONDENSATE DRAIN CONNECTION

### CONDENSATE DRAIN CONNECTION

A 3/4" female NPT drain connection is supplied on the end of the condensate pan, with an alternate connection on the bottom of the pan. An external trap must be installed for proper condensate drainage.



Drain Pan (Side View)



### Drain Connection

Install condensate drain trap as shown. Use 3/4" drain line and fittings or larger. Do not operate without trap.

### HORIZONTAL DRAIN

Drainage of condensate directly onto the roof may be acceptable (refer to local code). It is recommended that a small drip pad of either stone, mortar, wood or metal be provided to prevent any possible damage to the roof. When using the horizontal drain connection, check the drain plug in bottom connection to ensure it is tight.

### VERTICAL DRAIN

To use the bottom drain connection, remove the drain plug from the bottom connection and install it in the horizontal connection.

### CLEANING

Due to the fact that drain pans in any air conditioning unit will have some moisture in them, algae and fungus will grow due to airborne bacteria and spores. Periodic cleaning is necessary to prevent this build-up from plugging the drain.

## STARTUP, ADJUSTMENTS, AND CHECKS

### WARNING

#### HIGH VOLTAGE!

**TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO ELECTRICAL SHOCK, BOND THE FRAME OF THIS UNIT TO THE BUILDING ELECTRICAL GROUND BY USE OF THE GROUNDING TERMINAL PROVIDED OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS. DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT.**



### PRE-STARTUP INSTRUCTIONS - GENERAL

### CAUTION

**TO PREVENT PROPERTY DAMAGE OR PERSONAL INJURY, DO NOT START THE UNIT UNTIL ALL NECESSARY PRE-CHECKS AND TESTS HAVE BEEN PERFORMED.**

Prior to the beginning of Startup, Adjustments, and Checks procedures, the following steps should be completed in the building.

### WARNING

#### MOVING MACHINERY HAZARD!

**TO PREVENT POSSIBLE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, DISCONNECT POWER TO THE UNIT AND PADLOCK IN THE "OFF" POSITION BEFORE SERVICING FANS.**

This unit is equipped with an electronic ignition device to automatically light the main burners. It also has a power vent blower to exhaust combustion products.

On new installations, or if a major component has been replaced, the operation of the unit must be checked.

Check unit operation as outlined in the following instructions. If any sparking, odors, or unusual sounds are encountered, shut off electrical power and recheck for wiring errors, or obstructions in or near the blower motors. **Duct covers must be removed before operating unit.**

The Startup, Adjustments, and Checks procedure provides a step-by-step sequence which, if followed, will assure the proper startup of the equipment in the minimum amount of time. Air balancing of duct system is not considered part of this procedure. However, it is an important phase of any air conditioning system startup and

should be performed upon completion of the Startup, Adjustments, and Checks procedure. The Startup, Adjustments, and Checks procedure at outside ambients below 55°F should be limited to a readiness check of the refrigeration system with the required final check and calibration left to be completed when the outside ambient rises above 55°F.

#### TEMPORARY HEATING OR COOLING

If the unit is to be used for temporary heating or cooling, a "Startup, Adjustments, and Checks" must first be performed in accordance with this manual. Damage or repairs due to failure to comply with these requirements are not covered under the warranty. After the machines are used for temporary heating or cooling, inspect the coils, fans, and motors for unacceptable levels of construction dust and dirt and install new filters.

#### CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY

The installing contractor must be certain that:

- All supply and return air ductwork is in place, properly sealed, and corresponds with installation instructions.
- All thermostats are mounted and wired in accordance with installation instructions.
- All electric power, all gas, hot water or steam line connections, and the condensate drain installation have been made to each unit on the job. These main supply lines must be functional and capable of operating all units simultaneously.
- Requirements are met for venting and combustion air.
- Air filters are in place.
- Input rate and temperature rise are adjusted per rating plate.

#### ROOF CURB INSTALLATION CHECK

Inspect the roof curb for correct installation. The unit and curb assembly should be level. Inspect the flashing of the roof mounting curb to the roof, especially at the corners, for good workmanship. Also check for leaks around gaskets. Note any deficiencies in a separate report and forward to the contractor.

#### OBSTRUCTIONS, FAN CLEARANCE AND WIRING

Remove any extraneous construction and shipping materials that may be found during this procedure. Rotate all fans manually to check for proper clearances and that they rotate freely. Check for bolts and screws that may have jarred loose during shipment to the job site. Retighten if necessary. Re-tighten all electrical connections.

#### FIELD DUCT CONNECTIONS

Verify that all duct connections are tight and that there is no air bypass between supply and return.

#### FILTER SECTION CHECK

Remove filter section access panels and check that filters are properly installed. Note airflow arrows on filter frames.

#### PRE-STARTUP PRECAUTIONS

It is important to your safety that the unit has been properly grounded during installation. Check ground lug connection in main control box for tightness prior to closing circuit breaker or disconnect switch. Verify that supply voltage on line side of disconnect agrees with voltage on unit identification plate and is within the utilization voltage range as indicated in Appendix B Electrical Data.

**System Voltage** - That nominal voltage value assigned to a circuit or system for the purpose of designating its voltage class.

**Nameplate Voltage** - That voltage assigned to a piece of equipment for the purpose of designating its voltage class and for the purpose of defining the minimum and maximum voltage at which the equipment will operate.

**Utilization Voltage** - The voltage of the line terminals of the equipment at which the equipment must give fully satisfactory performance. Once it is established that supply voltage will be maintained within the utilization range under all system conditions, check and calculate if an unbalanced condition exists between phases. Calculate percent voltage unbalance as follows.

#### Three Phase Models Only

$$3) \text{ PERCENT VOLTAGE UNBALANCE} = 100 \times \frac{2) \text{ MAXIMUM VOLTAGE DEVIATIONS FROM AVERAGE VOLTAGE}}{1) \text{ AVERAGE VOLTAGE}}$$

HOW TO USE THE FORMULA:

EXAMPLE: With voltage of 220, 216, and 213

1) Average Voltage =  $220+216+213=649 / 3 = 216$

2) Maximum Voltage Deviations from Average Voltage =  $220 - 216 = 4$

3) Percent Voltage Unbalance =  $100 \times \frac{4}{216} = \frac{400}{216} = 1.8\%$

Percent voltage unbalance MUST NOT exceed 2%.

#### AIR FLOW ADJUSTMENTS

When the final adjustments are complete, the current draw of the motor should be checked and compared to the full load current rating of the motor. The amperage must not exceed the service factor stamped on the motor nameplate. The total airflow must not be less than that required for operation of the electric heaters or the furnace.

If an economizer is installed, check the unit operating balance with the economizer at full outside air and at minimum outside air.

**NOTE:** Never run CFM below 300 CFM per ton, evaporator freezing or poor unit performance is possible.

#### PSC MOTOR

Adjust the CFM for the unit by changing the speed tap of the indoor blower motor at the heat or cool tap on the control board connection with the one of the speed taps on "M1" or "M2" (Black-High Speed, Blue-Medium Speed, Red-Low Speed).

**EEM Motor**

Adjust the CFM for the unit by changing the position of the low voltage leads on the motor terminal block. Green is for Fan Only. Yellow is for Cooling and Heat Pump Heating. Refer to Appendix A for blower performance at each speed tap. **NOTE:** If more than one lead is energized simultaneously, the motor will run at the higher speed.

**SET EVAPORATOR FAN RPM**

Actual RPM's must be set and verified with a tachometer or strobe light. Refer to Appendices for basic unit fan RPM. Refer also to "Airflow" section of this manual. With disconnect switch open, disconnect thermostat wires from terminals Y and W. This will prevent heating and mechanical cooling from coming on. Place a jumper wire across terminals R and G at TB1 terminal block. Close disconnect switch; evaporator fan motor will operate so RPM can be checked.

For gas heat units, the airflow must be adjusted so that the air temperature rise falls within the ranges given stated on Data Plate (see Appendix A - Blower Performance).

**EVAPORATOR FAN ROTATION CHECK (THREE PHASE MODELS ONLY)**

Check that fan rotates clockwise when viewed from the drive side of unit and in accordance with rotation arrow shown on blower housing. If it does not, reverse any two incoming power cables at Single Point Power Block. In this case, repeat bearing check.

Do not attempt to change load side wiring. Internal wiring assures all motors and compressors will rotate in correct direction once evaporator fan motor rotation check has been made.

**ELECTRICAL INPUT CHECK**

Make preliminary check of evaporator fan ampere draw and verify that motor nameplate amps are not exceeded. A final check of amp draw should be made upon completion of air balancing of the duct system (see Appendix B).

**BELT DRIVE MODELS ONLY**

The drive on the supply fan is typically set in the middle of the RPM range. The drive motor sheave pitch diameter is field adjustable for the required airflow. Refer to "Motor Sheave Adjustments" section.

Upon completion of the air flow balancing, we recommend replacing the variable pitched motor sheave with a properly-sized fixed sheave. A matching fixed sheave will provide longer belt and bearing life and vibration free operation. Initially, it is best to have a variable pitched motor sheave for the purpose of airflow balancing, but once the balance has been achieved, fixed sheaves maintain alignment and minimize vibration more effectively. For direct drive units, move fan speed wire.

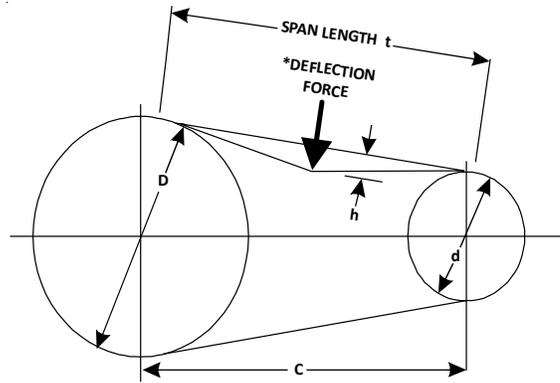
**BEARING CHECK**

Prior to energizing any fans, check and make sure that all setscrews are tight so that bearings are properly secured to shafts.

**TENSION AND ALIGNMENT ADJUSTMENT**

Correct belt tension is very important to the life of your belt. Too loose a belt will shorten its life; too tight, premature motor and bearing failure will occur. Check you belt drive for adequate "run-14

in" belt tension by measuring the force required to deflect the belt at the midpoint of the span length. Belt tension force can be measured using a belt tension gauge, available through most belt drive manufacturers.



\*Apply force to the center of the span.

**Belt Tension Adjustment**

- t = Span length, inches
- C = Center distance, inches
- D = Larger sheave diameter, inches
- d = Smaller sheave diameter, inches
- h = Deflection height, inches

TYPE		SMALL SHEAVE DIAMETER (in)	DEFLECTION FORCE (lbs)		DEFLECTION (in)
			USED	NEW	
BELT	DRIVE				
AX	Standard	3.0 to 4.0	4.2 ± 0.5	5.5 ± 0.5	0.313

Recommended Pounds of Force Per Belt

New V-belts will drop rapidly during the first few hours of use. Check tension frequently during the first 24 hours of operation. Tension should fall between the minimum and maximum force. To determine the deflection distance from a normal position, measure the distance from sheave to sheave using a straightedge or a cord. This is your reference line. On multiple belt drives, an adjacent undeflected belt can be used as a reference.

**MOTOR SHEAVE ADJUSTMENTS**

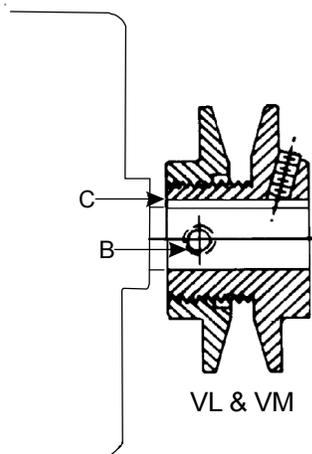
**VL, VM, & 2VP VARIABLE PITCH KEY TYPE MOTOR SHEAVES**

The driving and driven motor sheaves should be in alignment with each other and the shafts parallel.

**VL & VM SHEAVES ADJUSTMENT**

1. Loosen set screw "B" using a 5/32" Allen key.
2. Making half or full turns from closed position, adjust sheave pitch diameter for desired speed. DO NOT OPEN MORE THAN FIVE FULL TURNS.
3. Tighten set screw "B" securely over flat.
4. Carefully put on belts and adjust belt tension. DO NOT FORCE BELTS OVER GROOVES.
5. Ensure all keys are in place and the set screws tight before starting drive. Recheck set screws and belt tension after 24 hours service.

**NOTE:** Future adjustments should be made by loosening the belt tension and increasing or decreasing the pitch diameter of the sheave by half or full turns as required. Readjust belt tension before starting drive.



**NOTE:** Do **NOT** operate sheave with flange projecting beyond the hub end.

## GAS SYSTEM CHECK

### Pre-Operation Checks

1. Close the manual gas valve external to the unit.
2. Turn off the electrical power supply to the unit.
3. Set the room thermostat to its lowest possible setting.
4. Remove the heat exchanger door on the side of the unit by removing screws.
5. This unit is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the main burner. DO NOT try to light burner by any other method.
6. Move the gas control valve switch to the OFF position. Do not force.
7. Wait five minutes to clear out any gas.
8. Smell for gas, including near the ground. This is important because some types of gas are heavier than air. If you have waited five minutes and you do smell gas, immediately follow the warnings on page 3 of this manual. If having waited for five minutes and no gas smell is noted, move the gas control valve switch to the ON position.
9. Replace the heat exchanger door on the side of the unit.
10. Open the manual gas valve external to the unit.
11. Turn on the electrical power supply to the unit.
12. Set the thermostat to desired setting.

### GAS SUPPLY PRESSURES & REGULATOR ADJUSTMENTS

#### **WARNING**

**SHOULD OVERHEATING OCCUR OR THE GAS SUPPLY FAIL TO SHUT OFF, TURN OFF THE MANUAL GAS SHUTOFF VALVE EXTERNAL TO THE UNIT BEFORE TURNING OFF THE ELECTRICAL SUPPLY.**

#### **WARNING**

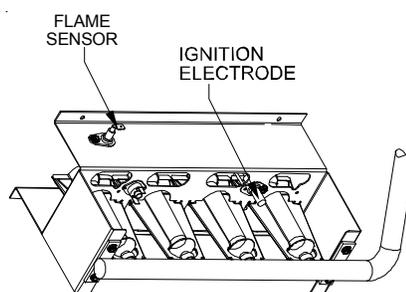
**TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, DO NOT FIRE GAS UNIT WITH FLUE BOX COVER REMOVED.**

**NOTE:** Except during brief periods when gas pressures are being measured by qualified service personnel, the furnace access panel must always be secured in place when the furnace is in operation. An inspection port in the access panel is provided to monitor the flame.

The first step in checking out the gas-fired furnace is to test the gas supply piping to the unit for tightness and purge the system of air using methods outlined in the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1. Verify that the disconnect switch is in the "OFF" position. A soapy water solution should be used to check for gas leaks. Since the unit is subject to considerable jarring during shipment, it is extremely important that all gas connections and joints be tested for tightness. Gas piping downstream from the unit inlet should be checked for leaks during the subsequent sequence check.

The supply gas pressure should be adjusted to 7.0" w.c. on natural gas and 11.0" on LP gas with the gas burners operating. If there is more than one unit on a common gas line, the pressures should be checked with all units under full fire. A supply pressure tap is provided on the upstream side of the gas valve. A manifold pressure tap is provided on the gas valve. The normal manifold pressure for full input is 3.5" w.c. on natural gas and 9.5" w.c. for propane gas. Low fire natural gas 2.0" w.c., 6.0" low fire propane gas. Minimum gas supply pressure is 5.5" w.c. for natural gas and 11.0" for propane gas. In order to obtain rating, gas supply pressure must be 11.0" w.c. for propane gas.

The pressure regulator on LP gas models is adjusted for 9.5" w.c. manifold pressure and is intended to prevent over-firing only. Do not attempt adjustment of the built-in pressure regulator unless the supply pressure is at least 7.0" w.c. on natural gas or 13.0" w.c. on propane gas. Check the location of the ignition electrode and the flame sensor for correct gap setting.



Flame Sensor and Ignition Electrode Location

MAXIMUM INPUT (BTUH)	NUMBER OF BURNERS	MAXIMUM BTUH/BURNER	GAS ORIFICES	
			NATURAL GAS (Dia)	PROPANE (LP) (Dia)
45,000	2	23,000	#43	#55
70,000	3	23,000	#43	#55
92,000	4	23,000	#43	#55
115,000	5	23,000	#43	#55
140,000	6	23,000	#43	#55

### Heat Exchanger and Burner Orifice Specifications

**NOTE:** Gas appliances located more than 2000 feet above sea level must be derated 4% per 1000 feet of total elevation and that variance in gas heating value and specific gravity require change in manifold pressure to obtain rating, it is mandatory that the input be adjusted at the installation site. All installations should be made as outlined in the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1, section "Procedures To Be Followed To Place An Appliance in Operation". Refer also to the "User's Information Manual" supplied with the unit for additional information on the gas furnace.

#### Gas Supply And Manifold Check

Gas supply pressure and manifold pressure with the burners operating must be as specified on the rating plate.

#### Gas Inlet Pressure Check

Gas inlet pressure must be checked and adjusted in accordance to the type of fuel being consumed.

#### With Power And Gas Off:

1. Connect a water manometer or adequate gauge to the inlet pressure tap of the gas valve.  
Inlet gas pressure can also be measured by removing the cap from the dripleg and installing a predrilled cap with a hose fitting.

#### With Power And Gas On:

2. Put unit into heating cycle and turn on all other gas consuming appliances.

INLET GAS PRESSURE	
NATURAL	Min. 5.0" W.C., Max. 10.0" W.C.
PROPANE	Min. 11.0" W.C., Max. 14.0" W.C.

**NOTE:** Inlet Gas Pressure Must Not Exceed the Maximum Value Shown.

If operating pressures differ from above, make necessary pressure regulator adjustments, check piping size, etc., and/or consult with local utility.

#### Manifold Pressure Check

The gas valve has a tapped opening to facilitate measurement of the manifold pressure. A "U" Tube manometer having a scale range

from 0 to 12 inches of water should be used for this measurement. The manifold pressure must be measured with the burners operating.

1. With disconnect switch open, remove field connected thermostat wire from terminal R, W1 and W2 on TB1. Place jumper wire between R, W1 and W2 to engage high stage heat. (note on 045 kbtu/hr units W2 is not used, only jumper R to W1).
2. See Figure in input rating section for gas valve adjustment.

To adjust the pressure regulator, remove the adjustment screw or cover on the gas valve. Turn out (counterclockwise) to decrease pressure, turn in (clockwise) to increase pressure. Only small variations in gas flow should be made by means of the pressure regulator adjustment. In no case should the final manifold pressure vary more than plus or minus 0.3 inches water column from the specified nominal pressure. Any major changes in flow should be made by changing the size of the burner orifices. The measured input rate to the furnace must not exceed the rating specified on the unit rating plate.

For natural gas, the high stage manifold pressure must be between 3.2 and 3.8 inches water column (3.5 nominal). Low stage manifold pressure must be between 1.7 to 2.3 inches water column (2.0 nominal).

3. To set low fire rate on 090, 115 and 140 kbtu/hr: Open disconnect switch, and remove jumper from R to W2. To set low fire manifold pressure, repeat steps above. Refer to Figure in input rating section for location of high and low stage adjustment.

For propane gas, the manifold pressure must be between 9.7 and 10.3 inches water column (10.0 nominal). Low stage manifold must be between 5.7 and 6.3 inches water column (6.0 nominal).

#### Gas Input (Natural Gas Only) Check

It is the responsibility of the contractor to adjust the gas input to the unit.

To measure the gas input use a gas meter and proceed as follows:

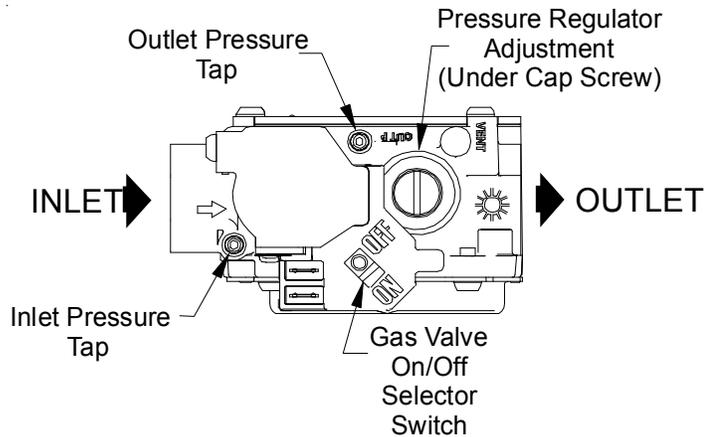
1. Turn off gas supply to all other appliances except the unit.
2. With the unit operating, time the smallest dial on the meter for one complete revolution. If this is a 2 cubic foot dial, divide the seconds by 2; if it is a 1 cubic foot dial, use the seconds as is. This gives the seconds per cubic foot of gas being delivered to the unit.
3. INPUT=GAS HTG VALUE x 3600 / SEC. PER CUBIC FOOT

**Example:** Natural gas with a heating value of 1000 BTU per cubic foot and 34 seconds per cubic foot as determined by Step 2, then:

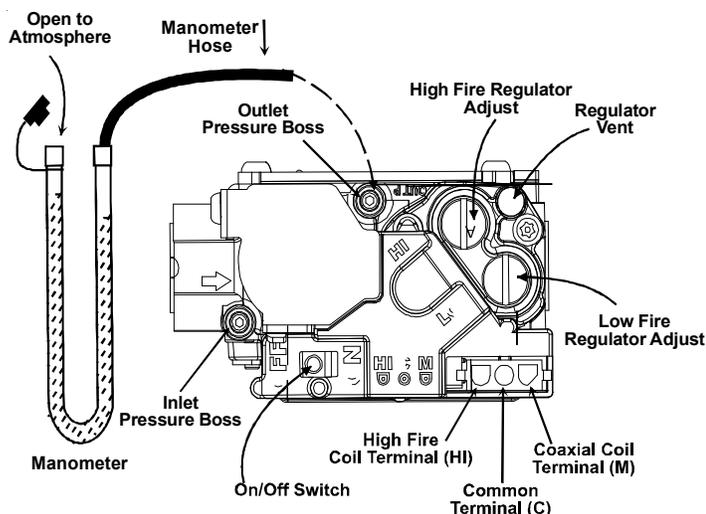
Input = 1000 x 3600 / 34 = 106,000 BTU per Hour. **NOTE:** BTU content of the gas should be obtained from the gas supplier. This measured input must not be greater than shown on the unit rating plate.

Adjust input rate by varying the adjustment of the gas pressure regulator on the gas valve. All adjustments must be made with furnace operating at high fire and at normal operating tempera-

ture. A manometer should be connected to the gas valve to verify pressure is within the specified range (see following figures for manometer connections). Clockwise rotation of the pressure regulator screw increases pressure and gas flow rate. Turn screw counterclockwise to decrease pressure and gas flow rate. After adjustment the furnace temperature rise must be within the range specified on the unit data plate. **NOTE:** Thermal efficiency of the furnace is a product efficiency rating determined under continuous operating conditions independent of any installed system.



White-Rodgers 36G22 - Single Stage



White-Rodgers 36G54 (2-Stage) Connected to Manometer  
Pressure Adjustments

To connect manometer to gas valve:

1. Back outlet pressure test screw (inlet/outlet pressure boss) out one turn (counterclockwise, not more than one turn).
2. Attach a hose and manometer to the outlet pressure boss of the valve.

To remove manometer from gas valve:

1. Remove manometer hose from outlet pressure boss.
2. Turn outlet pressure test screw in to seal pressure port (clockwise, 7 in-lb. minimum).
3. Turn on electrical power and gas supply to the system.
4. Turn on system power and energize valve.
5. Using a leak detection solution or soap suds, check for leaks at pressure boss screw. Bubbles forming indicate a leak. SHUT OFF GAS AND FIX ALL LEAKS IMMEDIATELY.

## ⚠ CAUTION

**TO PREVENT UNRELIABLE OPERATION OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, THE GAS MANIFOLD PRESSURE MUST BE AS SPECIFIED ON THE UNIT RATING PLATE. ONLY MINOR ADJUSTMENTS SHOULD BE MADE BY ADJUSTING THE GAS VALVE PRESSURE REGULATOR.**

4. Relight all other appliances turned off in step 1. Be sure all pilot burners are operating.

### Main Burner Flame Check

Flames should be stable, soft and blue (dust may cause orange tips but they must not be yellow) and extending directly outward from the burner without curling, floating or lifting off.

### NOx Screen Check

Verify that the alignment of the NOx screens is at 6 o'clock. In jurisdictions that do not require low NOx emissions, NOx screens may be removed.

### Temperature Rise Check

Check the temperature rise through the unit by placing thermometers in supply and return air registers as close to the unit as possible. Thermometers must not be able to sample temperature directly from the unit heat exchangers, or false readings could be obtained.

1. All registers must be open; all duct dampers must be in their final (fully or partially open) position and the unit operated for 15 minutes before taking readings.
2. The temperature rise must be within the range specified on the rating plate.

**NOTE:** Air temperature rise is the temperature difference between supply and return air.

With a properly designed system, the proper amount of temperature rise will normally be obtained when the unit is operated at rated input with the recommended blower speed.

If the correct amount of temperature rise is not obtained, it may be necessary to change the blower speed. A higher blower speed will lower the temperature rise. A slower blower speed will increase the temperature rise.

**NOTE:** Blower speed MUST be set to give the correct air temperature rise through the unit as marked on the rating plate.

## NORMAL SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

### HEATING

This unit has one (RS) Manual Reset Limit Control Switch. Check the limit to make sure it has not tripped. The limit may arrive at the job site tripped as a result of shipping shock.

If the venter motor comes on, but the unit does not attempt ignition, check if the ALS (Auxiliary High Limit Control Switch) requires resetting.

1. With electricity and gas turned on, the system switch in the "HEAT" or "AUTO" position and the fan switch in the "AUTO" position, the thermostat will close the circuit between unit terminals R and W (R-W) when the temperature falls below the thermostat setting.
2. D1 on IIC energizes relay IDMR.
3. Relay IDMR energizes the venter motor IDM.
4. Operation of the venter motor closes the pressure switch PS located in the burner compartment. Unless excessive temperatures or shipping shock have opened high limit control ALS, power is fed to the integrated ignition control, which then initiates a 15-second pre-purge time delay. During this period, the venter motor will clear the combustion chamber of any residual gas.
5. After the pre-purge period, the ignition control energizes the WI-C gas valve and simultaneously initiates a "three (3)-try" spark ignition sequence.
6. When the burners are ignited, a minimum one (1) micro-amp DC current will flow through the flame between the sensor electrode and the grounded burner.
7. When the controller proves that the flame has been established, it will keep the gas valve energized and discontinue the ignition spark. High stage manifold pressure will be approximately 3.5" w.c. for natural gas and 10.0" w.c. for propane (LP). Low fire natural gas is 2.0" w.c.; low fire propane 6.0" w.c.
8. If the control is unable to ignite the burners after its initial attempt, it will initiate another purge and spark sequence. A third purge and spark sequence will be initiated if the second attempt is unsuccessful. If the third attempt is unsuccessful, the controller will close the gas valve and lock itself out. It may be reset by momentarily interrupting power. This may be accomplished by briefly lowering the room thermostat set-point below room temperature, or by shutting off the main power to the unit. (See TP-105 for more details.)
9. Integrated ignition control will close its normally open contacts after a delay of approximately 30 seconds. This action energizes contactor BC and starts the supply fan motor. Operation of the supply fan circulates air across the heat exchanger and delivers heated air to the conditioned space.
10. When the space temperature rises, the thermostat will open R-W. Opening R-W will cause the gas valve to close, and the furnace to shut down.
11. The furnace has three high temperature limit controls, which can shut down the burner. They do not shut down the venter motor.

#### **Unit Shutdown**

1. Set the thermostat to lowest setting.
2. Turn off the electrical power supply to the unit.
3. Remove the heat exchanger door on the side of the unit by removing screws.
4. Move the gas control valve switch to the OFF position. Do not force.
5. Close manual gas shut off valve external to the unit.
6. Replace the heat exchanger door on the unit.

7. If cooling and/or air circulation will be desired, turn ON the electrical power.

#### **AUTOMATIC RESET HIGH LIMIT CONTROL (LS)**

Located in the burner compartment on the heat exchanger, its sensing element projects through the blower section bulkhead and senses the temperature at the rear of the furnace. It will cycle the furnace off if the temperature exceeds 100°F plus maximum rise.

#### **AUXILIARY HIGH LIMIT CONTROL (ALS)**

Located in the blower compartment on the blower housing, it senses air temperature within the blower compartment and protects the filters from excessive temperature. It will shut down the furnace if it senses excessive temperatures.

Elevated temperatures at the control are normally caused by blower failure. The reason for the opening should be determined and repaired prior to resetting.

#### **MANUAL RESET FLAME ROLLOUT CONTROL (RS)**

Located in the burner compartment at the top of the burner assembly, it senses high temperature that could occur if the heat exchanger tubes were plugged and the flame was rolling out instead of entering the tubes. It has a manual push-button reset that cannot be actuated until the limit control has cooled.

The reason for elevated temperatures at the control should be determined and repaired prior to resetting this manual reset control.



#### **WARNING**

**TO AVOID PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO FIRE OR EXPLOSION, A QUALIFIED SERVICER MUST INVESTIGATE THE REASON FOR THE ROLLOUT PROTECTION DEVICE TO OPEN BEFORE MANUALLY RESETTING THE ROLLOUT PROTECTION DEVICE.**

#### **REFRIGERATION SYSTEM CHECKS**

This unit is equipped with a piston type metering device or non-adjustable TXV.

Ensure the hold-down bolts on the compressor are secure and have not vibrated loose during shipment. Check that the vibration grommets have been installed and visually check all piping for damage and leaks and repair if necessary. The entire system has been factory charged and tested, making it unnecessary to field charge. Factory refrigerant charge is shown on the unit's nameplate.

To confirm charge levels or, if a leak occurs and charge needs to be added to the system, it is recommended to evacuate the system and recharge refrigerant to the unit's nameplate specifications. This unit has been rated in the cooling mode at the AHRI rated conditions of: indoor (80°F db/67°F wb) and outdoor (95°F db). While operating at this condition, the superheat should range from 9°F to 11°F for each refrigeration circuit measured at the suction service port located near the compressor.

## START-UP PROCEDURE AND CHECKLIST

Begin with power turned off at all disconnects.

1. Turn thermostat system switch to “Cool,” and fan switch to “Auto” and turn temperature setting as high as it will go.
2. Inspect all registers and set them to the normal open position.
3. Turn on the electrical supply at the disconnect.
4. Turn the fan switch to the “ON” position. The blower should operate after a 7 second delay.
5. Turn the fan switch to “Auto” position. The blower should stop after a 65 second delay.
6. Slowly lower the cooling temperature until the unit starts. The compressor, blower and fan should now be operating. Allow the unit to run 10 minutes, make sure cool air is being supplied by the unit.

After the 10 minute run, continue lowering cooling temperature until blower speed increases indicating 2nd stage cooling. Make sure cool air is still being supplied by unit and proceed to step 7.

7. Turn the temperature setting to the highest position, stopping the unit. The indoor blower will continue to run for 65 seconds.
8. Turn the thermostat system switch to “OFF” and disconnect all power when servicing the unit.

## REFRIGERATION SEQUENCE CHECK

With the disconnect switch open, remove the field connected thermostat wire from terminal R on TB1 terminal block. Place a jumper across terminals R and G, and across R and Y on TB1 terminal block. Close the disconnect switch. The following operational sequence should be observed.

1. Current through primary winding of transformer TRANS1 energizes the 24-volt control circuit.
2. To simulate a mechanical call for cooling from the wall thermostat, place a jumper across terminals R and Y of terminal block TB1. The cooling is energized when the room temperature is above the thermostat set-point for cooling. The thermostat makes R to Y.
3. **UNIT WITH ECONOMIZER OPTION:** The compressor circuit is interlocked through terminals 1 and 4 of the economizer module. If the outdoor air enthalpy (temperature and humidity) is not suitable for cooling, the economizer terminals will be closed permitting compressor to be energized.
4. The belt drive blower contactor closes its contacts L1, L2 and L3 to T1, T2 and T3 to provide power to the supply fan motor.

### PSC Motor

Adjust the CFM for the unit by changing the speed tap of the indoor blower motor at the EBTDR “com” connection with one of the speed taps on “M1” or “M2”. (Black-High Speed, Blue-Medium Speed, Red-Low Speed.)

### EEM Motor

Adjust the CFM for the unit by changing the position of the low voltage leads on the motor terminal block. White is for fan only and gas heat, Yellow is for cooling. Refer to Appendix A for blower performance at each speed tap. **NOTE:** If more than one lead is energized simultaneously, the motor will run at the higher speed.

5. Check supply fan rotation. If the supply fan is rotating in the wrong direction, disconnect and lock off Single Point Power Block. Do not attempt to change load side wiring. Internal wiring is set at the factory to assure that the supply fan and compressors all rotate in the proper direction. Verification of correct supply fan rotation at initial startup will also indicate correct compressor rotation. Reconnect power and check for proper operation.
6. Compressor contactor closes its contacts L1, L2 and L3 to T1, T2 and T3 to provide power to the compressor motor COMP. 1. In addition, contactor C1 closes its contact L3 to T3, energizing the condenser fan motor.



## WARNING

**BURN HAZARD!  
DO NOT TOUCH! DISCHARGE LINE MAY BE HOT!**

7. Check that the compressor is operating correctly. The scroll compressors in these units MUST operate in the proper rotation. To ensure the compressors are operating in the correct direction, check the compressor discharge line pressure or temperature after the compressor is started. The discharge pressure and discharge line temperature should increase. If this does not occur and the compressor is producing an exceptional amount of noise, perform the following checks.
  - Ensure all compressors and the supply fan motor are operating in the proper direction. If a single motor is operating backwards, check the power wiring for that motor and correct any leads that have been interchanged at the contactor or at the motor.
  - If all of the motors are operating backward, disconnect the unit power supply and lock it in the “OFF” position. Switch two leads of the power supply at the unit Single Point Power Block. Reconnect power and check for compressor and supply fan motor operation.
8. With all safety devices closed, the system will continue cooling operation until the thermostat is satisfied.
9. Disconnecting the jumper wire between R and Y and between R and G on TB1 terminal block will simulate a satisfied thermostat. The compressor will cycle off and IIC (pin 12) will initiate its time delay cycle. The compressor and the supply fan will cycle off.
10. After a time delay of approximately 3 minutes, the compressor control circuits will be ready to respond to a subsequent call for cooling from the wall thermostat.
11. Open disconnect switch. Reconnect the field thermostat wire at terminal R on terminal block TB1.

## REFRIGERATION PERFORMANCE CHECK

Check that compressor RLA corresponds to values shown in Appendix B. RLA draw can be much lower than values listed at low load conditions and low ambient condensing temperatures. Values in Appendix B can slightly exceed at high load conditions and high ambient condensing temperatures.

## FINAL SYSTEM CHECKS

1. Check to see if all supply and return air grilles are adjusted and the air distribution system is balanced for the best compromise between heating and cooling.
2. Check for air leaks in the ductwork. See Sections on **Air Flow Adjustments**.
3. Make sure the unit is free of “rattles”, and the tubing in the unit is free from excessive vibration. Also make sure tubes or lines are not rubbing against each other or sheet metal surfaces or edges. If so, correct the trouble.
4. Set the thermostat at the appropriate setting for cooling and heating or automatic changeover for normal use.
5. Be sure the Owner is instructed on the unit operation, filter, servicing, correct thermostat operation, etc.

## MAINTENANCE



### WARNING

#### HIGH VOLTAGE!

DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



### WARNING

TO PREVENT PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO IMPROPER INSTALLATION, ADJUSTMENT, ALTERATION, SERVICE OR MAINTENANCE, REFER TO THIS MANUAL. FOR ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE OR INFORMATION, CONSULT A QUALIFIED INSTALLER, SERVICE AGENCY OR THE GAS SUPPLIER.



### CAUTION

SHEET METAL PARTS, SCREWS, CLIPS AND SIMILAR ITEMS INHERENTLY HAVE SHARP EDGES, AND IT IS NECESSARY THAT THE INSTALLER AND SERVICE PERSONNEL EXERCISE CAUTION.

Preventive maintenance is the best way to avoid unnecessary expense and inconvenience. Have this system inspected at regular intervals by qualified service personnel, at least twice a year. Routine maintenance should cover the following items:

1. Tighten all belts, set screws, and wire connections.
2. Clean evaporator and condenser coils mechanically or with cold water, if necessary. Usually any fouling is only matted on the entering air face of the coil and can be removed by brushing.
3. Lubricate motor bearings.
4. Align or replace belts as needed.
5. Replace filters as needed (see below).

6. Check for blockage of condensate drain.
7. Check power and control voltages.
8. Check running amperage.
9. Check operating temperatures and pressures.
10. Check and adjust temperature and pressure controls.
11. Check and adjust damper linkages.
12. Check operation of all safety controls.
13. Examine gas furnaces (see below and the User's Information Manual).
14. Check condenser fans and tighten set screws.

## FILTERS



### CAUTION

TO PREVENT PROPERTY DAMAGE DUE TO FIRE AND LOSS OF EQUIPMENT EFFICIENCY OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE DUE TO DUST AND LINT BUILD UP ON INTERNAL PARTS, NEVER OPERATE UNIT WITHOUT AN AIR FILTER INSTALLED IN THE RETURN AIR SYSTEM.

Every application may require a different frequency of replacement of dirty filters. Filters must be replaced at least every three (3) months during operating seasons.

Dirty filters are the most common cause of inadequate heating or cooling performance. Filter inspection should be made at least every two months; more often if necessary because of local conditions and usage.

Dirty throwaway filters should be discarded and replaced with a new, clean filter.

Disposable return air filters are supplied with this unit. See the unit Specification Sheet or Technical Manual for the correct size and part number. To remove the filters, remove the filter access panel on return side of the unit.

## CABINET FINISH MAINTENANCE

Use a fine grade automotive wax on the cabinet finish to maintain the finish's original high luster. This is especially important in installations with extended periods of direct sunlight.

## CLEAN OUTSIDE COIL (QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)

The coil with the outside air flowing over it should be inspected annually and cleaned as frequently as necessary to keep the finned areas free of lint, hair and debris.

## CONDENSER AND INDUCED DRAFT MOTORS

Bearings on the condenser fan motors and the combustion fan motor are permanently lubricated. No additional oiling is required.

## FLAME SENSOR (QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)

A drop in the flame current can be caused by a nearly invisible coating on the flame sensor. This coating, created by the fuel or combustion air supply, can be removed by carefully cleaning the flame sensor with steel wool.

**NOTE:** After cleaning, the microamp signal should be stable and in the range of 4 - 6 microamps DC.

## FLUE PASSAGES (QUALIFIED SERVICER ONLY)

At the start of each heating season, inspect and, if necessary, clean the unit flue passage.

## LUBRICATION

The fan shaft bearings, the 1 to 2 HP supply fan motors, the condenser fan motors and compressors are permanently lubricated.

## INSPECTION & CLEANING

All flue product carrying areas of the furnace, its vent system, and main burners should be examined by a qualified service agency before the start of each heating season. This examination is necessary for continued safe operation. Particular attention should be given to deterioration from corrosion or other sources. This examination is accomplished in the following manner.

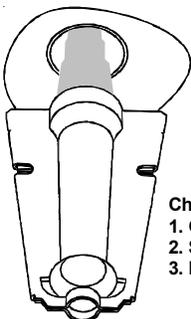
1. Disconnect power to the unit and remove furnace section access panel.
2. Remove burner assembly:
  - a. Disconnect the wires from the gas valve after noting which wires are connected to each terminal.
  - b. Disconnect wires from the flame rod and ignition electrode.
  - c. Disconnect the gas piping at the union.
  - d. The entire burner assembly can now be removed from the unit.

**NOTE:** Use all screws that were removed; they are necessary for safe and proper operation of the unit.

3. Inspect and periodically clean the vent outlet (bird screen) on the access panel.

**NOTE:** Periodic observation of the flame and a log of CO<sub>2</sub> measurements are recommended. This will aid in determining whether the furnace is operating efficiently or if the furnace requires cleaning.

Flames should be stable, soft and blue (dust may cause orange tips but must not be yellow). The flames must extend directly outward from the burner without curling, floating or lifting off.



- Check the burner flames for:
1. Good adjustment
  2. Stable, soft and blue
  3. Not curling, floating, or lifting off.

Burner Flame

## WARNING

TO AVOID PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO ELECTRIC SHOCK, DO NOT REMOVE ANY INTERNAL COMPARTMENT COVERS OR ATTEMPT ANY ADJUSTMENT. CONTACT A QUALIFIED SERVICER AT ONCE IF AN ABNORMAL FLAME SHOULD DEVELOP.

At least once a year, prior to or during the heating season, make a visual check of the burner flames.

**NOTE:** This will involve removing and reinstalling the heat exchanger door on the unit, which is held by two screws. If you are uncertain about your ability to do this, contact a qualified servicer. If a strong wind is blowing, it may alter the airflow pattern within the unit enough that an inspection of the burner flames is not possible.

## FUNCTIONAL PARTS

Refer to the unit Parts Catalog for a list of functional parts. Parts are available from your distributor.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

### IGNITION CONTROL ERROR CODES

The following presents probable causes of questionable unit operation. Refer to *Diagnostic Indicator Chart* for an interpretation of the signal and to this section for an explanation.

Remove the control box access panel and note the number of diagnostic LED flashes. Refer to *Diagnostic Indicator Chart* for an interpretation of the signal and to this section for an explanation.

### Internal Control Failure

If the integrated ignition control in this unit encounters an internal fault, it will go into a "hard" lockout and turn off the diagnostic LED. If diagnostic LED indicates an internal fault, check power supply to unit for proper voltage, check all fuses, circuit breakers and wiring. Disconnect electric power for five seconds. If LED remains off after restoring power, replace control.

### ABNORMAL OPERATION - HEATING CODES

#### External Lockout (1 FLASH CODE)

An external lockout occurs if the integrated ignition control determines that a measurable combustion cannot be established within three (3) consecutive ignition attempts. If flame is not established within the seven (7) second trial for ignition, the gas valve is deenergized, 15 second inter-purge cycle is completed, and ignition is reattempted. The control will repeat this routine three times if a measurable combustion is not established. The control will then shut off the induced draft blower and go into a lockout state.

If flame is established but lost, the control will energize the circulator blower at the heat speed and then begin a new ignition sequence. If flame is established then lost on subsequent attempts, the control will recycle for four (4) consecutive ignition attempts (five attempts total) before locking out.

The diagnostic fault code is 1 flash for a lockout due to failed ignition attempts or flame dropouts. The integrated control will automatically reset after one hour, or it can be reset by removing the thermostat signal or disconnecting the electrical power supply for over five seconds. If the diagnostic LED indicates an external lockout, perform the following checks:

- *Check the supply and manifold pressures*
- *Check the gas orifices for debris*
- *Check gas valve for proper operation*
- *Check secondary limit*

A dirty filter, excessive duct static, insufficient air flow, a faulty limit, or a failed circulator blower can cause this limit to open. Check filters, total external duct static, circulator blower motor, blower motor speed tap (see wiring diagram), and limit. An interruption in electrical power during a heating cycle may also cause the auxiliary limit to open. The automatic reset secondary limit is located on top of the circulator blower assembly.

- *Check rollout limit*

If the burner flames are not properly drawn into the heat exchanger, the flame rollout protection device will open. Possible causes are restricted or blocked flue passages, blocked or cracked heat exchanger, a failed induced draft blower, or insufficient combustion air. The rollout protection device is a manual reset limit located on the burner bracket. The cause of the flame rollout must be determined and corrected before resetting the limit.

- *Check flame sensor*

A drop in flame signal can be caused by nearly invisible coating on the sensor. Remove the sensor and carefully clean with steel wool.

- *Check wiring*

Check wiring for opens/shorts and miswiring.

**IMPORTANT:** If you have to frequently reset your gas/electric package unit, it means that a problem exists that should be corrected. Contact a qualified servicer for further information.

#### **Pressure Switch Stuck Open (2 FLASH CODE)**

IA pressure switch stuck open can be caused by a faulty pressure switch, faulty wiring, a disconnected or damaged hose, a blocked or restricted flue, or a faulty induced draft blower. If the control senses an open pressure switch during the pre-purge cycle, the induced draft blower only will be energized.

If the pressure switch opens after ignition has begun the gas valve is deenergized, the circulator blower heat off cycle begins, and the induced draft blower remains on. The diagnostic fault code is two flashes.

#### **Pressure Switch Stuck Closed (3 FLASH CODE)**

A stuck closed pressure switch can be caused by a faulty pressure switch or faulty wiring. If the control encounters a pressure switch stuck closed, the induced draft blower remains off. The diagnostic LED code for this fault is three (3) flashes.

#### **Open Thermal Protection Device (4 FLASH CODE)**

If the primary limit switch opens, the gas valve is immediately deenergized, the induced draft and air circulating blowers are energized. The induced draft and air circulator blowers remain energized until the limit switch recloses. The diagnostic fault code for an open limit is four (4) flashes.

A primary limit will open due to excessive supply air temperatures. This can be caused by a dirty filter, excessive duct static, insufficient air flow, or a faulty limit. Check filters, total external duct static, blower motor, blower motor speed tap (see wiring diagram), and limit. This limit will automatically reset once the temperature falls below a preset level.

#### **Flame Detected with Gas Valve Closed (5 FLASH CODE)**

If flame is detected with the gas valve deenergized, the combustion and air circulator blowers are energized. The diagnostic fault code is five (5) flashes for this condition. The control can be reset by removing the power supply to the unit or it will automatically reset after one hour. Miswiring is the probable cause for this fault.

#### **ABNORMAL OPERATION - COOLING CODES**

##### **Short Cycle Compressor Delay (6 FLASH CODE)**

The automatic ignition control has a built-in feature that prevents damage to the compressor in short cycling situations. In the event of intermittent power losses or intermittent thermostat operation, the ignition control will delay output to the compressor contactor for three minutes from the time power is restored. (Compressor is off a total of three minutes). The diagnostic LED will flash six (6) times to indicate the compressor contactor output is being delayed.

**NOTE:** Some electronic thermostats also have a built-in compressor short cycle timer that may be longer than the three minute delay given above. If you are using an electronic thermostat and the compressor has not started after three minutes, wait an additional five minutes to allow the thermostat to complete its short cycle delay time.

# APPENDIX A BLOWER PERFORMANCE TABLES

## DIRECT DRIVE

### DSG036 DOWN SHOT AND HORIZONTAL

**DSG036 DIRECT DRIVE DOWN SHOT**

SPEED TAP	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (ESP) in w.c.	STANDARD CFM	AMPS	WATTS	RPM
LOW	0.10	1270	1.53	355	760
	0.20	1205	1.53	350	810
	0.30	1145	1.49	340	840
	0.40	1085	1.45	330	875
	0.50	1035	1.42	320	900
MED	0.10	1460	1.96	450	850
	0.20	1380	1.89	430	885
	0.30	1275	1.80	405	915
	0.40	1175	1.73	400	950
	0.50	1075	1.68	380	965
	0.60	1005	1.63	370	1000
	0.70	915	1.59	360	1015
HIGH	0.30	1445	2.20	500	950
	0.40	1340	2.13	480	975
	0.50	1275	2.07	465	1000
	0.60	1175	2.02	455	1020
	0.70	1040	1.92	430	1045
	0.80	830	1.78	395	1070

**DSG036 DIRECT DRIVE HORIZONTAL**

SPEED TAP	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (ESP) in w.c.	STANDARD CFM	AMPS	WATTS	RPM
LOW	0.10	1280	1.54	360	755
	0.20	1215	1.50	345	800
	0.30	1145	1.46	335	830
	0.40	1080	1.42	325	870
	0.50	1005	1.37	310	895
MED	0.10	1485	1.98	460	840
	0.20	1410	1.92	440	870
	0.30	1335	1.86	425	900
	0.40	1255	1.80	410	930
	0.50	1170	1.75	400	950
	0.60	1075	1.68	380	980
	0.70	945	1.60	360	1005
HIGH	0.80	1445	2.20	505	940
	0.40	1365	2.14	490	960
	0.50	1270	2.08	470	985
	0.60	1180	2.02	460	1000
	0.70	1050	1.92	435	1030
	0.80	825	1.78	400	1055

**NOTES:**

Tables represent dry coil without filter, to compensate for filter add 0.08" to measured E.S.P. SCFM

correction for wet coil = 4 %.

3 Ton models are shipped from the factory with speed tap set on LOW.

# APPENDIX A BLOWER PERFORMANCE TABLES DIRECT DRIVE

## DSG048 DOWN SHOT AND HORIZONTAL

### DSG048 DIRECT DRIVE DOWN SHOT

SPEED TAP	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (ESP) in w.c.	STANDARD CFM	AMPS	WATTS	RPM
LOW	0.10	1548	2.03	480	930
	0.20	1500	2.00	470	945
	0.30	1425	1.89	450	970
	0.40	1353	1.83	430	995
	0.50	1273	1.75	415	1020
MED	0.10	1660	2.31	540	1020
	0.20	1625	2.25	530	1035
	0.30	1565	2.19	515	1040
	0.40	1485	2.12	505	1050
	0.50	1405	2.12	500	1055
	0.60	1285	1.98	465	1060
HIGH	0.70	1200	1.93	440	1070
	0.10	1825	2.65	620	1045
	0.20	1745	2.55	600	1060
	0.30	1670	2.53	590	1065
	0.40	1585	2.46	575	1070
	0.50	1480	2.37	550	1080
0.60	1405	2.31	535	1090	

### DSG048 DIRECT DRIVE HORIZONTAL

SPEED TAP	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (ESP) in w.c.	STANDARD CFM	AMPS	WATTS	RPM
LOW	0.10	1570	2.09	490	905
	0.20	1520	2.06	480	920
	0.30	1445	1.95	460	945
	0.40	1375	1.89	440	970
	0.50	1295	1.81	425	995
MED	0.10	1715	2.39	560	975
	0.20	1655	2.32	545	985
	0.30	1580	2.24	525	1005
	0.40	1500	2.16	505	1020
	0.50	1405	2.09	490	1035
	0.60	1305	2.00	465	1050
HIGH	0.70	1200	1.92	440	1065
	0.10	1839	2.77	650	1030
	0.20	1770	2.70	630	1040
	0.30	1696	2.62	610	1050
	0.40	1611	2.53	590	1060
	0.50	1510	2.44	560	1070
0.60	1418	2.36	540	1085	

**NOTES:**

Tables represent dry coil without filter, to compensate for filter add 0.08" to measured ES.P. SCFM correction for wet coil = 4 %.

4 Ton models are shipped from the factory with speed tap set on MED.

# APPENDIX A BLOWER PERFORMANCE TABLES

## DIRECT DRIVE

### DSG060 DOWN SHOT

#### DSG060 DIRECT DRIVE DOWN SHOT

SPEED TAP	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (ESP) in w.c.	STANDARD CFM	AMPS	WATTS	RPM
T1	0.10	1205	1.47	180	635
	0.20	1150	1.54	185	675
	0.30	1065	1.59	185	730
	0.40	980	1.68	195	760
	0.50	860	1.79	200	810
	0.60	800	1.82	220	840
T2	0.10	1375	1.94	235	690
	0.20	1300	2.01	245	720
	0.30	1230	2.05	255	750
	0.40	1180	2.15	265	790
	0.50	1100	2.22	275	830
	0.60	1005	2.33	285	890
	0.70	970	2.43	295	900
	0.80	915	2.51	310	940
T3	0.10	1755	3.34	385	850
	0.20	1700	3.47	395	865
	0.30	1665	3.56	410	895
	0.40	1580	3.68	425	930
	0.50	1545	3.72	435	955
	0.60	1505	3.80	520	990
	0.70	1430	3.93	530	1020
	0.80	1370	4.08	535	1040
	0.90	1300	4.12	570	1070
T4	0.10	1945	4.46	600	920
	0.20	1910	4.57	620	940
	0.30	1850	4.66	635	965
	0.40	1795	4.78	655	990
	0.50	1760	4.84	670	1020
	0.60	1710	4.96	685	1045
	0.70	1640	5.06	675	1065
	0.80	1610	5.19	690	1090
	0.90	1560	5.22	700	1125
T5	0.10	2090	5.35	720	970
	0.20	2040	5.38	740	990
	0.30	1985	5.70	755	1025
	0.40	1935	5.44	760	1035
	0.50	1900	5.82	780	1050
	0.60	1855	5.73	800	1075
	0.70	1810	5.69	810	1090
	0.80	1750	5.82	825	1120
	0.90	1680	5.94	840	1145

**NOTES:**

SCFM correction for wet coil = 4 %.

5 Ton models are shipped from the factory with speed tap set on T4.

# APPENDIX A BLOWER PERFORMANCE TABLES

## DIRECT DRIVE

### DSG060 HORIZONTAL

#### DSG060 DIRECT DRIVE HORIZONTAL

SPEED TAP	EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (ESP) in w.c.	STANDARD CFM	AMPS	WATTS	RPM
T1	0.10	1215	1.40	165	610
	0.20	1150	1.46	175	645
	0.30	1085	1.54	180	690
	0.40	1010	1.64	195	725
	0.50	900	1.74	205	780
	0.60	840	1.77	215	810
T2	0.10	1395	1.86	230	670
	0.20	1325	1.95	240	705
	0.30	1260	2.01	250	735
	0.40	1210	2.10	260	770
	0.50	1135	2.16	265	810
	0.60	1050	2.28	280	860
	0.70	970	2.38	290	885
	0.80	910	2.46	300	925
T3	0.10	1790	3.24	425	810
	0.20	1735	3.37	435	830
	0.30	1670	3.45	450	865
	0.40	1610	3.55	465	890
	0.50	1560	3.60	475	920
	0.60	1520	3.70	490	945
	0.70	1470	3.80	500	970
	0.80	1410	3.94	510	995
	0.90	1345	3.98	530	1035
T4	0.10	2005	4.30	575	880
	0.20	1965	4.41	590	900
	0.30	1895	4.52	610	930
	0.40	1835	4.63	620	955
	0.50	1790	4.75	635	980
	0.60	1745	4.84	650	1005
	0.70	1695	4.91	660	1030
	0.80	1650	5.03	675	1055
	0.90	1600	5.10	675	1080
T5	0.10	2120	5.10	690	930
	0.20	2075	5.15	710	950
	0.30	2025	5.23	720	975
	0.40	1975	5.35	735	995
	0.50	1930	5.46	750	1020
	0.60	1875	5.59	770	1040
	0.70	1835	5.64	780	1065
	0.80	1795	5.73	790	1090
	0.90	1735	5.82	805	1110

**NOTES:**

SCFM correction for wet coil = 4 %.

5 Ton models are shipped from the factory with speed tap set on T4.

## APPENDIX A BLOWER PERFORMANCE TABLES

### BELT DRIVE STANDARD DOWN SHOT

#### DSG036 STANDARD BELT DRIVE DOWN SHOT

ESP, In H <sub>2</sub> O	TURNS OPEN											
	0		1		2		3		4		5	
	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP
0.2							1596	0.36	1368	0.28	1162	0.21
0.4					1468	0.37	1224	0.28	981	0.20		
0.6	1610	0.51	1383	0.39	1124	0.28	856	0.19				
0.8	1293	0.40	1021	0.29	776	0.20						
1.0	948	0.29	614	0.17								

#### DSG048 STANDARD BELT DRIVE DOWN SHOT

ESP, In H <sub>2</sub> O	TURNS OPEN											
	0		1		2		3		4		5	
	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP
0.2							1891	0.56	1632	0.42	1391	0.30
0.4					1796	0.57	1533	0.43	1290	0.31	1055	0.19
0.6	1948	0.74	1744	0.61	1446	0.44	1206	0.32	910	0.19		
0.8	1654	0.63	1409	0.48	1096	0.31						
1.0	1337	0.50	987	0.28								

#### DSG060 STANDARD BELT DRIVE DOWN SHOT

ESP, In H <sub>2</sub> O	TURNS OPEN											
	0		1		2		3		4		5	
	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP
0.2			2210	0.91	2041	0.76	1869	0.63	1739	0.52	1565	0.40
0.4	2197	0.98	2021	0.82	1841	0.67	1660	0.54	1521	0.44	1339	0.32
0.6	2002	0.88	1822	0.72	1635	0.58	1445	0.44	1288	0.35		
0.8	1799	0.77	1610	0.62	1425	0.48						
1.0	1587	0.67	1384	0.51								

**NOTE**

Tables represent dry coil without filter, to compensate for filter add 0.08" to measured E.S.P.

SCFM correction for wet coil = 4 %.

# APPENDIX A BLOWER PERFORMANCE TABLES BELT DRIVE

## HIGH STATIC DOWN SHOT

**DSG036 HIGH STATIC BELT DRIVE DOWN SHOT**

ESP, In H <sub>2</sub> O	TURNS OPEN											
	0		1		2		3		4		5	
	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP
0.6												
0.7											1222	0.40
0.8											1117	0.39
0.9									1221	0.46	1012	0.38
1.0							1246	0.52	1078	0.42	869	0.35
1.1							1126	0.49	935	0.39	725	0.33
1.2					1268	0.56	1006	0.46	763	0.36		
1.3			1335	0.65	1141	0.53	847	0.42				
1.4			1212	0.62	1014	0.5	690	0.38				
1.5	1314	0.72	1090	0.58	887	0.47						
1.6	1187	0.67	922	0.53	750	0.43						
1.7	1060	0.63	753	0.49								
1.8	978	0.61										

**DSG048 HIGH STATIC BELT DRIVE DOWN SHOT**

ESP, In H <sub>2</sub> O	TURNS OPEN											
	0		1		2		3		4		5	
	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP
0.6									1688	0.58	1503	0.48
0.7							1716	0.62	1569	0.55	1398	0.46
0.8							1613	0.59	1450	0.51	1268	0.43
0.9					1702	0.67	1510	0.56	1331	0.48	1138	0.40
1.0					1589	0.64	1412	0.53	1190	0.45	984	0.37
1.1			1751	0.75	1477	0.60	1281	0.50	1052	0.42		
1.2	1755	0.85	1605	0.70	1364	0.57	1133	0.46				
1.3	1640	0.80	1459	0.66	1224	0.53	983	0.43				
1.4	1525	0.76	1313	0.61	1083	0.49						
1.5	1410	0.72	1192	0.57								
1.6	1276	0.67	1033	0.53								
1.7	1137	0.63										
1.8	1008	0.59										

**DSG060 HIGH STATIC BELT DRIVE DOWN SHOT**

ESP, In H <sub>2</sub> O	TURNS OPEN											
	0		1		2		3		4		5	
	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP
0.6									2227	0.86	2050	0.73
0.7									2102	0.82	1932	0.69
0.8							2274	0.93	1999	0.79	1820	0.67
0.9					2304	1.03	2130	0.88	1859	0.76	1630	0.63
1.0					2162	0.98	2010	0.86	1694	0.72	1487	0.59
1.1			2325	1.15	2027	0.94	1820	0.79	1543	0.68	1267	0.55
1.2	2355	1.26	2247	1.11	1902	0.9	1721	0.77	1331	0.63		
1.3	2247	1.22	2062	1.05	1768	0.87	1557	0.71				
1.4	2151	1.19	1932	1.01	1579	0.82	1374	0.66				
1.5	2004	1.14	1768	0.95	1339	0.74						
1.6	1895	1.10	1637	0.91								
1.7	1727	1.04	1331	0.8								
1.8	1391	0.92										

**NOTE**

Tables represent dry coil without filter, to compensate for filter add 0.08" to measured E.S.P.

SCFM correction for wet coil = 4 %.

# APPENDIX A BLOWER PERFORMANCE TABLES

## BELT DRIVE

### STANDARD HORIZONTAL

**DSG036 STANDARD BELT DRIVE HORIZONTAL**

ESP, In H <sub>2</sub> O	TURNS OPEN											
	0		1		2		3		4		5	
	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP
0.2									1524	0.32	1340	0.25
0.4					1628	0.41	1396	0.32	1171	0.24	900	0.16
0.6			1541	0.43	1284	0.32	1024	0.23	714	0.14		
0.8	1444	0.45	1193	0.33	936	0.24						
1.0	1111	0.34	806	0.23								
1.2	744	0.22										

**DSG048 STANDARD BELT DRIVE HORIZONTAL**

ESP, In H <sub>2</sub> O	TURNS OPEN											
	0		1		2		3		4		5	
	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP
0.2									1800	0.47	1556	0.35
0.4					2002	0.65	1708	0.49	1438	0.36	1167	0.22
0.6			1910	0.67	1612	0.50	1330	0.37	1030	0.23		
0.8	1813	0.69	1571	0.54	1222	0.36	989	0.25				
1.0	1478	0.56	1142	0.32								
1.2	1107	0.41										

**DSG060 STANDARD BELT DRIVE HORIZONTAL**

ESP, In H <sub>2</sub> O	TURNS OPEN											
	0		1		2		3		4		5	
	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP
0.2					2460	0.96	2251	0.80	2073	0.65	1862	0.51
0.4			2408	1.00	2206	0.84	1982	0.68	1808	0.55	1572	0.41
0.6	2402	1.08	2173	0.89	1943	0.72	1701	0.55	1511	0.43		
0.8	2153	0.95	1917	0.77	1667	0.59						
1.0	1888	0.82	1634	0.63								
1.2	1601	0.67										

**NOTE**

Tables represent dry coil without filter, to compensate for filter add 0.08" to measured E.S.P.

SCFM correction for wet coil = 4 %.

# APPENDIX A BLOWER PERFORMANCE TABLES BELT DRIVE

## HIGH STATIC HORIZONTAL

**DSG036 HIGH STATIC BELT DRIVE HORIZONTAL**

ESP, In H <sub>2</sub> O	TURNS OPEN											
	0		1		2		3		4		5	
	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP
0.6												
0.7												
0.8											1269	0.45
0.9											1150	0.44
1.0									1225	0.48	988	0.40
1.1							1280	0.55	1063	0.44	824	0.37
1.2							1143	0.52	867	0.40		
1.3					1268	0.59	963	0.48	651	0.36		
1.4			1332	0.68	1127	0.55	766	0.43				
1.5			1198	0.64	986	0.52						
1.6	1304	0.74	1013	0.59	833	0.48						
1.7	1165	0.69	828	0.54								
1.8	1075	0.67										

**DSG048 HIGH STATIC BELT DRIVE HORIZONTAL**

ESP, In H <sub>2</sub> O	TURNS OPEN											
	0		1		2		3		4		5	
	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP
0.6											1669	0.53
0.7									1741	0.61	1553	0.51
0.8							1792	0.66	1610	0.57	1408	0.48
0.9							1680	0.63	1479	0.53	1264	0.44
1					1765	0.71	1568	0.59	1323	0.50	1093	0.41
1.1					1640	0.67	1422	0.55	1168	0.46		
1.2			1784	0.78	1515	0.64	1259	0.51	995	0.43		
1.3	1821	0.89	1621	0.73	1360	0.59	1091	0.47				
1.4	1694	0.84	1458	0.68	1202	0.55						
1.5	1567	0.80	1324	0.63	1042	0.51						
1.6	1417	0.75	1148	0.59								
1.7	1262	0.70										
1.8	1120	0.66										

**DSG060 HIGH STATIC BELT DRIVE HORIZONTAL**

ESP, In H <sub>2</sub> O	TURNS OPEN											
	0		1		2		3		4		5	
	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP	CFM	BHP
0.6									2164	0.89	1985	0.76
0.7							2232	0.99	2047	0.85	1858	0.72
0.8							2104	0.95	1943	0.82	1735	0.70
0.9					2200	1.09	1995	0.92	1819	0.79	1603	0.67
1.0			2297	1.22	2086	1.06	1900	0.89	1687	0.75	1410	0.62
1.1			2204	1.19	1995	1.02	1774	0.86	1543	0.71		
1.2	2249	1.32	2101	1.15	1875	0.99	1624	0.81	1352	0.66		
1.3	2175	1.28	1958	1.11	1740	0.94	1482	0.77				
1.4	2072	1.25	1836	1.06	1587	0.89	1308	0.72				
1.5	1945	1.20	1685	1.00	1402	0.83						
1.6	1841	1.15	1519	0.94								
1.7	1684	1.09										
1.8	1541	1.03										

**NOTE**

Tables represent dry coil without filter, to compensate for filter add 0.08" to measured E.S.P.

SCFM correction for wet coil = 4 %.

# ECONOMIZER-AIRSIDE PRESSURE DROP

Airflow Pressure Drop of Downflow Economizer for 3 to 6 Ton Rooftop Units (100% Return Air)											
SCFM	800	1000	1200	1400	1600	1800	2000	2200	2400	2600	2800
in. WG	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.09	0.12	0.14	0.17	0.21	0.24	0.28

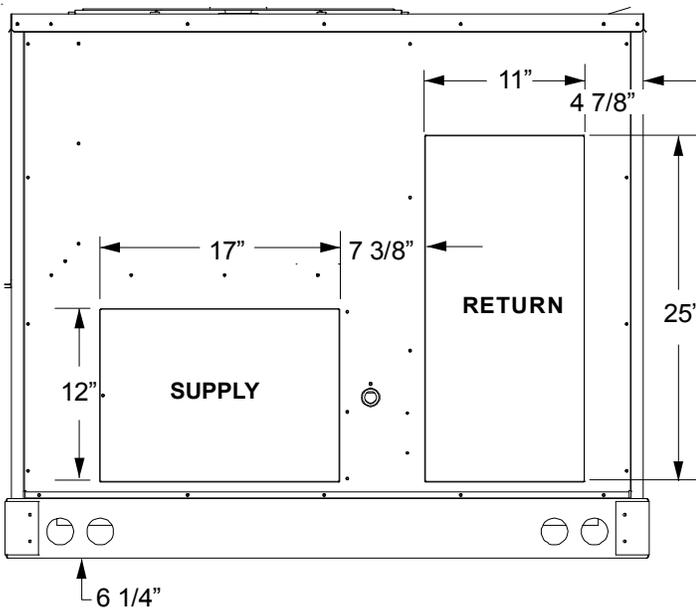
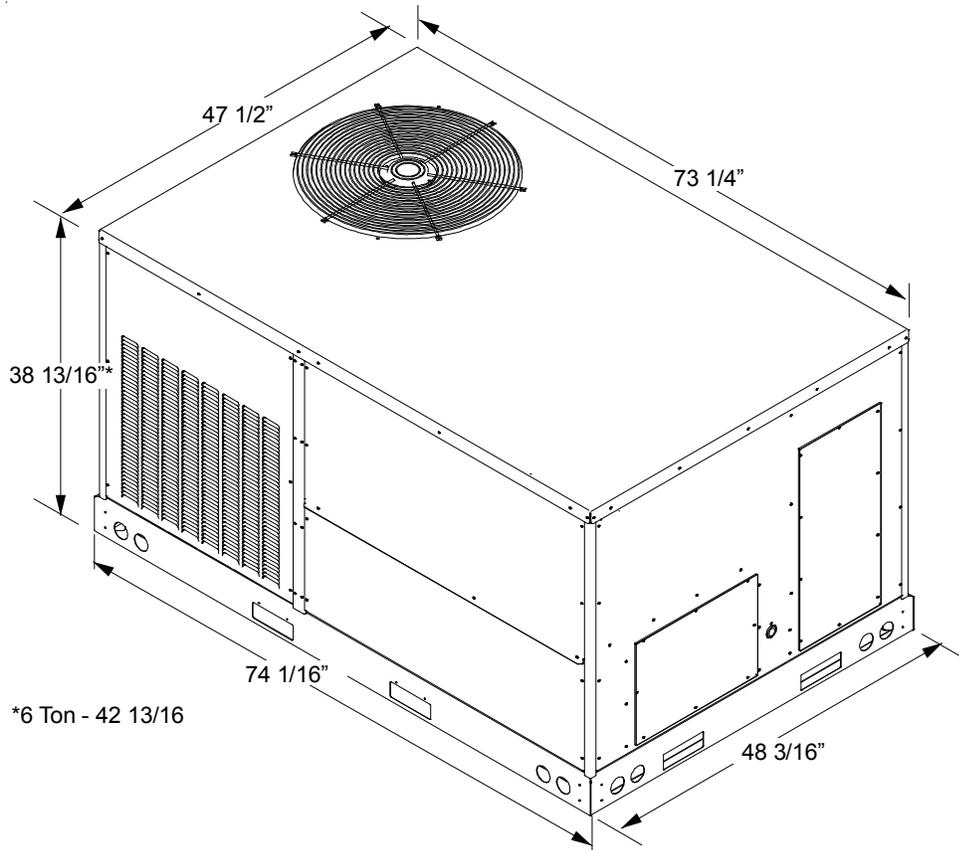
## APPENDIX B ELECTRICAL DATA

Model Number	Electrical Rating	Compressor Circuit 1		Compressor Circuit 2		Outdoor Fan Motor			Indoor Fan Motor			Optional Powered Convenience Outlet	Power Supply	
		RLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	QTY	HP	FLA	Type	HP	FLA	FLA	MCA	MOP
DSG036***1D	208/230-1-60	16.7	79.0			1	0.25	1.40	Standard - Direct Drive	0.33	2.46	-	24.7 / 24.7	40 / 40
												7.2 / 6.5	31.9 / 31.2	45 / 45
DSG036***3B	208/230-3-60	10.4	73.0			1	0.25	1.40	Standard - Direct Drive	1.00	3.40	-	16.9 / 16.9	25 / 25
												7.2 / 6.5	24.1 / 23.4	30 / 30
DSG036***3D	208/230-3-60	10.4	73.0			1	0.25	1.40	Standard - Belt Drive	0.33	2.46	-	17.9 / 17.9	25 / 25
												7.2 / 6.5	25.1 / 24.4	35 / 30
DSG036***3H	208/230-3-60	10.4	73.0			1	0.25	1.40	High Static - Belt Drive	1.50	4.60	-	19.1 / 19.1	25 / 25
												7.2 / 6.5	26.3 / 25.6	35 / 35
DSG036***4B	460-3-60	5.8	38.0			1	0.25	0.70	Standard - Belt Drive	1.00	1.70	-	9.6	15
												3.3	12.9	15
DSG036***4H	460-3-60	5.8	38.0			1	0.25	0.70	High Static - Belt Drive	1.50	2.10	-	10.0	15
												3.3	13.3	15
DSG036***7B	575-3-60	3.8	36.5			1	0.25	0.55	Standard - Belt Drive	1.50	2.30	-	7.6	15
												2.6	10.2	15

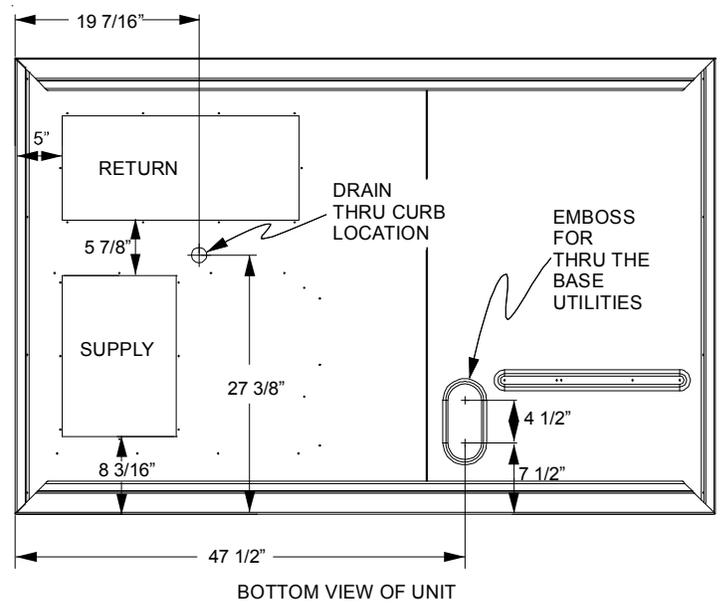
Model Number	Electrical Rating	Compressor Circuit 1		Compressor Circuit 2		Outdoor Fan Motor			Indoor Fan Motor			Optional Powered Convenience Outlet	Power Supply	
		RLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	QTY	HP	FLA	Type	HP	FLA	FLA	MCA	MOP
DSG048***1D	208/230-1-60	19.9	109.0			1	0.25	1.40	Standard - Direct Drive	0.75	2.80	-	29.0 / 29.0	45 / 45
												7.2 / 6.5	36.2 / 35.5	50 / 50
DSG048***3D	208/230-3-60	13.1	83.0			1	0.25	1.40	Standard - Direct Drive	0.75	2.80	-	20.6 / 20.6	30 / 30
												7.2 / 6.5	27.8 / 27.1	40 / 40
DSG048***3B	208/230-3-60	13.1	83.1			1	0.25	1.40	Standard - Belt Drive	1.00	3.40	-	21.2 / 21.2	30 / 30
												7.2 / 6.5	28.4 / 27.7	40 / 40
DSG048***3H	208/230-3-60	13.1	83.1			1	0.25	1.40	High Static - Belt Drive	1.50	4.60	-	22.4 / 22.4	35 / 35
												7.2 / 6.5	29.6 / 28.9	40 / 40
DSG048***4B	460-3-60	6.1	41.0			1	0.25	0.70	Standard - Belt Drive	1.00	1.70	-	10.0	15
												3.3	13.3	15
DSG048***4H	460-3-60	6.1	41.0			1	0.25	0.70	High Static - Belt Drive	1.50	2.10	-	10.4	15
												3.3	13.7	15
DSG048***7B	575-3-60	4.4	33.0			1	0.25	0.55	Standard - Belt Drive	1.50	2.30	-	8.3	15
												2.6	10.9	15

Model Number	Electrical Rating	Compressor Circuit 1		Compressor Circuit 2		Outdoor Fan Motor			Indoor Fan Motor			Optional Powered Convenience Outlet	Power Supply	
		RLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	QTY	HP	FLA	Type	HP	FLA	FLA	MCA	MOP
DSG060***1D	208/230-1-60	26.4	134.0			1	0.25	1.40	Standard - Direct Drive	1.00	6.90	-	41.3 / 41.3	60 / 60
												7.2 / 6.5	48.5 / 47.8	70 / 70
DSG060***3D	208/230-3-60	16.0	110.0			1	0.25	1.40	Standard - Direct Drive	1.00	6.90	-	28.3 / 28.3	40 / 40
												7.2 / 6.5	35.5 / 34.8	50 / 50
DSG060***3B	208/230-3-60	16.0	110.0			1	0.25	1.40	Standard - Belt Drive	1.00	3.20	-	24.6 / 24.6	40 / 40
												7.2 / 6.5	31.8 / 31.1	45 / 45
DSG060***3H	208/230-3-60	16.0	110.0			1	0.25	1.40	High Static - Belt Drive	1.50	4.80	-	26.2 / 26.2	40 / 40
												7.2 / 6.5	33.4 / 32.7	45 / 45
DSG060***4B	460-3-60	7.8	52.0			1	0.25	0.70	Standard - Belt Drive	1.00	1.50	-	11.9	15
												3.3	15.2	20
DSG060***4H	460-3-60	7.8	52.0			1	0.25	0.70	High Static - Belt Drive	1.50	2.40	-	12.8	20
												3.3	16.1	20
DSG060***7B	575-3-60	5.7	38.9			1	0.25	0.55	Standard - Belt Drive	1.00	1.20	-	8.9	15
												2.6	11.5	15

# APPENDIX C UNIT DIMENSIONS



Horizontal Discharge



Vertical Discharge

## NOTE

Refer to IOD-7006 included in the literature pack for installing horizontal duct covers.

# APPENDIX D WIRING DIAGRAMS

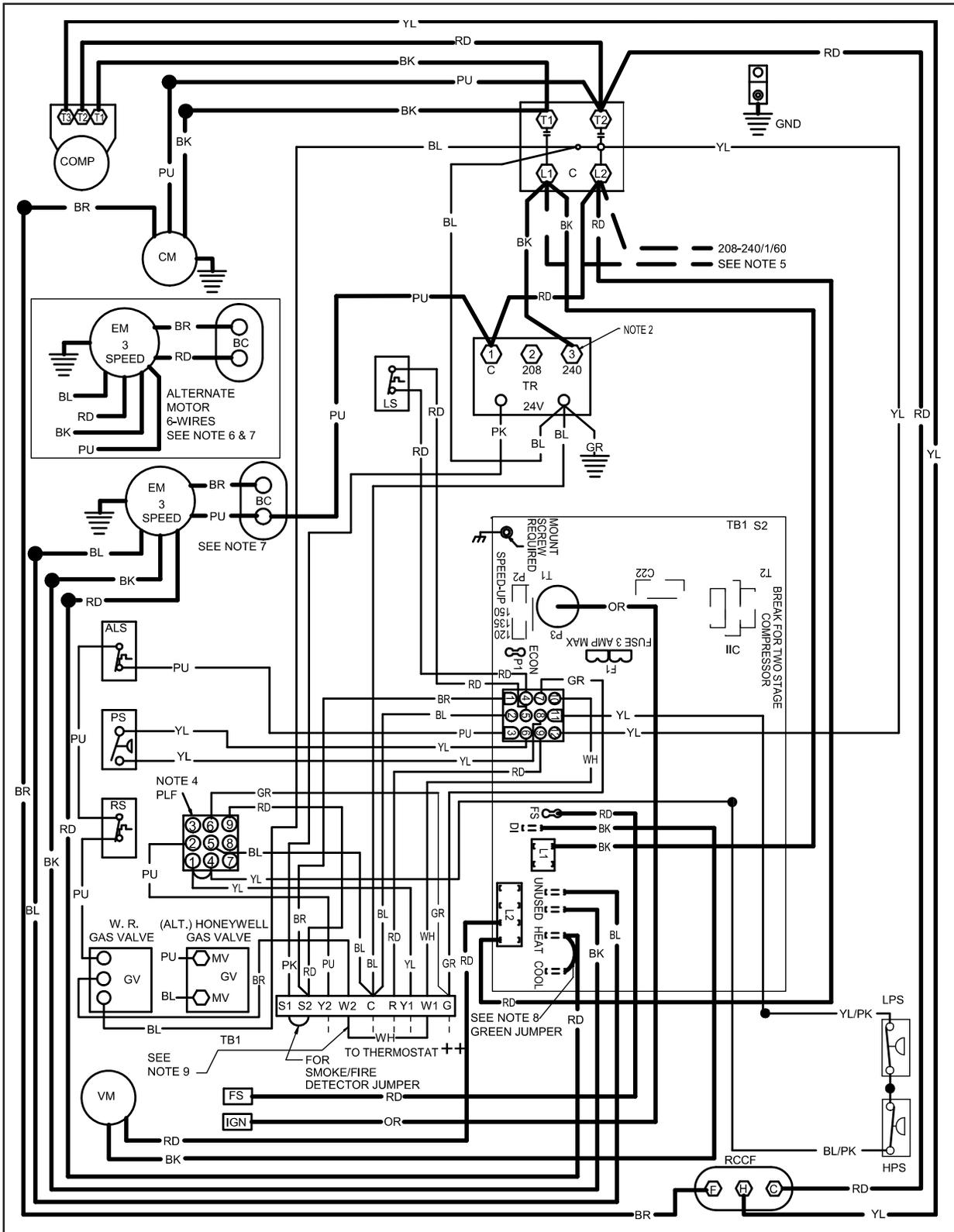
DSG0360901D/DSG048(090/115)1D\* SINGLE PHASE 208/230V/60HZ DIRECT DRIVE



**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!** DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.





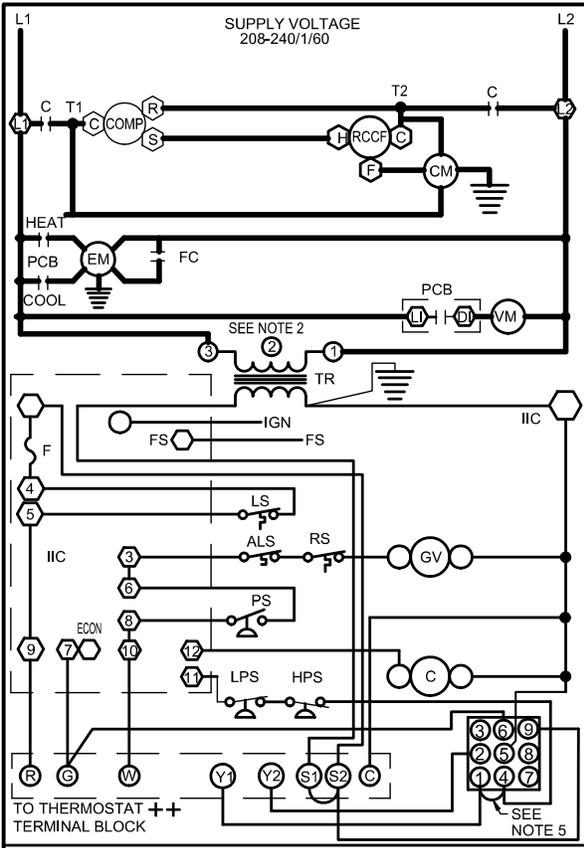
Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

DSG0360901D/DSG048(090/115)1D\* SINGLE PHASE 208/230V/60HZ DIRECT DRIVE

**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**

**DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.**



- COMPONENT LEGEND**
- ALS AUXILIARY LIMIT SWITCH
  - COMP COMPRESSOR
  - CM CONDENSER MOTOR
  - C CONTACTOR
  - EM EVAPORATOR MOTOR
  - F FUSE
  - FS FLAME SENSOR
  - GND EQUIPMENT GROUND
  - GV GAS VALVE
  - HPS HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH
  - IIC INTEGRATED IGNITION CONTROL
  - IGN IGNITOR
  - LS LIMIT SWITCH
  - LPS LOW PRESSURE SWITCH
  - PLF FEMALE PLUG/CONNECTOR
  - RCCF RUN CAPACITOR FOR CONDENSER FAN
  - PS PRESSURE SWITCH
  - RS ROLLOUT SWITCH
  - TB1 TERMINAL BLOCK (24V SIGNAL)
  - TR TRANSFORMER
  - VM VENT MOTOR
  - VMR VENT MOTOR RELAY
  - BC BLOWER CAPACITOR

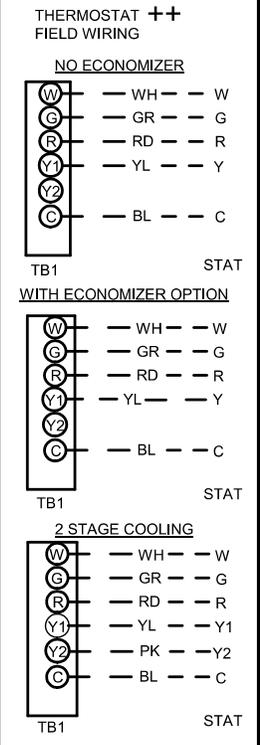
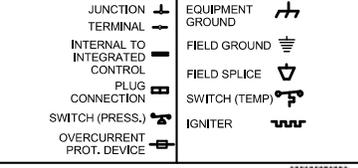
- NOTES**
1. REPLACEMENT WIRE MUST BE THE SAME SIZE AND TYPE OF INSULATION AS ORIGINAL. (USE COPPER CONDUCTOR ONLY).
  2. FOR 208 VOLT TRANSFORMER OPERATION MOVE BLACK WIRE FROM TERMINAL 3 TO TERMINAL 2 ON TRANSFORMER.
  3. FOR DIFFERENT THAN FACTORY SPEED TAP. CHANGE COOLING SPEED AT COOL TERMINAL. CHANGE HEATING SPEED AT HEAT TERMINAL ON CONTROL BOARD 3 SPEED MOTOR
- RD - LOW SPEED  
BK - HIGH SPEED  
BL - MED. SPEED
4. ACCESSORY ECONOMIZER PLUG ADJACENT TO BLOWER HOUSING IN RETURN AIR COMPARTMENT. REMOVE MALE PLUG AND ATTACH FEMALE PLUG TO ECONOMIZER ACCESSORY.
  5. USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY. ++ USE NEC CLASS 2 WIRE.
  6. PURPLE WIRE CONNECTS TO TRANSFORMER (PIN 1).
  7. SPEED TAP TERMINATIONS SHOWN ON DIAGRAM ARE REPRESENTATIVE, BUT ACTUAL FACTORY SETTING MAY BE DIFFERENT BASED ON HEATING VALUE AND CAPACITY OF UNIT.
  8. TO RUN DIFFERENT SPEED FOR HEATING AND COOLING, DISCONNECT GREEN JUMPER FROM "COOL" TERMINAL AND REPLACE WITH APPROPRIATE SPEED TAP. THEN PLACE DISCONNECTED END OF JUMPER ON "UNUSED" TERMINAL LEFT OPEN BY MOVING THE SPEED TAP.
  9. FOR LOW STAGE OPERATION ONLY. REMOVE WHITE JUMPER. FOR 2 STAGE OPERATION, REMOVE JUMPER AND CONNECT W2 TO W1 ON THERMOSTAT. SEE UNIT RATING PLATE FOR TYPE AND SIZE OF OVERCURRENT PROTECTION.

- FACTORY WIRING**
- LINE VOLTAGE
  - LOW VOLTAGE
  - OPTIONAL
  - HIGH VOLTAGE
  - OPTIONAL LOW VOLTAGE
- FIELD WIRING**
- HIGH VOLTAGE
  - LOW VOLTAGE
- WIRE CODE**
- BK BLACK
  - BL BLUE
  - BR BROWN
  - GR GREEN
  - OR ORANGE
  - PK PINK
  - PU PURPLE
  - RD RED
  - WH WHITE
  - YL YELLOW
  - BL/PK BLUE WITH PINK STRIP
  - YL/PK YELLOW WITH PINK STRIP

**INSTALLER/SERVICEMAN**

THE STATUS LIGHT ON THE FURNACE CONTROL MAY BE USED AS A GUIDE TO TROUBLESHOOTING THIS APPLIANCE. STATUS LIGHT CODES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

STATUS LIGHT	EQUIP. STATUS	CHECK
ON	NORMAL OPERATION	-
OFF	NO POWER OR INTERNAL CONTROL	CHECK INPUT POWER CHECK FUSE ON CONTROL REPLACE CONTROL
1 BLINK	IGNITION FAILURE OR OPEN ROLLOUT SWITCH OR OPEN AUX. LIMIT SWITCH	GAS FLOW GAS PRESSURE GAS VALVE FLAME SENSOR FLAME ROLLOUT BAD SWITCH AUX. LIMIT OPEN
2 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH OPEN	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
3 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH CLOSED WITHOUT INDUCER ON	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
4 BLINKS	OPEN LIMIT SWITCH	MAIN LIMIT OPEN BAD SWITCH
5 BLINKS	FALSE FLAME SENSED	STICKING GAS VALVE
6 BLINKS	COMPRESSOR OUTPUT DELAY	3 MIN. COMP. ANTI-CYCLE TIMER



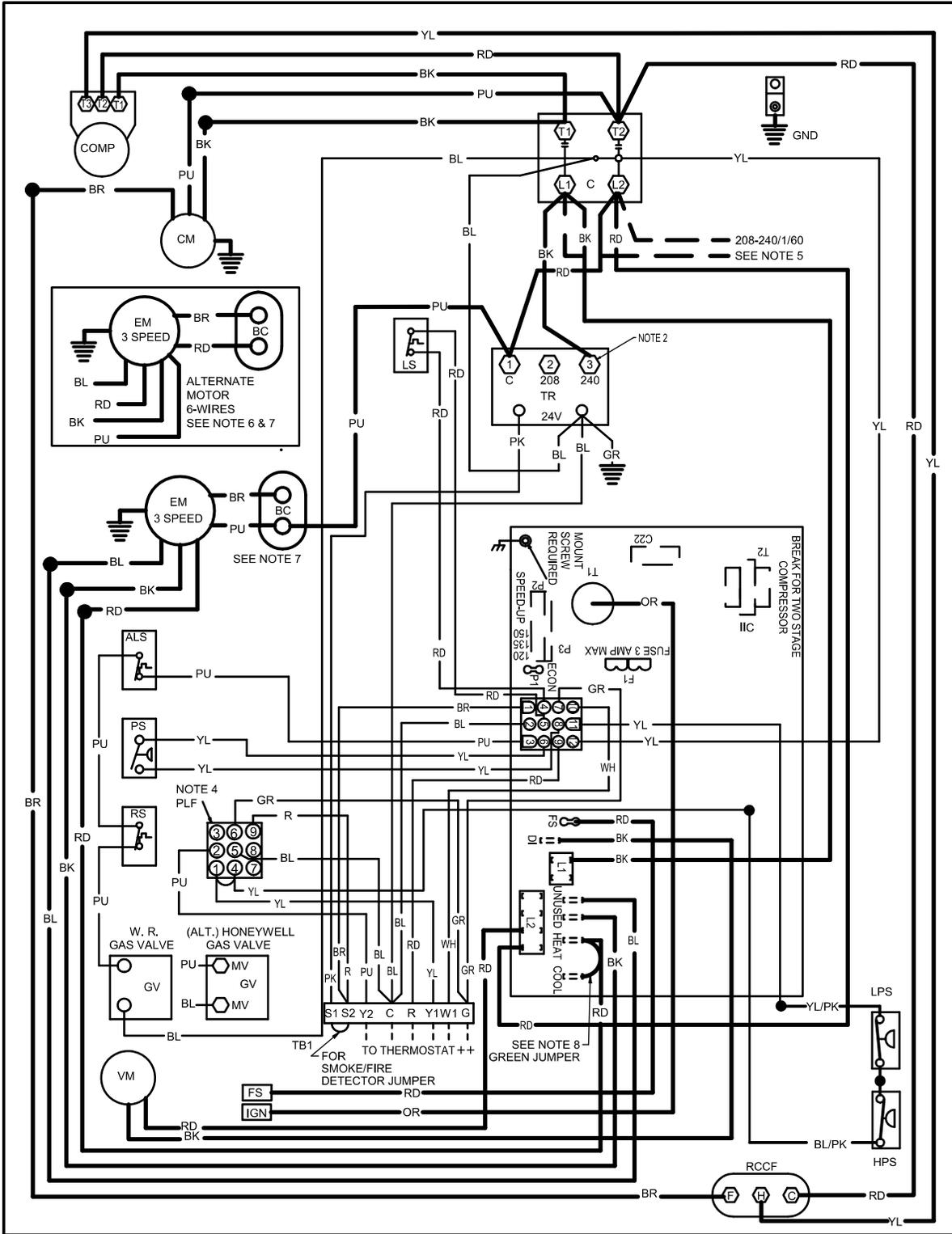
208-240/1/60 0140L02898-B

Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

DSG0360451D\* SINGLE PHASE 208/230V/60HZ DIRECT DRIVE

**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**  
 DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

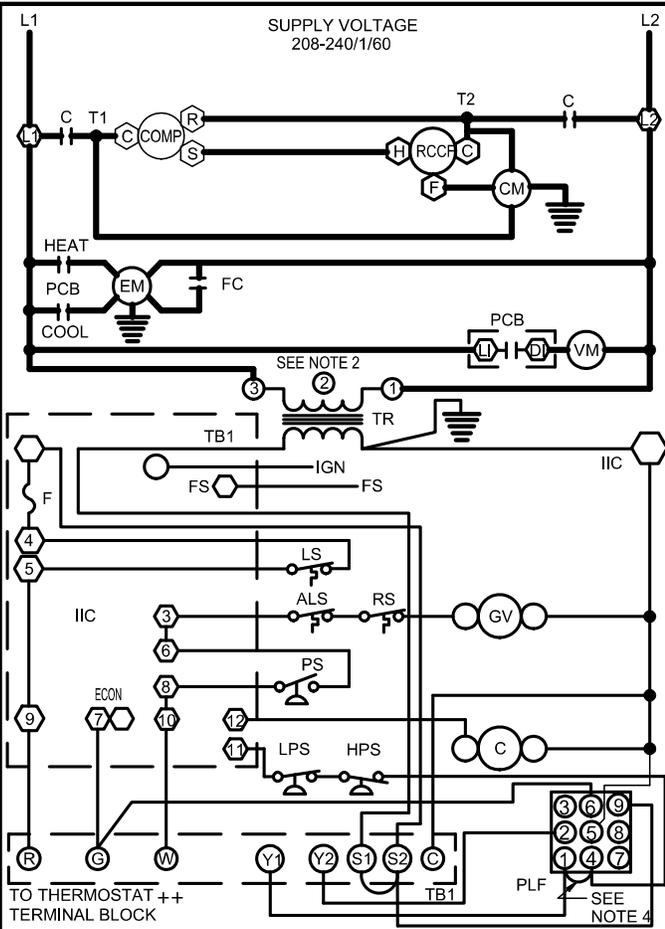
DSG0360451D\* SINGLE PHASE 208/230V/60HZ DIRECT DRIVE



**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**  
**DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.**





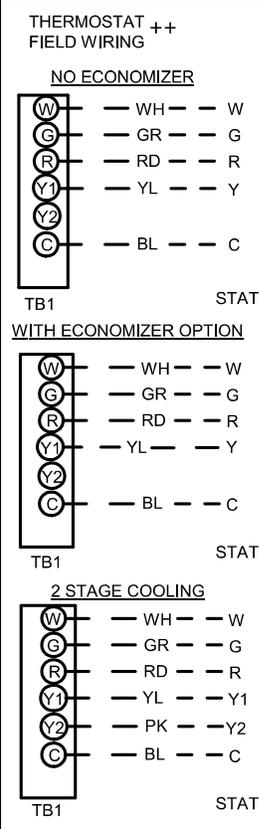
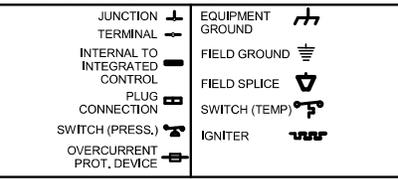
- COMPONENT LEGEND**
- ALS AUXILIARY LIMIT SWITCH
  - COMP COMPRESSOR
  - CM CONDENSER MOTOR
  - C CONTACTOR
  - EM EVAPORATOR MOTOR
  - F FUSE
  - FS FLAME SENSOR
  - GND EQUIPMENT GROUND
  - GV GAS VALVE
  - HPS HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH
  - IIC INTEGRATED IGNITION CONTROL
  - IGN IGNITOR
  - LS LIMIT SWITCH
  - LPS LOW PRESSURE SWITCH
  - PLF FEMALE PLUG/CONNECTOR
  - PS PRESSURE SWITCH
  - RCCF RUN CAPACITOR FOR CONDENSER FAN
  - RS ROLLOUT SWITCH
  - TB1 TERMINAL BLOCK (24V SIGNAL)
  - TR TRANSFORMER
  - VM VENT MOTOR
  - VMR RELAY
  - BC BLOWER CAPACITOR

- NOTES**
1. REPLACEMENT WIRE MUST BE THE SAME SIZE AND TYPE OF INSULATION AS ORIGINAL. (USE COPPER CONDUCTOR ONLY).
  2. FOR 208 VOLT TRANSFORMER OPERATION MOVE BLACK WIRE FROM TERMINAL 3 TO TERMINAL 2 ON TRANSFORMER.
  3. FOR DIFFERENT THAN FACTORY SPEED TAP. CHANGE COOLING SPEED AT COOL TERMINAL. CHANGE HEATING SPEED AT HEAT TERMINAL ON CONTROL BOARD
  - 3 SPEED MOTOR  
 RD - LOW SPEED  
 BL - MED. SPEED  
 BK - HIGH SPEED
  4. ACCESSORY ECONOMIZER PLUG ADJACENT TO BLOWER HOUSING IN RETURN AIR COMPARTMENT. REMOVE MALE PLUG AND ATTACH FEMALE PLUG TO ECONOMIZER ACCESSORY.
  5. USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY.  
 ++ USE NEC CLASS 2 WIRE.
  6. PURPLE WIRE CONNECTS TO TRANSFORMER (PIN 1).
  7. SPEED TAP TERMINATIONS SHOWN ON DIAGRAM ARE REPRESENTATIVE, BUT ACTUAL FACTORY SETTING MAY BE DIFFERENT BASED ON HEATING VALUE AND CAPACITY OF UNIT.
  8. TO RUN DIFFERENT SPEED FOR HEATING AND COOLING, DISCONNECT GREEN JUMPER FROM "COOL" TERMINAL AND REPLACE WITH APPROPRIATE SPEED TAP. THEN PLACE DISCONNECTED END OF JUMPER ON "UNUSED" TERMINAL LEFT OPEN BY MOVING THE SPEED TAP. SEE UNIT RATING PLATE FOR TYPE AND SIZE OF OVERCURRENT PROTECTION.

- FACTORY WIRING**
- LINE VOLTAGE
  - LOW VOLTAGE
  - OPTIONAL
  - HIGH VOLTAGE
  - OPTIONAL
  - LOW VOLTAGE
- FIELD WIRING**
- HIGH VOLTAGE
  - LOW VOLTAGE
- WIRE CODE**
- BK BLACK
  - BL BLUE
  - BR BROWN
  - GR GREEN
  - OR ORANGE
  - PK PINK
  - PU PURPLE
  - RD RED
  - WH WHITE
  - YL YELLOW
  - BL/PK BLUE WITH PINK STRIP
  - YL/PK YELLOW WITH PINK STRIP

**INSTALLER/SERVICEMAN**  
 THE STATUS LIGHT ON THE FURNACE CONTROL MAY BE USED AS A GUIDE TO TROUBLESHOOTING THIS APPLIANCE. STATUS LIGHT CODES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

STATUS LIGHT	EQUIP. STATUS	CHECK
ON	NORMAL OPERATION	-
OFF	NO POWER OR INTERNAL CONTROL FAULT	CHECK INPUT POWER CHECK FUSE ON CONTROL REPLACE CONTROL
1 BLINK	IGNITION FAILURE OR OPEN ROLLOUT SWITCH OR OPEN AUX. LIMIT SWITCH	GAS FLOW GAS PRESSURE GAS VALVE FLAME SENSOR FLAME ROLLOUT BAD SWITCH AUX. LIMIT OPEN
2 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH OPEN	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
3 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH CLOSED WITHOUT INDUCER ON	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
4 BLINKS	OPEN LIMIT SWITCH	MAIN LIMIT OPEN BAD SWITCH
5 BLINKS	FALSE FLAME SENSED	STICKING GAS VALVE
6 BLINKS	COMPRESSOR OUTPUT DELAY	3 MIN. COMP. ANTI-CYCLE TIMER



208-240/1/60 0140L02900-B

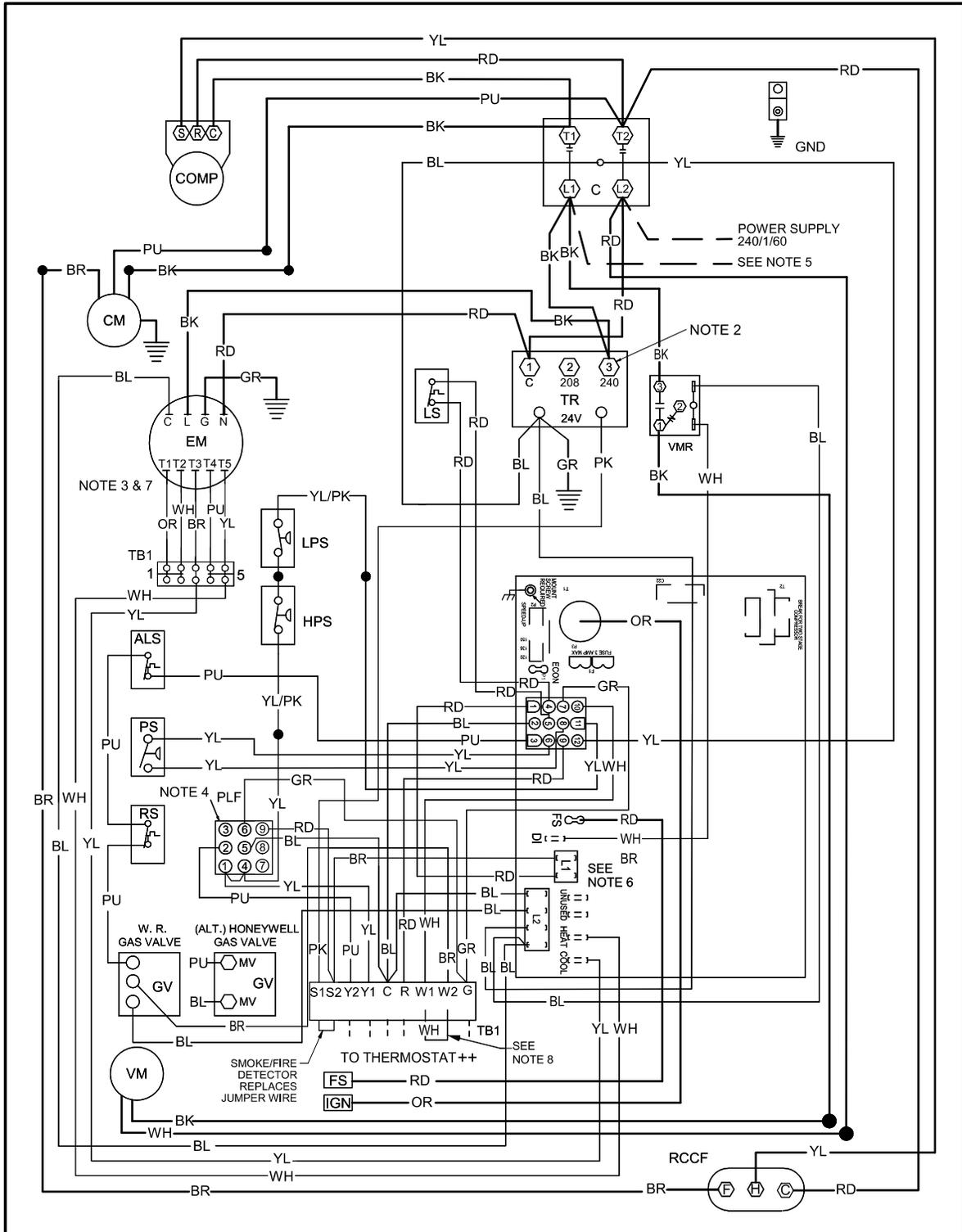


Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

DSG060\*1D SINGLE PHASE 208/230V/60HZ DIRECT DRIVE

WARNING

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**  
 DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

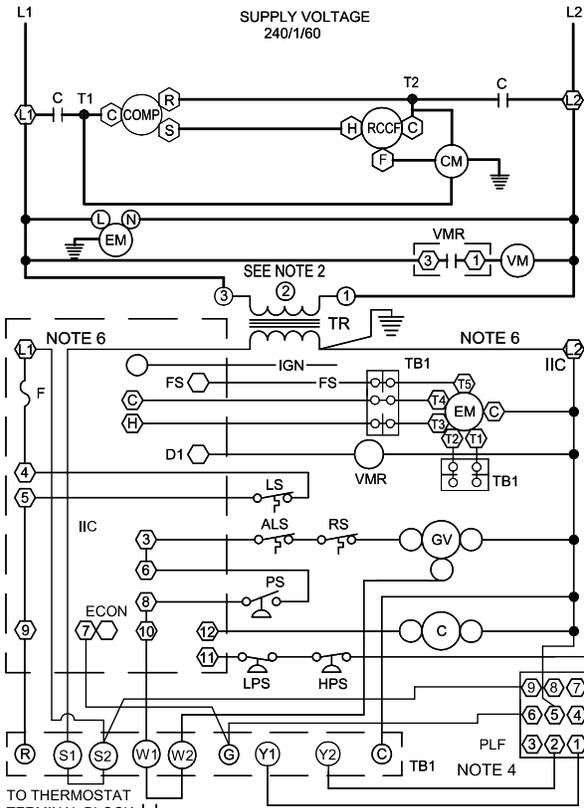
DSG060\*1D SINGLE PHASE 208/230V/60HZ DIRECT DRIVE



**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**  
**DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.**





**INSTALLER/SERVICEMAN**

THE STATUS LIGHT ON THE FURNACE CONTROL MAY BE USED AS A GUIDE TO TROUBLESHOOTING THIS APPLIANCE. STATUS LIGHT CODES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

STATUS LIGHT	EQUIP. STATUS	CHECK
ON	NORMAL OPERATION	-
OFF	NO POWER OR INTERNAL CONTROL FAULT	CHECK INPUT POWER CHECK FUSE ON CONTROL REPLACE CONTROL
1 BLINK	IGNITION FAILURE OR OPEN ROLLOUT SWITCH OR OPEN AUX. LIMIT SWITCH	GAS FLOW GAS PRESSURE GAS VALVE FLAME SENSOR FLAME ROLLOUT BAD SWITCH AUX. LIMIT OPEN
2 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH OPEN	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
3 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH CLOSED WITHOUT INDUCER ON	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
4 BLINKS	OPEN LIMIT SWITCH	MAIN LIMIT OPEN BAD SWITCH
5 BLINKS	FALSE FLAME SENSED	STICKING GAS VALVE
6 BLINKS	COMPRESSOR OUTPUT DELAY	3 MIN. COMP. ANTI-CYCLE TIMER

**COMPONENT LEGEND**

ALS AUXILIARY LIMIT SWITCH  
 COMP COMPRESSOR  
 CM CONDENSER MOTOR  
 C CONTACTOR  
 EM EVAPORATOR MOTOR  
 F FUSE  
 FS FLAME SENSOR  
 GND EQUIPMENT GROUND  
 GV GAS VALVE  
 HPS HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH  
 IIC INTEGRATED IGNITION CONTROL  
 IGN IGNITOR  
 LPS LOW PRESSURE SWITCH  
 LS LIMIT SWITCH  
 PLF FEMALE PLUG/CONNECTOR  
 PS PRESSURE SWITCH  
 RCCF RUN CAPACITOR FOR COMPRESSOR/FAN  
 RS ROLLOUT SWITCH  
 TB1 TERMINAL BLOCK (24V SIGNAL)  
 TR TRANSFORMER  
 VMR VENT MOTOR RELAY

**NOTES**

- REPLACEMENT WIRE MUST BE THE SAME SIZE AND TYPE OF INSULATION AS ORIGINAL. (USE COPPER CONDUCTOR ONLY).
- FOR 208 VOLT TRANSFORMER OPERATION MOVE BLACK WIRE FROM TERMINAL 3 TO TERMINAL 2 ON TRANSFORMER.
- FOR DIFFERENT THAN FACTORY SPEED TAP. CHANGE COOLING SPEED AT MOTOR T4 AND T5 TERMINALS. CHANGE HEATING SPEED AT MOTOR T1, T2, AND T3 TERMINALS  
**COOLING SPEED (YELLOW WIRE)**  
 T3 - LOW SPEED  
 T4 - HIGH SPEED  
**HEATING SPEED (WHITE WIRE)**  
 T1 - LOW SPEED (070)  
 T2 - MED. SPEED  
 T5 - HIGH SPEED (140)
- ACCESSORY ECONOMIZER PLUG ADJACENT TO BLOWER HOUSING IN RETURN AIR COMPARTMENT. REMOVE MALE PLUG AND ATTACH FEMALE PLUG TO ECONOMIZER ACCESSORY.
- USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY.  
 ++ USE NEC CLASS 2 WIRE.
- L1 AND L2 ON ICC CONTROL IS 24V INPUT.
- SPEED TAP TERMINATIONS SHOWN ON DIAGRAM ARE REPRESENTATIVE, BUT ACTUAL FACTORY SETTINGS MAY BE DIFFERENT BASED ON THE HEATING VALUE OF THE UNIT.
- FOR LOW STAGE OPERATION ONLY, REMOVE WHITE JUMPER, FOR 2 STAGE OPERATION, REMOVE JUMPER AND CONNECT W2 TO W2 ON THERMOSTAT.  
 SEE UNIT RATING PLATE FOR TYPE AND SIZE OF OVER CURRENT PROTECTION.

**WIRING SYMBOLS**

JUNCTION	⌵	EQUIPMENT GROUND	⏏
TERMINAL	⌵	FIELD GROUND	⏏
INTERNAL TO INTEGRATED CONTROL	—	FIELD SPLICE	∇
PLUG CONNECTION	⊞	SWITCH (TEMP)	⏏
SWITCH (PRESS.)	⏏	IGNITER	⏏
OVERCURRENT PROT. DEVICE	⏏		

**FACTORY WIRING**

— LINE VOLTAGE  
 — LOW VOLTAGE  
 - - - - - OPTIONAL HIGH VOLTAGE  
 - - - - - OPTIONAL LOW VOLTAGE

**FIELD WIRING**

— HIGH VOLTAGE  
 — LOW VOLTAGE

**WIRE CODE**

BK BLACK  
 BL BLUE  
 BR BROWN  
 GR GREEN  
 OR ORANGE  
 PK PINK  
 PU PURPLE  
 RD RED  
 WH WHITE  
 YL YELLOW  
 BL/PK BLUE WITH PINK STRIP  
 YL/PK YELLOW WITH PINK STRIP

**THERMOSTAT ++  
 FIELD WIRING**

**NO ECONOMIZER**

W	— WH —	W
G	— GR —	G
R	— RD —	R
Y	— YL —	Y
C	— BL —	C

TB1 STAT

**WITH ECONOMIZER OPTION**

W	— WH —	W
G	— GR —	G
R	— RD —	R
Y1	— YL —	Y1
Y2	— YL —	Y2
C	— BL —	C

TB1 STAT

**2 STAGE COOLING**

W	— WH —	W
G	— GR —	G
R	— RD —	R
Y1	— YL —	Y1
Y2	— PK —	Y2
C	— BL —	C

TB1 STAT

240/1/60 0140L02912-B

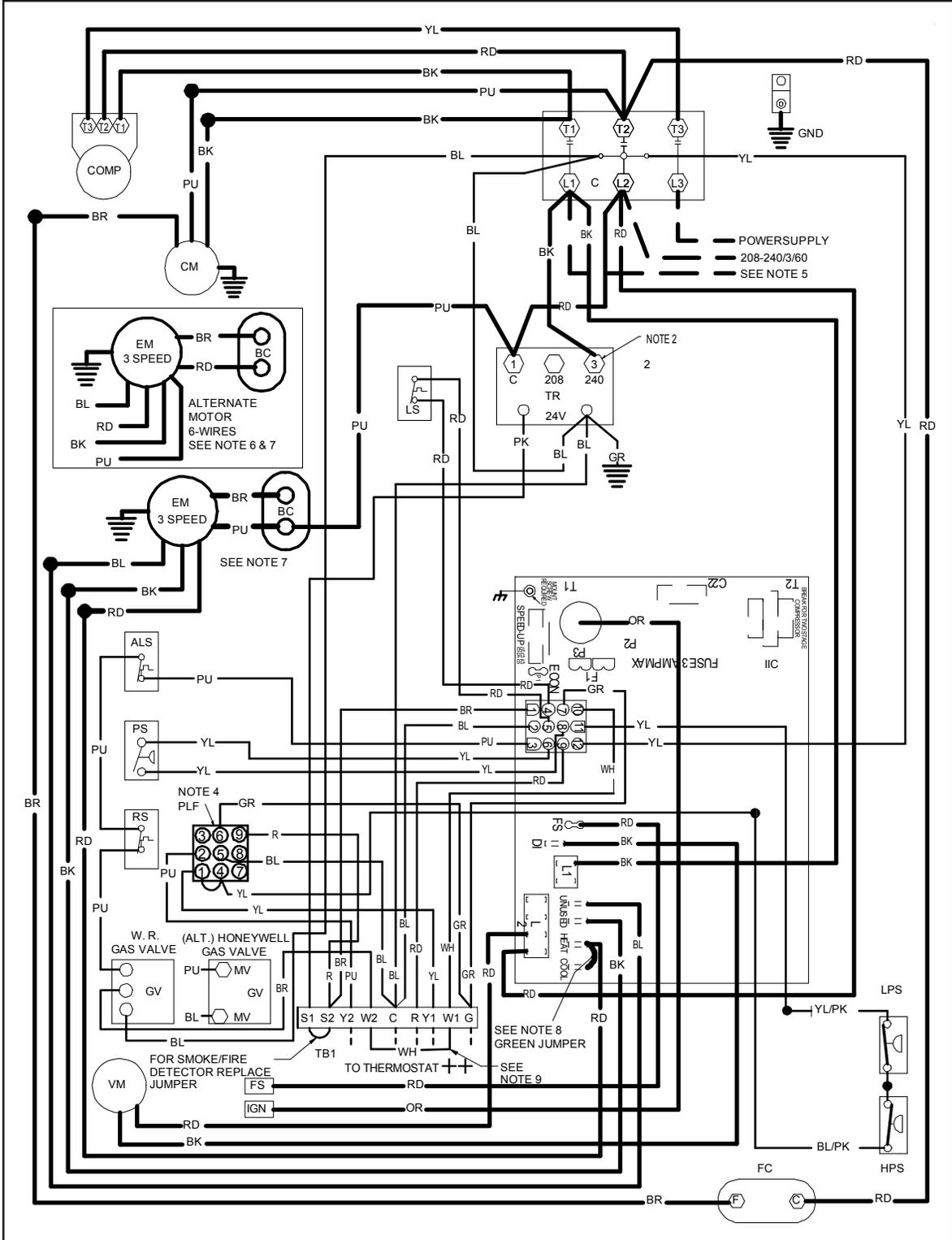


Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

DSG0360903D/DSG048(090/115)3D\* THREE PHASE 208/230V/60HZ DIRECT DRIVE

**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**  
 DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



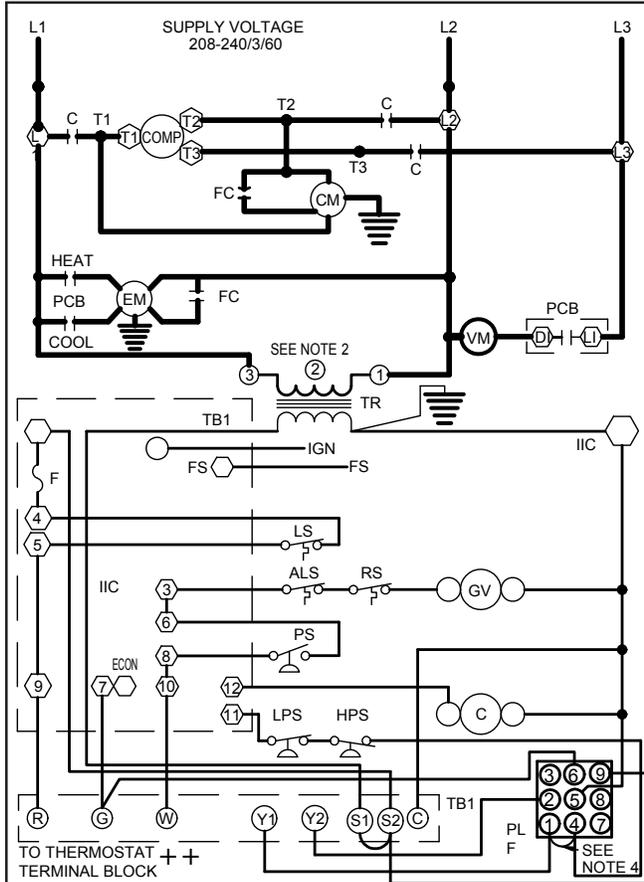
Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

DSG0360903D/DSG048(090/115)3D\* THREE PHASE 208/230V/60HZ DIRECT DRIVE

**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**

**DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.**



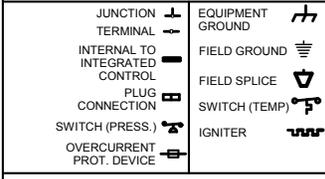
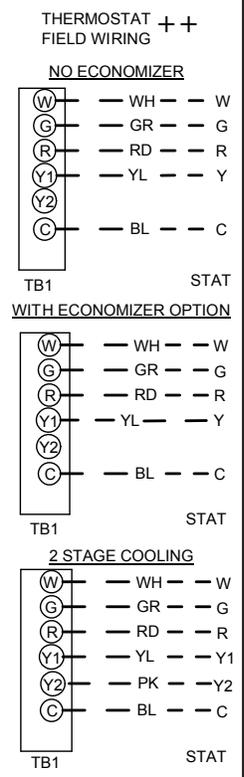
- COMPONENT LEGEND**
- ALS AUXILLARY LIMIT SWITCH
  - COMP COMPRESSOR
  - CM CONDENSER MOTOR
  - C CONTACTOR
  - EM EVAPORATOR MOTOR
  - F FUSE
  - FC FAN CAPACITOR
  - FS FLAME SENSOR
  - GND EQUIPMENT GROUND
  - GV GAS VALVE
  - HPS HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH
  - IIC INTEGRATED IGNITION CONTROL
  - IGN IGNITOR
  - LS LIMIT SWITCH
  - LPS LOW PRESSURE SWITCH
  - PLF FEMALE PLUG/CONNECTOR
  - PS PRESSURE SWITCH
  - RS ROLLOUT SWITCH
  - TB1 TERMINAL BLOCK (24V SIGNAL)
  - TR TRANSFORMER
  - VM VENT MOTOR
  - VMR VENT MOTOR RELAY
  - BC BLOWER CAPACITOR

- NOTES**
1. REPLACEMENT WIRE MUST BE THE SAME SIZE AND TYPE OF INSULATION AS ORIGINAL. (USE COPPER CONDUCTOR ONLY).
  2. FOR 208 VOLT TRANSFORMER OPERATION MOVE BLACK WIRE FROM TERMINAL 3 TO TERMINAL 2 ON TRANSFORMER.
  3. FOR DIFFERENT THAN FACTORY SPEED TAP. CHANGE COOLING SPEED AT COOL TERMINAL. CHANGE HEATING SPEED AT HEAT TERMINAL ON CONTROL BOARD.
  4. ACCESSORY ECONOMIZER PLUG ADJACENT TO BLOWER HOUSING IN RETURN AIR COMPARTMENT. REMOVE MALE PLUG AND ATTACH FEMALE PLUG TO ECONOMIZER ACCESSORY.
  5. USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY. ++ USE NEC CLASS 2 WIRE.
  6. PURPLE WIRE CONNECTS TO TRANSFORMER (PIN 1).
  7. SPEED TAP TERMINATIONS SHOWN ON DIAGRAM ARE REPRESENTATIVE, BUT ACTUAL FACTORY SETTING MAY BE DIFFERENT BASED ON HEATING VALUE AND CAPACITY OF UNIT.
  8. TO RUN DIFFERENT SPEED FOR HEATING AND COOLING, DISCONNECT GREEN JUMPER FROM "COOL" TERMINAL AND REPLACE WITH APPROPRIATE SPEED TAP. THEN PLACE DISCONNECTED END OF JUMPER ON "UNUSED" TERMINAL LEFT OPEN BY MOVING THE SPEED TAP.
  9. FOR LOW STAGE OPERATION ONLY, REMOVE WHITE JUMPER. FOR 2 STAGE OPERATION, REMOVE JUMPER AND CONNECT W2 TO W1 ON THERMOSTAT.
- SEE UNIT RATING PLATE FOR TYPE AND SIZE OF OVERCURRENT PROTECTION.

- FACTORY WIRING**
- LINE VOLTAGE
  - LOW VOLTAGE
  - OPTIONAL HIGH VOLTAGE
- FIELD WIRING**
- HIGH VOLTAGE
  - LOW VOLTAGE
- WIRE CODE**
- BK BLACK
  - BL BLUE
  - BR BROWN
  - GR GREEN
  - OR ORANGE
  - PK PINK
  - PU PURPLE
  - RD RED
  - WH WHITE
  - YL YELLOW
  - BL/PK BLUE WITH PINK STRIP
  - YL/PK YELLOW WITH PINK STRIP

**INSTALLER/SERVICEMAN**  
 THE STATUS LIGHT ON THE FURNACE CONTROL MAY BE USED AS A GUIDE TO TROUBLESHOOTING THIS APPLIANCE. STATUS LIGHT CODES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

STATUS LIGHT	EQUIP. STATUS	CHECK
ON	NORMAL OPERATION	-
OFF	NO POWER OR INTERNAL CONTROL FAULT	CHECK INPUT POWER CHECK FUSE ON CONTROL REPLACE CONTROL
1 BLINK	IGNITION FAILURE OR OPEN ROLLOUT SWITCH OR OPEN AUX. LIMIT SWITCH	GAS FLOW GAS PRESSURE GAS VALVE FLAME SENSOR FLAME ROLLOUT BAD SWITCH AUX. LIMIT OPEN
2 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH OPEN	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
3 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH CLOSED WITHOUT INDUCER ON	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
4 BLINKS	OPEN LIMIT SWITCH	MAIN LIMIT OPEN BAD SWITCH
5 BLINKS	FALSE FLAME SENSED	STICKING GAS VALVE
6 BLINKS	COMPRESSOR OUTPUT DELAY	3 MIN. COMP. ANTI-CYCLE TIMER

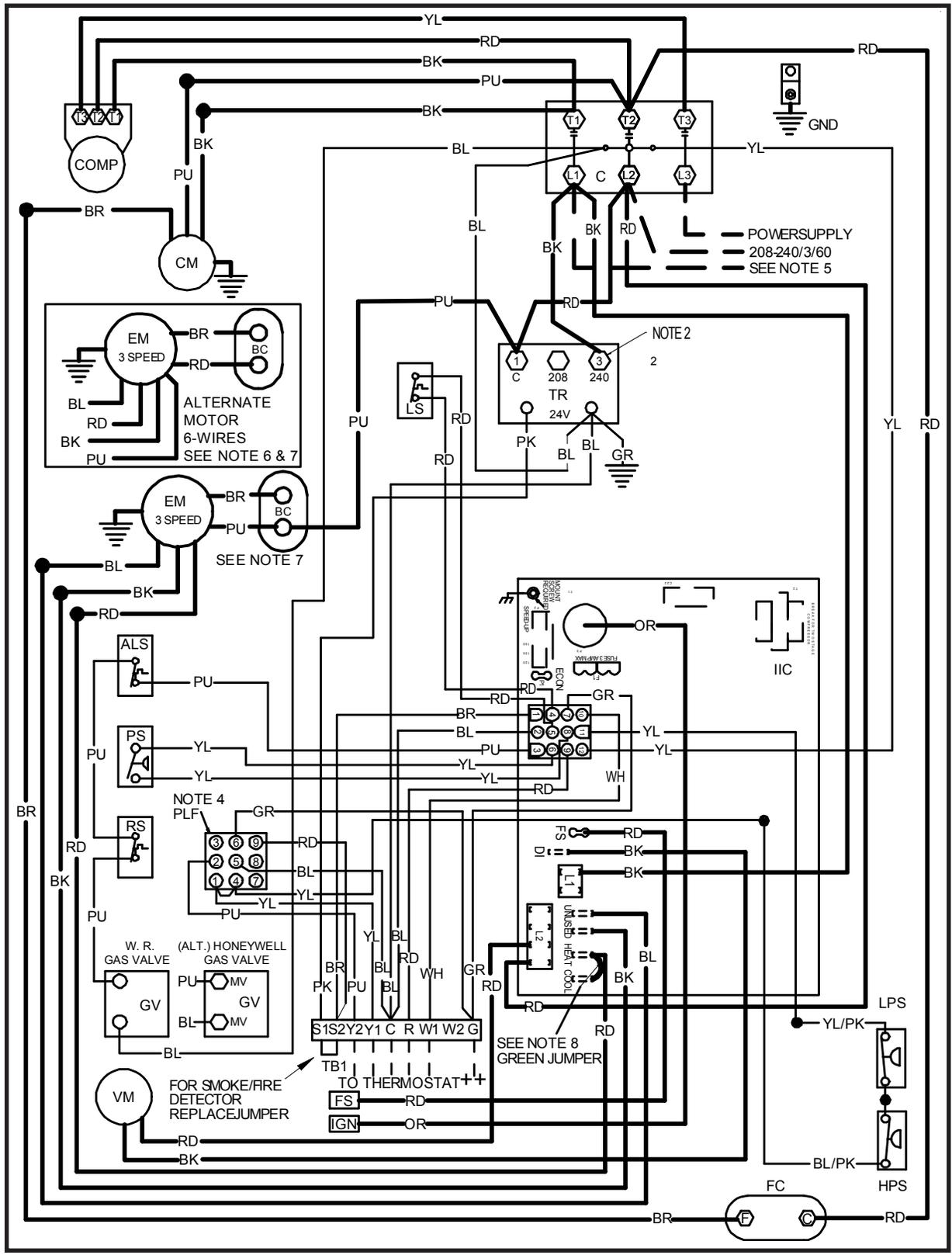


208-240/3/60 0140L05404-A

Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

DSG0360453D\* THREE PHASE 208/230V/60HZ DIRECT DRIVE

**WARNING** HIGH VOLTAGE!  
 DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



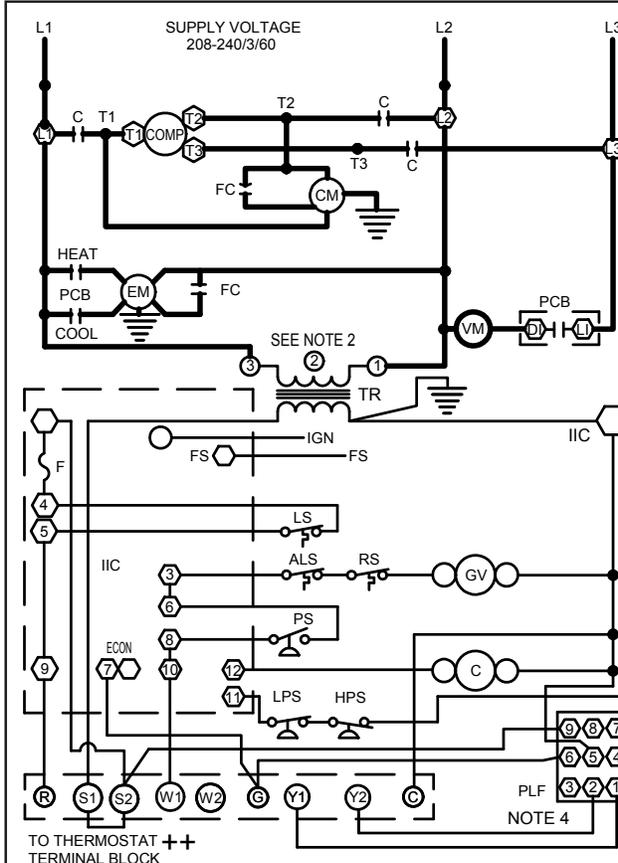
Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

DSG0360453D\* THREE PHASE 208/230V/60HZ DIRECT DRIVE

**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**

**DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.**



- COMPONENT LEGEND**
- ALS AUXILIARY LIMIT SWITCH
  - COMP COMPRESSOR
  - CM CONDENSER MOTOR
  - C CONTACTOR
  - EM EVAPORATOR MOTOR
  - F FUSE
  - FC FAN CAPACITOR
  - FS FLAME SENSOR
  - GND EQUIPMENT GROUND
  - GV GAS VALVE
  - HPS HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH
  - IIC INTEGRATED IGNITION CONTROL
  - IGN IGNITOR
  - LS LIMIT SWITCH
  - LPS LOW PRESSURE SWITCH
  - PLF FEMALE PLUG/CONNECTOR
  - PS PRESSURE SWITCH
  - RS ROLLOUT SWITCH
  - TB1 TERMINAL BLOCK (24V SIGNAL)
  - TR TRANSFORMER
  - VM VENT MOTOR
  - VMR VENT MOTOR RELAY
  - BC BLOWER CAPACITOR
- NOTES**
1. REPLACEMENT WIRE MUST BE THE SAME SIZE AND TYPE OF INSULATION AS ORIGINAL. (USE COPPER CONDUCTOR ONLY).
  2. FOR 208 VOLT TRANSFORMER OPERATION MOVE BLACK WIRE FROM TERMINAL 3 TO TERMINAL 2 ON TRANSFORMER.
  3. FOR DIFFERENT THAN FACTORY SPEED TAP. CHANGE COOLING SPEED AT COOL TERMINAL. CHANGE HEATING SPEED AT HEAT TERMINAL ON CONTROL BOARD
  4. ACCESSORY ECONOMIZER PLUG ADJACENT TO BLOWER HOUSING IN RETURN AIR COMPARTMENT. REMOVE MALE PLUG AND ATTACH FEMALE PLUG TO ECONOMIZER ACCESSORY.
  5. USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY. ++ USE NEC CLASS 2 WIRE.
  6. PURPLE WIRE CONNECTS TO TRANSFORMER (PIN 1).
  7. SPEED TAP TERMINATIONS SHOWN ON DIAGRAM ARE REPRESENTATIVE, BUT ACTUAL FACTORY SETTING MAY BE DIFFERENT BASED ON HEATING VALUE AND CAPACITY OF UNIT.
  8. TO RUN DIFFERENT SPEED FOR HEATING AND COOLING, DISCONNECT GREEN JUMPER FROM "COOL" TERMINAL AND REPLACE WITH APPROPRIATE SPEED TAP. THEN PLACE DISCONNECTED END OF JUMPER ON "UNUSED" TERMINAL LEFT OPEN BY MOVING THE SPEED TAP.

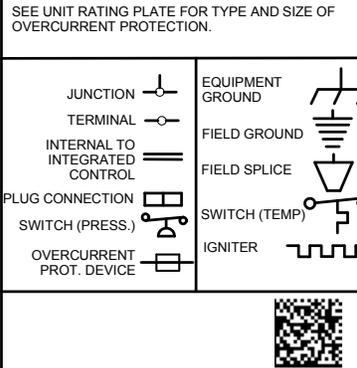
- FACTORY WIRING**
- LINE VOLTAGE
  - LOW VOLTAGE
  - OPTIONAL
  - HIGH VOLTAGE
  - OPTIONAL
  - LOW VOLTAGE
- FIELD WIRING**
- HIGH VOLTAGE
  - LOW VOLTAGE
- WIRE CODE**
- BK BLACK
  - BL BLUE
  - BR BROWN
  - GR GREEN
  - OR ORANGE
  - PK PINK
  - PU PURPLE
  - RD RED
  - WH WHITE
  - YL YELLOW
  - BL/PK BLUE WITH PINK STRIP
  - YL/PK YELLOW WITH PINK STRIP

- 3 SPEED MOTOR**
- RD - LOW SPEED
  - BL - MED. SPEED
  - BK - HIGH SPEED
- THERMOSTAT ++ FIELD WIRING**
- NO ECONOMIZER**
- |   |   |    |   |   |
|---|---|----|---|---|
| W | — | WH | — | W |
| G | — | GR | — | G |
| R | — | RD | — | R |
| Y | — | YL | — | Y |
| C | — | BL | — | C |
- TB1 STAT
- WITH ECONOMIZER OPTION**
- |    |   |    |   |   |
|----|---|----|---|---|
| W  | — | WH | — | W |
| G  | — | GR | — | G |
| R  | — | RD | — | R |
| Y1 | — | YL | — | Y |
| Y2 | — | BL | — | C |
- TB1 STAT
- 2 STAGE COOLING**
- |    |   |    |   |    |
|----|---|----|---|----|
| W  | — | WH | — | W  |
| G  | — | GR | — | G  |
| R  | — | RD | — | R  |
| Y1 | — | YL | — | Y1 |
| Y2 | — | PK | — | Y2 |
| C  | — | BL | — | C  |
- TB1 STAT

**INSTALLER/SERVICEMAN**

THE STATUS LIGHT ON THE FURNACE CONTROL MAY BE USED AS A GUIDE TO TROUBLESHOOTING THIS APPLIANCE. STATUS LIGHT CODES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

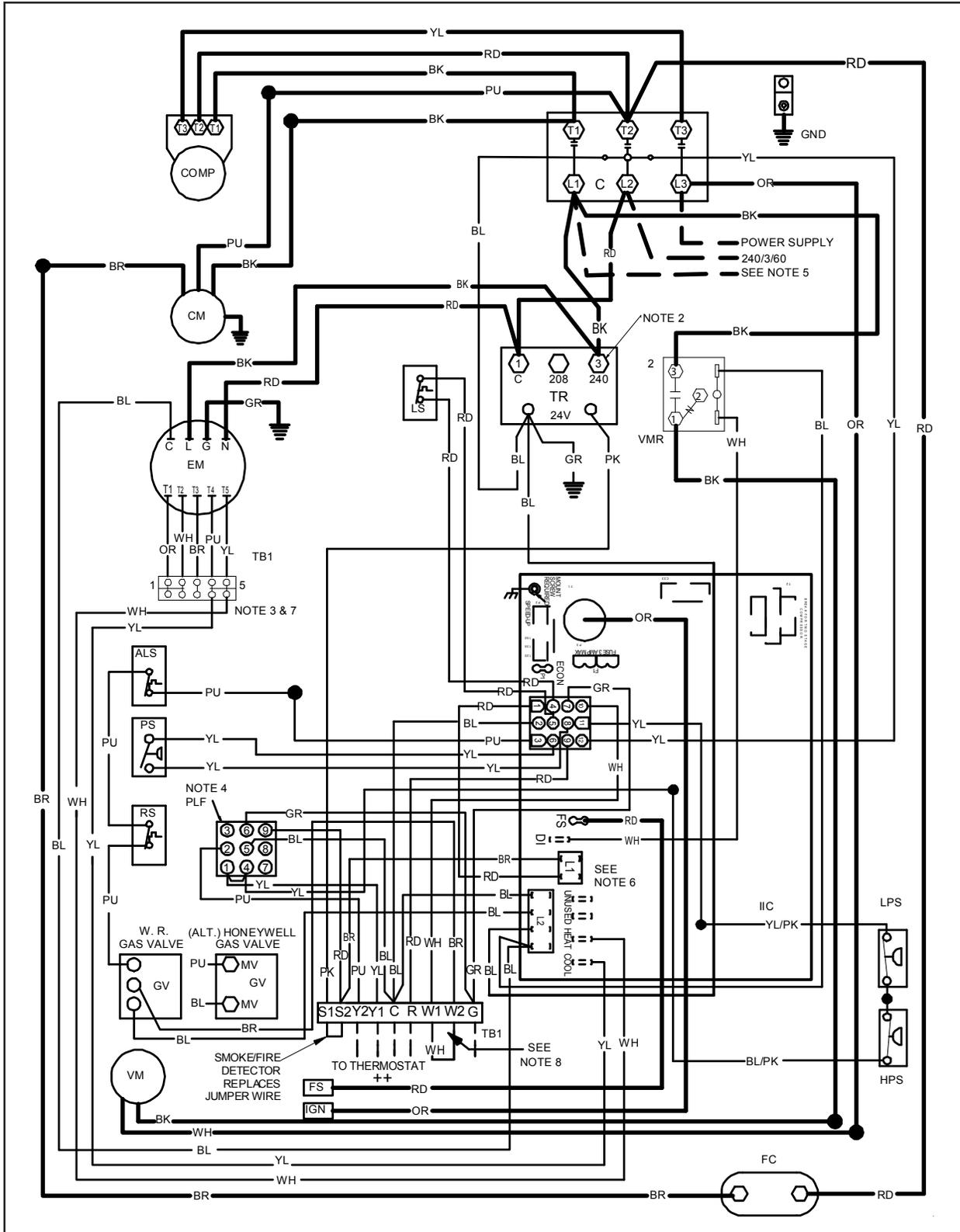
STATUS LIGHT	EQUIP. STATUS	CHECK
ON	NORMAL OPERATION	-
OFF	NO POWER OR INTERNAL CONTROL FAULT	CHECK INPUT POWER CHECK FUSE ON CONTROL REPLACE CONTROL
1 BLINK	IGNITION FAILURE OR OPEN ROLLOUT SWITCH OR OPEN AUX. LIMIT SWITCH	GAS FLOW GAS PRESSURE GAS VALVE FLAME SENSOR FLAME ROLLOUT BAD SWITCH AUX. LIMIT OPEN
2 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH OPEN	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
3 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH CLOSED WITHOUT INDUCER ON	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
4 BLINKS	OPEN LIMIT SWITCH	MAIN LIMIT OPEN BAD SWITCH
5 BLINKS	FALSE FLAME SENSED	STICKING GAS VALVE
6 BLINKS	COMPRESSOR OUTPUT DELAY	3 MIN. COMP. ANTI-CYCLE TIMER



Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

DSG060\*3D THREE PHASE 208/230V/60HZ DIRECT DRIVE

**WARNING** HIGH VOLTAGE!  
 DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



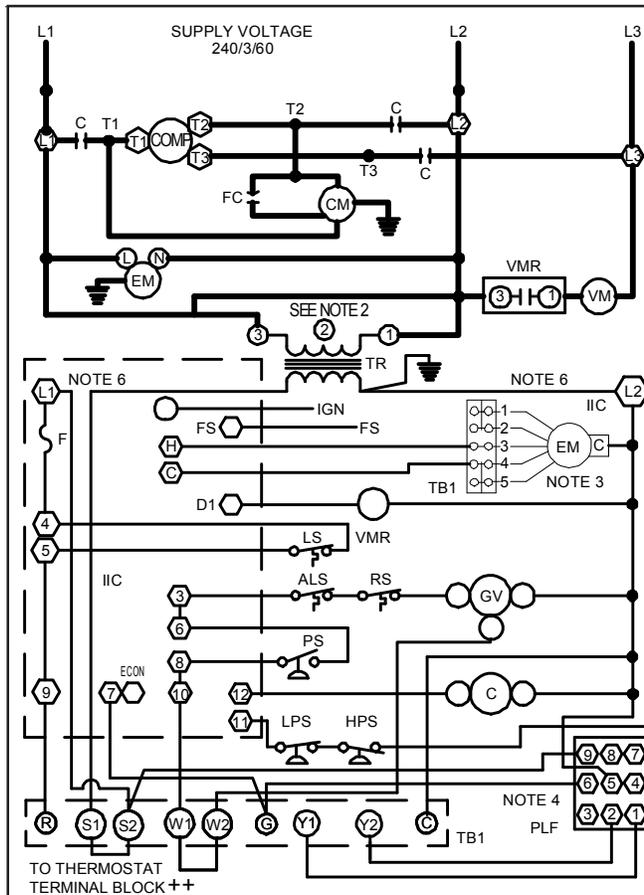
Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

DSG060\*3D THREE PHASE 208/230V/60HZ DIRECT DRIVE

**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**

**DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.**

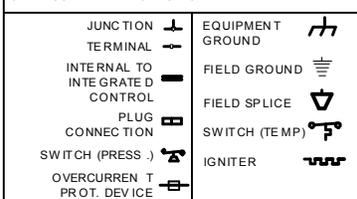


- COMPONENT LEGEND**
- ALS AUXILIARY LIMIT SWITCH
  - COMP COMPRESSOR
  - CM CONDENSER MOTOR
  - C CONTACTOR
  - EM EVAPORATOR MOTOR
  - F FUSE
  - FC FAN CAPACITOR
  - FS FLAME SENSOR
  - GND EQUIPMENT GROUND
  - GV GAS VALVE
  - HPS HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH
  - IIC INTEGRATED IGNITION CONTROL
  - IGN IGNITOR
  - LS LIMIT SWITCH
  - LPS LOW PRESSURE SWITCH
  - PLF FEMALE PLUG/CONNECTOR
  - PS PRESSURE SWITCH
  - RS ROLLOUT SWITCH
  - TB1 TERMINAL BLOCK (24V SIGNAL)
  - TR TRANSFORMER
  - VM VENT MOTOR
  - VMR VENT MOTOR RELAY

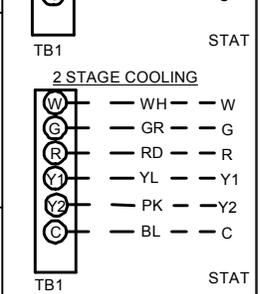
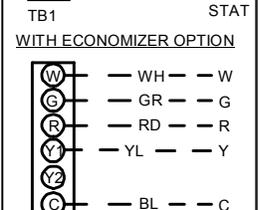
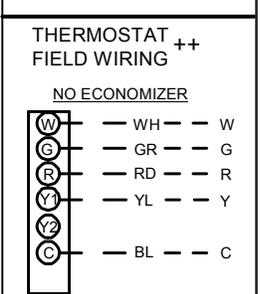
- NOTES**
1. REPLACEMENT WIRE MUST BE THE SAME SIZE AND TYPE OF INSULATION AS ORIGINAL. (USE COPPER CONDUCTOR ONLY).
  2. FOR 208 VOLT TRANSFORMER OPERATION MOVE BLACK WIRES FROM TERMINAL 3 TO TERMINAL 2 ON TRANSFORMER.
  3. FOR DIFFERENT THAN FACTORY SPEED TAP CHANGE COOLING SPEED AT MOTOR T3 AND T4 TERMINALS. CHANGE HEATING SPEED AT MOTOR T1, T2, AND T5 TERMINALS.

- COOLING SPEED (YELLOW WIRE)**
- T3 - LOW SPEED
  - T4 - HIGH SPEED
- HEATING SPEED (WHITE WIRE)**
- T1 - LOW SPEED(070)
  - T2 - MED. SPEED
  - T5 - HIGH SPEED(140)

4. ACCESSORY ECONOMIZER PLUG ADJACENT TO BLOWER HOUSING IN RETURN AIR COMPARTMENT. REMOVE MALE PLUG AND ATTACH FEMALE PLUG TO ECONOMIZER ACCESSORY.
  5. USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY. ++ USE NEC CLASS 2 WIRE.
  6. L1 AND L2 ON ICC CONTROL IS 24V INPUT.
  7. SPEED TAP TERMINATIONS SHOWN ON DIAGRAM ARE REPRESENTATIVE BUT ACTUAL FACTORY SETTINGS MAY BE DIFFERENT BASED ON THE HEATING VALUE OF THE UNIT.
  8. FOR LOW STAGE OPERATION ONLY, REMOVE WHITE JUMPER. FOR 2 STAGE OPERATION, REMOVE JUMPER AND CONNECT W2 TO W2 ON THERMOSTAT.
- SEE UNIT RATING PLATE FOR TYPE AND SIZE OF OVER CURRENT PROTECTION



- FACTORY WIRING**
- LINE VOLTAGE
  - LOW VOLTAGE
  - OPTIONAL HIGH VOLTAGE
  - OPTIONAL LOW VOLTAGE
- FIELD WIRING**
- HIGH VOLTAGE
  - LOW VOLTAGE
- WIRE CODE**
- BK BLACK
  - BL BLUE
  - BR BROWN
  - GR GREEN
  - OR ORANGE
  - PK PINK
  - PU PURPLE
  - RD RED
  - WH WHITE
  - YL YELLOW
  - BL/PK BLUE WITH PINK STRIP
  - YL/PK YELLOW WITH PINK STRIP



**INSTALLER/SERVICEMAN**

THE STATUS LIGHT ON THE FURNACE CONTROL MAY BE USED AS A GUIDE TO TROUBLESHOOTING THIS APPLIANCE. STATUS LIGHT CODES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

STATUS LIGHT	EQUIP. STATUS	CHECK
ON	NORMAL OPERATION	-
OFF	NO POWER OR INTERNAL CONTROL FAULT	CHECK INPUT POWER CHECK FUSE ON CONTROL REPLACE CONTROL
1 BLINK	IGNITION FAILURE OR OPEN ROLLOUT SWITCH OR OPEN AUX. LIMIT SWITCH	GAS FLOW GAS PRESSURE GAS VALVE FLAME SENSOR FLAME ROLLOUT BAD SWITCH AUX. LIMIT OPEN
2 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH OPEN	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
3 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH CLOSED WITHOUT INDUCER ON	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
4 BLINKS	OPEN LIMIT SWITCH	MAIN LIMIT OPEN BAD SWITCH
5 BLINKS	FALSE FLAME SENSED	STICKING GAS VALVE
6 BLINKS	COMPRESSOR OUTPUT DELAY	3 MIN. COMP. ANTI-CYCLE TIMER

230/3/60 0140L05415-A

Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

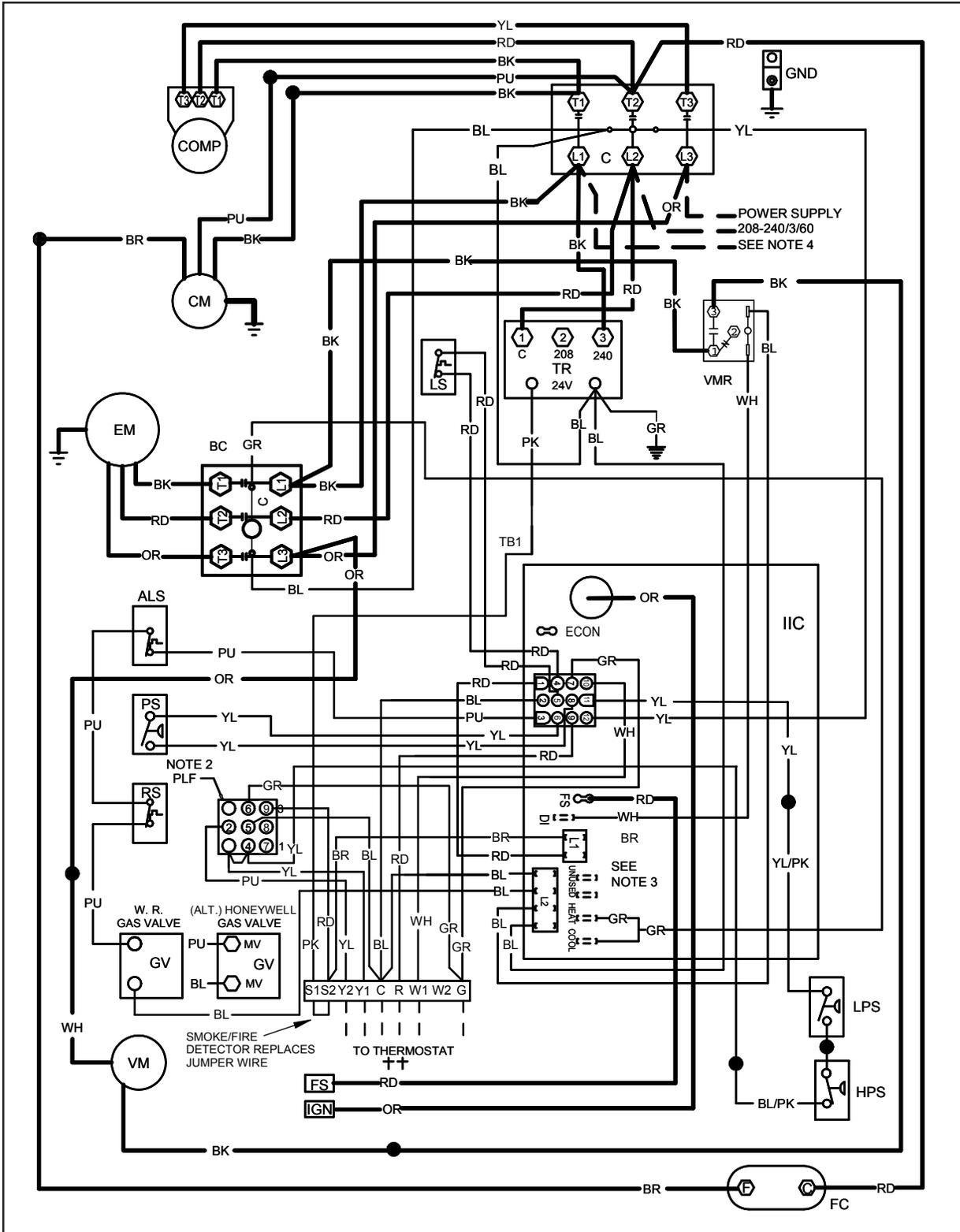
DSG0360453B\* THREE PHASE 208/230V/60HZ BELT DRIVE



**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**  
 DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.





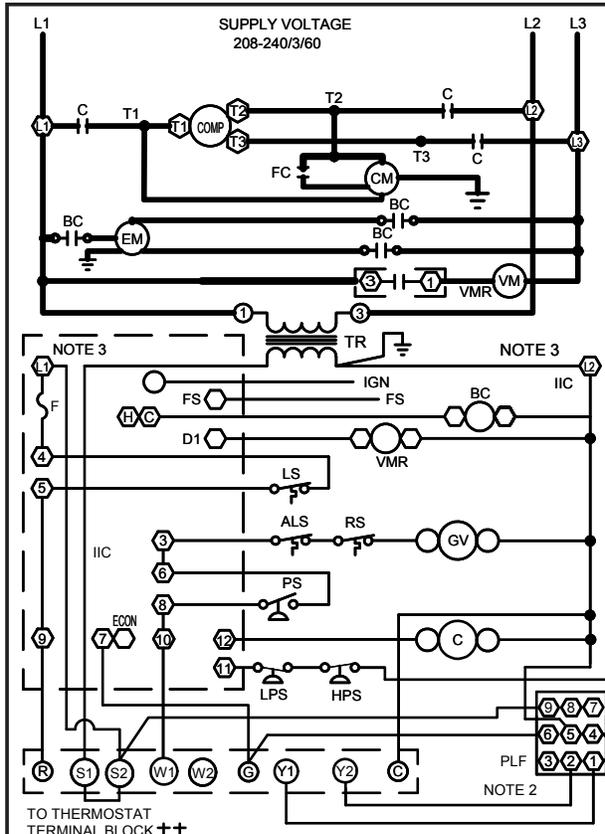
Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

DSG0360453B\* THREE PHASE 208/230V/60HZ BELT DRIVE

**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**

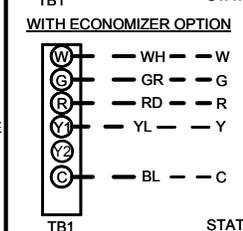
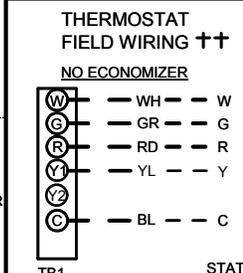
**DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.**



- COMPONENT LEGEND**
- ALS AUXILIARY LIMIT SWITCH
  - BC BLOWER CONTACTOR
  - COMP COMPRESSOR
  - CM CONDENSER MOTOR
  - C CONTACTOR
  - EM EVAPORATOR MOTOR
  - F FUSE
  - FC FAN CAPACITOR
  - FS FLAME SENSOR
  - GND EQUIPMENT GROUND
  - GV GAS VALVE
  - HPS HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH
  - IBR INDOOR BLOWER RELAY
  - IIC INTEGRATED IGNITION CONTROL
  - IGN IGNITOR
  - LPS LOW PRESSURE SWITCH
  - LS LIMIT SWITCH
  - PLF FEMALE PLUG/CONNECTOR
  - PS PRESSURE SWITCH
  - RS ROLLOUT SWITCH
  - TB1 TERMINAL BLOCK (24V SIGNAL)
  - TR TRANSFORMER
  - VM VENT MOTOR
  - VMR VENT MOTOR RELAY

- NOTES**
1. REPLACEMENT WIRE MUST BE THE SAME SIZE AND TYPE OF INSULATION AS ORIGINAL (USE COPPER CONDUCTOR ONLY).
  2. ACCESSORY ECONOMIZER PLUG ADJACENT TO BLOWER HOUSING IN RETURN AIR COMPARTMENT. REMOVE MALE PLUG AND ATTACH FEMALE PLUG TO THE ECONOMIZER ACCESSORY.
  3. L1 AND L2 ON IIC CONTROL IS 24V INPUT.
  4. USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY.
  - ++ USE NEC CLASS 2 WIRE.
  5. FOR 208 VOLT TRANSFORMER OPERATION, MOVE BLACK WIRE FROM TERMINAL (3) TO TERMINAL (2) ON TRANSFORMER.

- FACTORY WIRING**
- LINE VOLTAGE
  - LOW VOLTAGE
  - OPTIONAL HIGH VOLTAGE
- FIELD WIRING**
- HIGH VOLTAGE
  - LOW VOLTAGE
- WIRE CODE**
- BK BLACK
  - BL BLUE
  - BR BROWN
  - GR GREEN
  - OR ORANGE
  - PK PINK
  - PU PURPLE
  - RD RED
  - WH WHITE
  - YL YELLOW
  - BL/PK BLUE WITH PINK STRIP
  - YL/PK YELLOW WITH PINK STRIP



**INSTALLER/SERVICEMAN**

THE STATUS LIGHT ON THE FURNACE CONTROL MAY BE USED AS A GUIDE TO TROUBLESHOOTING THIS APPLIANCE. STATUS LIGHT CODES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

STATUS LIGHT	EQUIP. STATUS	CHECK
ON	NORMAL OPERATION	-
OFF	NO POWER OR INTERNAL CONTROL	CHECK INPUT POWER CHECK FUSE ON CONTROL REPLACE CONTROL
1 BLINK	IGNITION FAILURE OPEN ROLLOUT SWITCH OPEN AUX. LIMIT SWITCH	GAS FLOW GAS PRESSURE GAS VALVE FLAME SENSOR FLAME ROLLOUT BAD SWITCH AUX. LIMIT OPEN
2 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH OPEN	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
3 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH CLOSED WITHOUT INDUCER ON	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
4 BLINKS	OPEN LIMIT SWITCH	MAIN LIMIT OPEN BAD SWITCH
5 BLINKS	FALSE FLAME SENSED	STICKING GAS VALVE
6 BLINKS	COMPRESSOR OUTPUT DELAY	3 MIN. COMP. ANTI-CYCLE TIMER

SEE UNIT RATING PLATE FOR TYPE AND SIZE OF OVER CURRENT PROTECTION



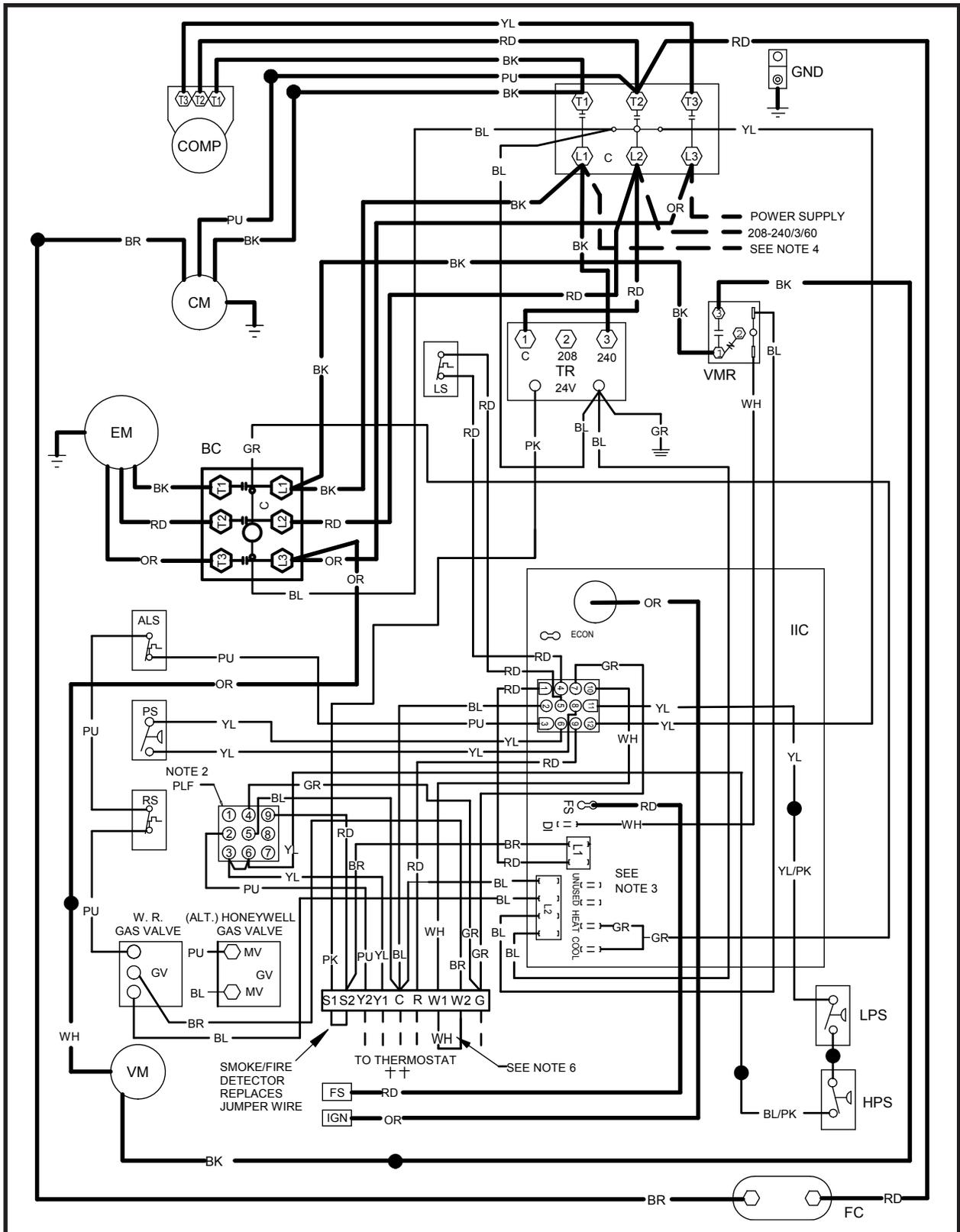
208-240/3/60 0140L05405-A

Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

THREE PHASE 208 / 230V BELT DRIVE

**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**  
 DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

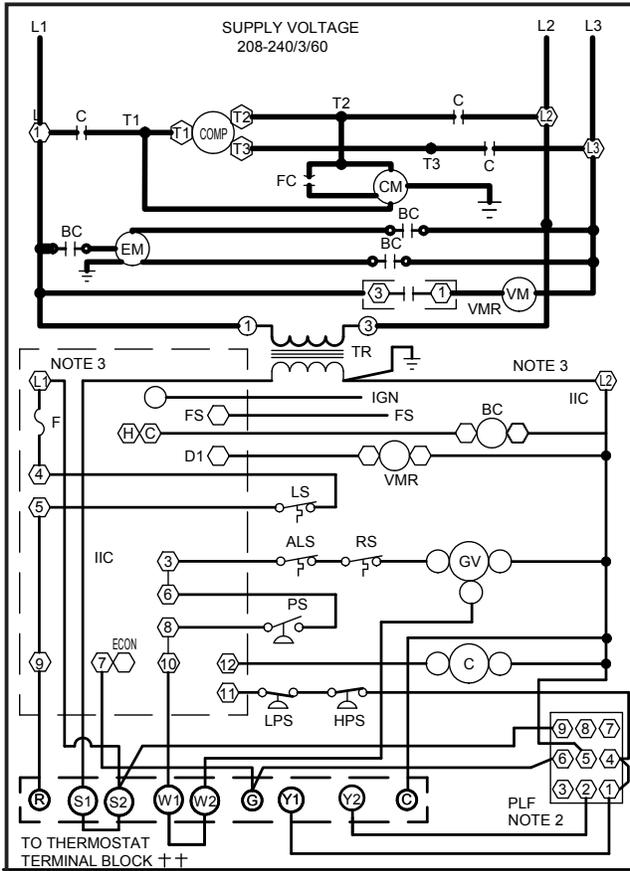


Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

THREE PHASE 208 / 230V BELT DRIVE

WARNING

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**  
**DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.**



- COMPONENT LEGEND**
- ALS AUXILIARY LIMIT SWITCH
  - BC BLOWER CONTACTOR
  - COMP COMPRESSOR
  - CM CONDENSER MOTOR
  - C CONTACTOR
  - EM EVAPORATOR MOTOR
  - F FUSE
  - FC FAN CAPACITOR
  - FS FLAME SENSOR
  - GND EQUIPMENT GROUND
  - GV GAS VALVE
  - HPS HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH
  - IBR INDOOR BLOWER RELAY
  - IIC INTEGRATED IGNITION CONTROL
  - IGN IGNITOR
  - LPS LOW PRESSURE SWITCH
  - LS LIMIT SWITCH
  - PLF FEMALE PLUG/CONNECTOR
  - PS PRESSURE SWITCH
  - RS ROLLOUT SWITCH
  - TB1 TERMINAL BLOCK (24V SIGNAL)
  - TR TRANSFORMER
  - VM VENT MOTOR
  - VMR VENT MOTOR RELAY

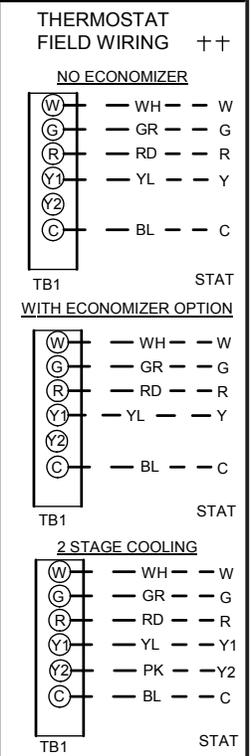
- NOTES**
1. REPLACEMENT WIRE MUST BE THE SAME SIZE AND TYPE OF INSULATION AS ORIGINAL. (USE COPPER CONDUCTOR ONLY).
  2. ACCESSORY ECONOMIZER PLUG ADJACENT TO BLOWER HOUSING IN RETURN AIR COMPARTMENT. REMOVE MALE PLUG AND ATTACH FEMALE PLUG TO THE ECONOMIZER ACCESSORY.
  3. L1 AND L2 ON IIC CONTROL IS 24V INPUT.
  4. USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY.
  - ++ USE NEC CLASS 2 WIRE.
  5. FOR 208 VOLT TRANSFORMER OPERATION, MOVE BLACK WIRE FROM TERMINAL (3) TO TERMINAL (2) ON TRANSFORMER.
  6. FOR LOW STAGE OPERATION ONLY, REMOVE WHITE JUMPER. FOR 2 STAGE OPERATION, REMOVE JUMPER AND CONNECT W2 TO W2 ON THERMOSTAT.

SEE UNIT RATING PLATE FOR TYPE AND SIZE OF OVER CURRENT PROTECTION



208-240/3/60 0140L05401-A

- FACTORY WIRING**
- LINE VOLTAGE
  - LOW VOLTAGE
  - OPTIONAL HIGH VOLTAGE
- FIELD WIRING**
- HIGH VOLTAGE
  - LOW VOLTAGE
- WIRE CODE**
- BK BLACK
  - BL BLUE
  - BR BROWN
  - GR GREEN
  - OR ORANGE
  - PK PINK
  - PU PURPLE
  - RD RED
  - WH WHITE
  - YL YELLOW
  - BL/PK BLUE WITH PINK STRIP
  - YL/PK YELLOW WITH PINK STRIP



**INSTALLER/SERVICEMAN**

THE STATUS LIGHT ON THE FURNACE CONTROL MAY BE USED AS A GUIDE TO TROUBLESHOOTING THIS APPLIANCE. STATUS LIGHT CODES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

STATUS LIGHT	EQUIP. STATUS	CHECK
ON	NORMAL OPERATION	-
OFF	NO POWER OR INTERNAL CONTROL	CHECK INPUT POWER CHECK FUSE ON CONTROL REPLACE CONTROL
1 BLINK	IGNITION FAILURE	GAS FLOW GAS PRESSURE GAS VALVE
	OPEN ROLLOUT SWITCH	FLAME SENSOR FLAME ROLLOUT BAD SWITCH
2 BLINKS	OPEN AUX. LIMIT SWITCH	AUX. LIMIT OPEN
	PRESSURE SWITCH OPEN	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
3 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH CLOSED WITHOUT INDUCER ON	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
4 BLINKS	OPEN LIMIT SWITCH	MAIN LIMIT OPEN BAD SWITCH
5 BLINKS	FALSE FLAME SENSED	STICKING GAS VALVE
6 BLINKS	COMPRESSOR OUTPUT DELAY	3 MIN. COMP. ANTI-CYCLE TIMER

Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

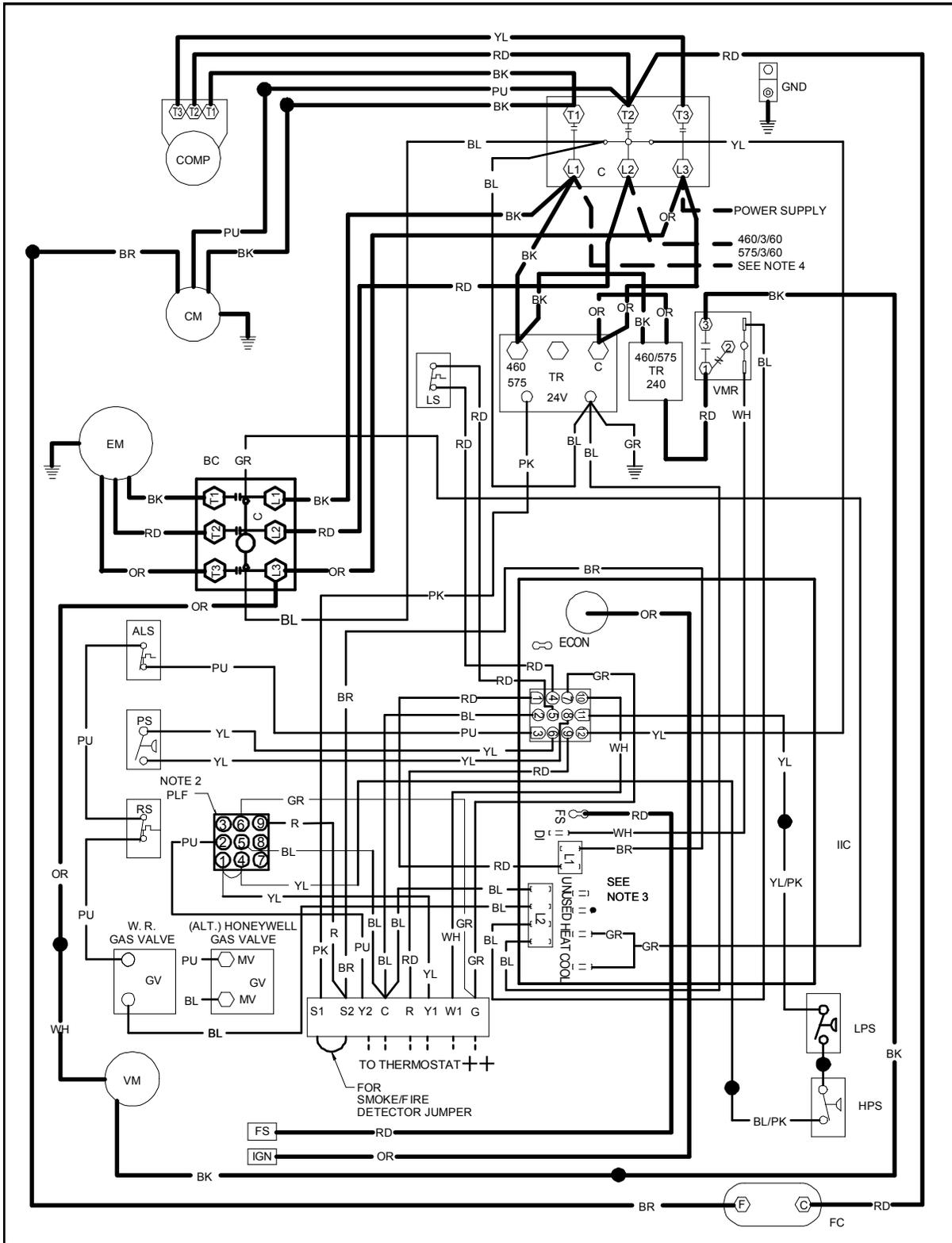
DSG0360454B\* THREE PHASE 460V/60HZ BELT DRIVE



**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**  
 DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.





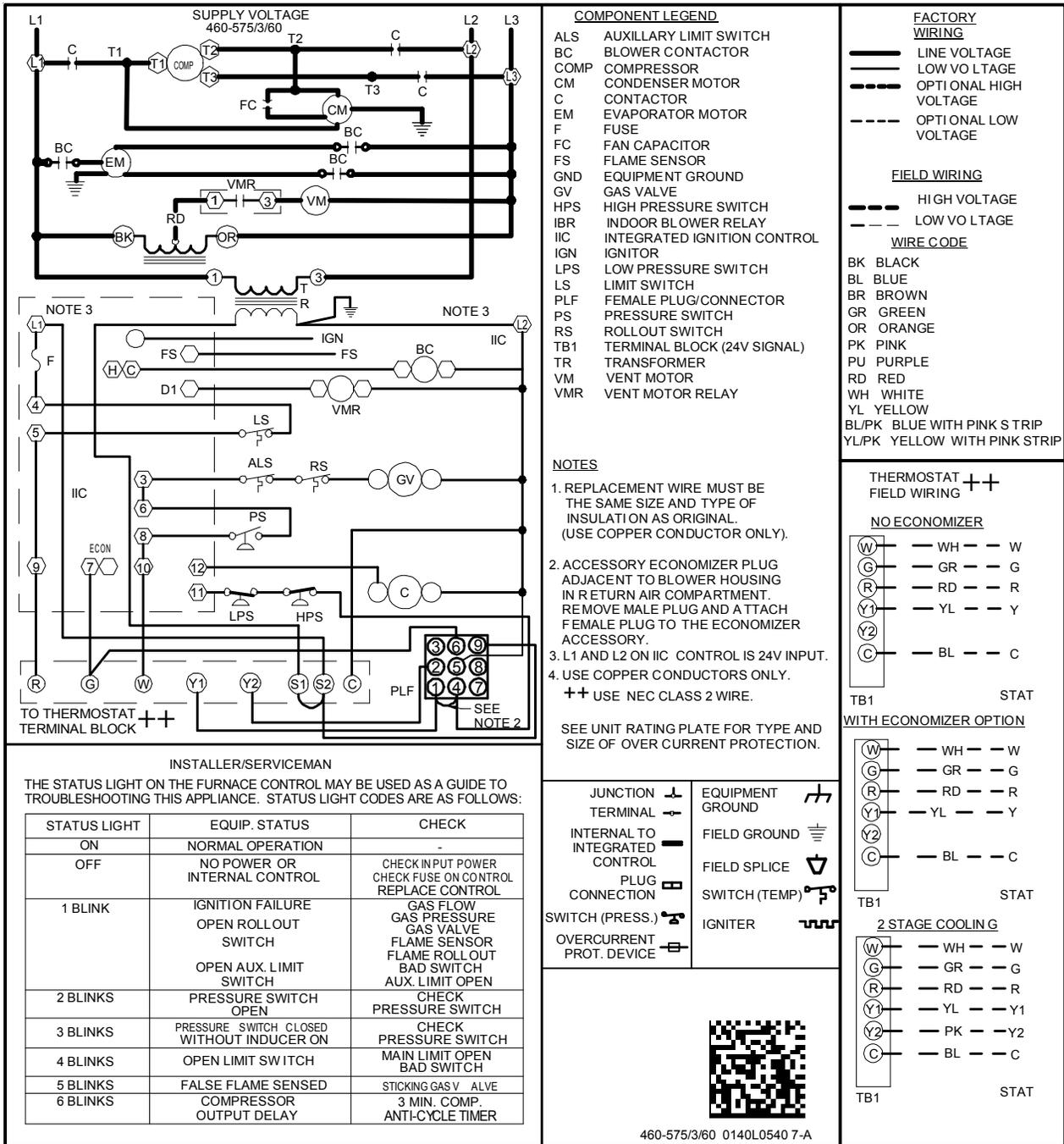
Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

DSG0360454B\* THREE PHASE 460V/60HZ BELT DRIVE

**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**

**DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.**



Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

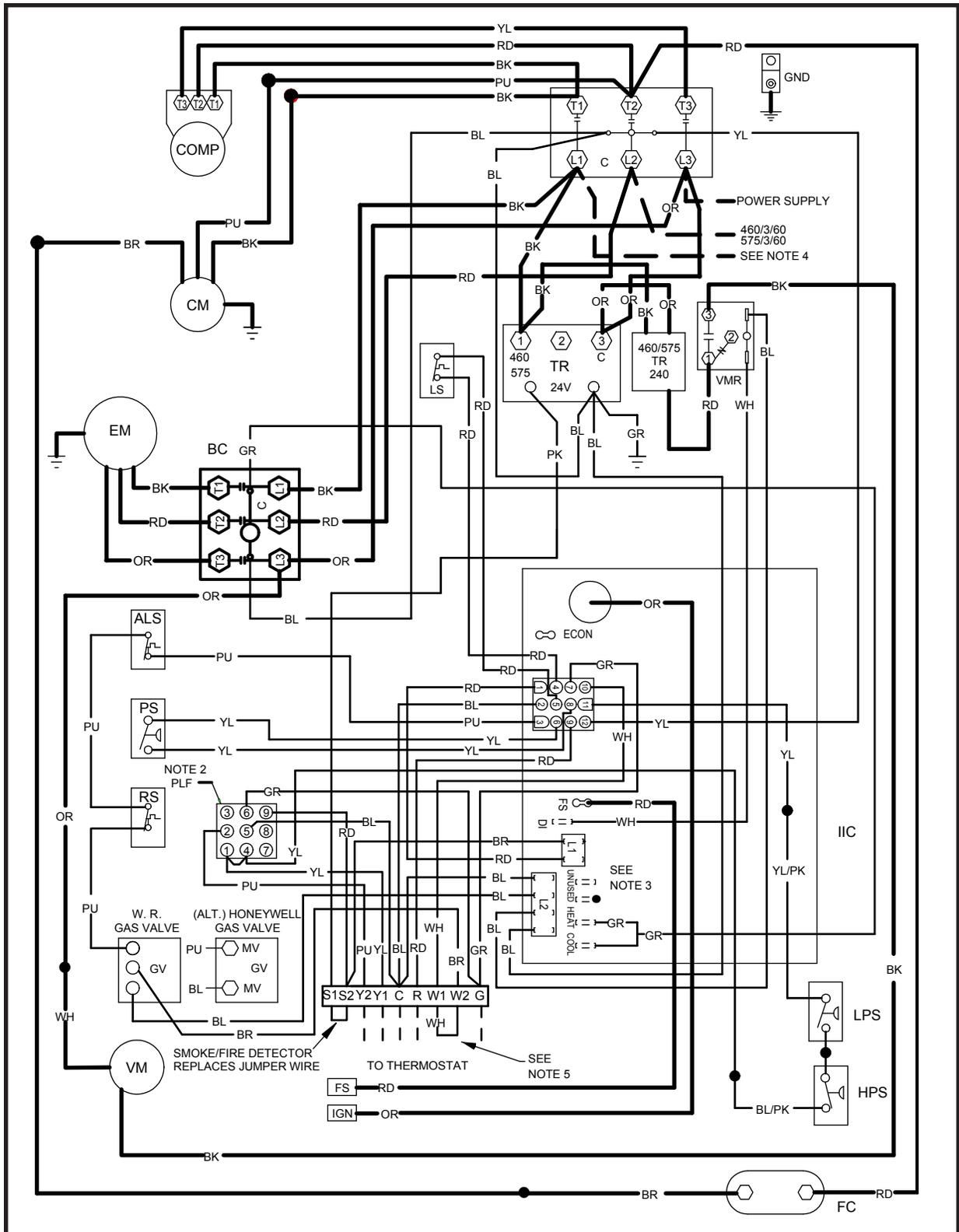
THREE PHASE 460V/575V BELT DRIVE



**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**  
 DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.





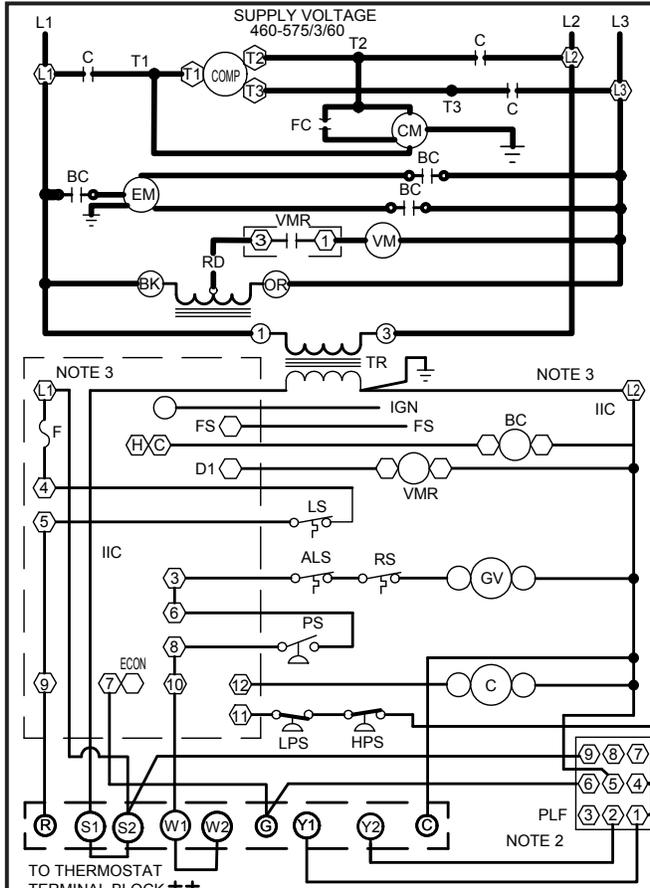
Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

THREE PHASE 460V/575V BELT DRIVE

**WARNING**

**HIGH VOLTAGE!**

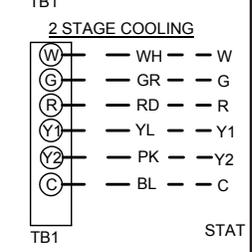
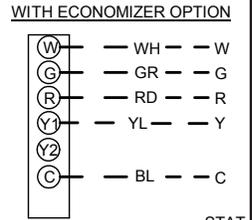
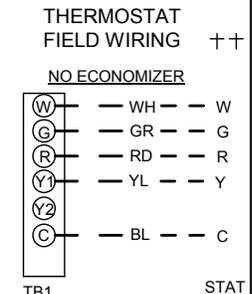
**DISCONNECT ALL POWER BEFORE SERVICING OR INSTALLING THIS UNIT. MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES MAY BE PRESENT. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.**



- COMPONENT LEGEND**
- ALS AUXILIARY LIMIT SWITCH
  - BC BLOWER CONTACTOR
  - COMP COMPRESSOR
  - CM CONDENSER MOTOR
  - C CONTACTOR
  - EM EVAPORATOR MOTOR
  - F FUSE
  - FC FAN CAPACITOR
  - FS FLAME SENSOR
  - GND EQUIPMENT GROUND
  - GV GAS VALVE
  - HPS HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH
  - IBR INDOOR BLOWER RELAY
  - IIC INTEGRATED IGNITION CONTROL
  - IGN IGNITOR
  - LPS LOW PRESSURE SWITCH
  - LS LIMIT SWITCH
  - PLF FEMALE PLUG/CONNECTOR
  - PS PRESSURE SWITCH
  - RS ROLLOUT SWITCH
  - TB1 TERMINAL BLOCK (24V SIGNAL)
  - TR TRANSFORMER
  - VM VENT MOTOR
  - VMR VENT MOTOR RELAY

- NOTES**
1. REPLACEMENT WIRE MUST BE THE SAME SIZE AND TYPE OF INSULATION AS ORIGINAL. (USE COPPER CONDUCTOR ONLY).
  2. ACCESSORY ECONOMIZER PLUG ADJACENT TO BLOWER HOUSING IN RETURN AIR COMPARTMENT. REMOVE MALE PLUG AND ATTACH FEMALE PLUG TO THE ECONOMIZER ACCESSORY.
  3. L1 AND L2 ON IIC CONTROL IS 24V INPUT.
  4. USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY.  
++ USE NEC CLASS 2 WIRE.
  5. FOR LOW STAGE OPERATION ONLY, REMOVE WHITE JUMPER. FOR 2 STAGE OPERATION, REMOVE JUMPER AND CONNECT W2 TO W2 ON THERMOSTAT.

- FACTORY WIRING**
- LINE VOLTAGE
  - LOW VOLTAGE
  - - - OPTIONAL HIGH VOLTAGE
- FIELD WIRING**
- - - HIGH VOLTAGE
  - - - LOW VOLTAGE
- WIRE CODE**
- BK BLACK
  - BL BLUE
  - BR BROWN
  - GR GREEN
  - OR ORANGE
  - PK PINK
  - PU PURPLE
  - RD RED
  - WH WHITE
  - YL YELLOW
  - BL/PK BLUE WITH PINK STRIP
  - YL/PK YELLOW WITH PINK STRIP



**INSTALLER/SERVICEMAN**

THE STATUS LIGHT ON THE FURNACE CONTROL MAY BE USED AS A GUIDE TO TROUBLESHOOTING THIS APPLIANCE. STATUS LIGHT CODES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

STATUS LIGHT	EQUIP. STATUS	CHECK
ON	NORMAL OPERATION	-
OFF	NO POWER OR INTERNAL CONTROL	CHECK INPUT POWER CHECK FUSE ON CONTROL REPLACE CONTROL
1 BLINK	IGNITION FAILURE	GAS FLOW GAS PRESSURE GAS VALVE
	OPEN ROLLOUT SWITCH	FLAME SENSOR FLAME ROLLOUT
	OPEN AUX. LIMIT SWITCH	BAD SWITCH AUX. LIMIT OPEN
2 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH OPEN	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
3 BLINKS	PRESSURE SWITCH CLOSED WITHOUT INDUCER ON	CHECK PRESSURE SWITCH
4 BLINKS	OPEN LIMIT SWITCH FALSE FLAME	MAIN LIMIT OPEN BAD SWITCH
5 BLINKS	SENSED	STICKING GAS VALVE
6 BLINKS	COMPRESSOR OUTPUT DELAY	3 MIN. COMP. ANTI-CYCLE TIMER

SEE UNIT RATING PLATE FOR TYPE AND SIZE OF OVER CURRENT PROTECTION.



460-575/3/60 0140L05402-A

**WIRING DIAGRAMS FOR MODELS WITH DDC CONTROLS  
ARE LOCATED IN SUPPLEMENT IOD-S1024\***

*For complete information and installation instructions for models with DDC controls,  
see manual DK-DDC-TGD-01\*.*



# Start-up Checklist

*\*Store in job file*

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Location: \_\_\_\_\_  
Model Number: \_\_\_\_\_  
Serial Number: \_\_\_\_\_  
Technician: \_\_\_\_\_ Unit #: \_\_\_\_\_

## Pre Start-Up

*(Check each item as completed)*

- Verify all packaging material has been removed.
- Remove all shipping brackets per installation instructions.
- Verify the job site voltage agrees with the unit serial plate.
- Verify condensate connection is installed per installation instructions.
- Verify proper clearance around the unit for safety, service, maintenance and proper unit operation.
- Verify proper weatherproofing of all ductwork, roof curbs and electrical connections.
- Check that the flue screen is in place.
- Check gas piping for leaks.
- Verify gas pressure to the unit is within the range specified on the serial plate.
- Check to ensure that all fans, pulleys and wheels are secure.
- Check for proper belt tension and alignment per installation instructions.
- Check refrigerant piping for rubbing and leaks. *Repair if necessary.*
- Check unit wiring to ensure it is not in contact with refrigerant piping or sharp metal edges.
- Check all electrical connections and terminals. *Tighten as needed.*
- Verify that the crankcase heaters have been energized for 24 hours.
- Verify the scroll compressor(s) are rotating in the right direction.
- Verify all accessories are installed and operating correctly.
- Check filters and replace if necessary.
- Verify the installation of the thermostat.



# Start-up Checklist

**Start-Up**  
*(Insert the values as each item is completed.)*

## ELECTRICAL

Supply Voltage	L1 - L2	_____	L2 - L3	_____	L3 - L1	_____
Circuit 1 Compressor Amps	L1	_____	L2	_____	L3	_____
Circuit 2 Compressor Amps	L1	_____	L2	_____	L3	_____
Blower Amps	L1	_____	L2	_____	L3	_____
Condenser Fan Amps	Fan 1	_____	Fan 2	_____	Fan 3	_____

## BLOWER EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE

Return Air Static Pressure	_____	IN. W.C.
Supply Air Static Pressure	_____	IN. W.C.
Total External Static Pressure	_____	IN. W.C.
Blower Wheel RPM	_____	RPM

## TEMPERATURES

Outdoor Air Temperature	_____	DB	_____	WB
Return Air Temperature	_____	DB	_____	WB
Cooling Supply Air Temperature	_____	DB	_____	WB
Heating Supply Air Temperature	_____	DB	_____	

## PRESSURES

Gas Inlet Pressure	_____	IN. W.C.		
Gas Manifold Pressure	_____	IN. W.C. (Low Fire)	_____	IN. W.C. (High Fire)
Suction Circuit 1	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
Superheat (Orifice System)			_____	°F
Suction Circuit 2	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
Superheat (Orifice System)			_____	°F
Discharge Circuit 1	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
Subcooling (TXV System)			_____	°F
Discharge Circuit 2	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
Subcooling (TXV System)			_____	°F

## (HEAT PUMP ONLY)

Suction Circuit 1	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
Suction Circuit 2	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
Discharge Circuit 1	_____	PSIG	_____	°F
Discharge Circuit 2	_____	PSIG	_____	°F